

SEA WAT 101604

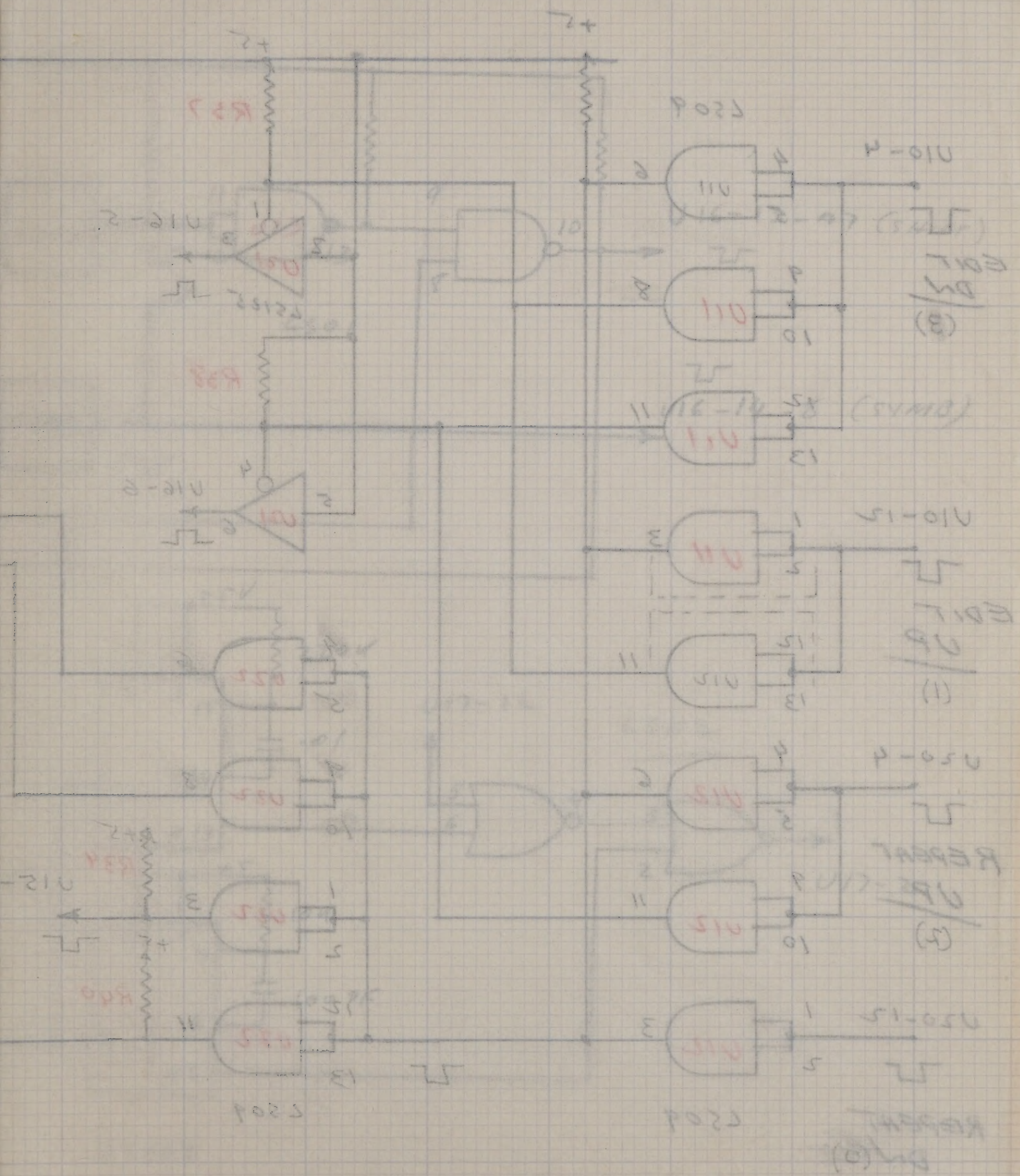
101604

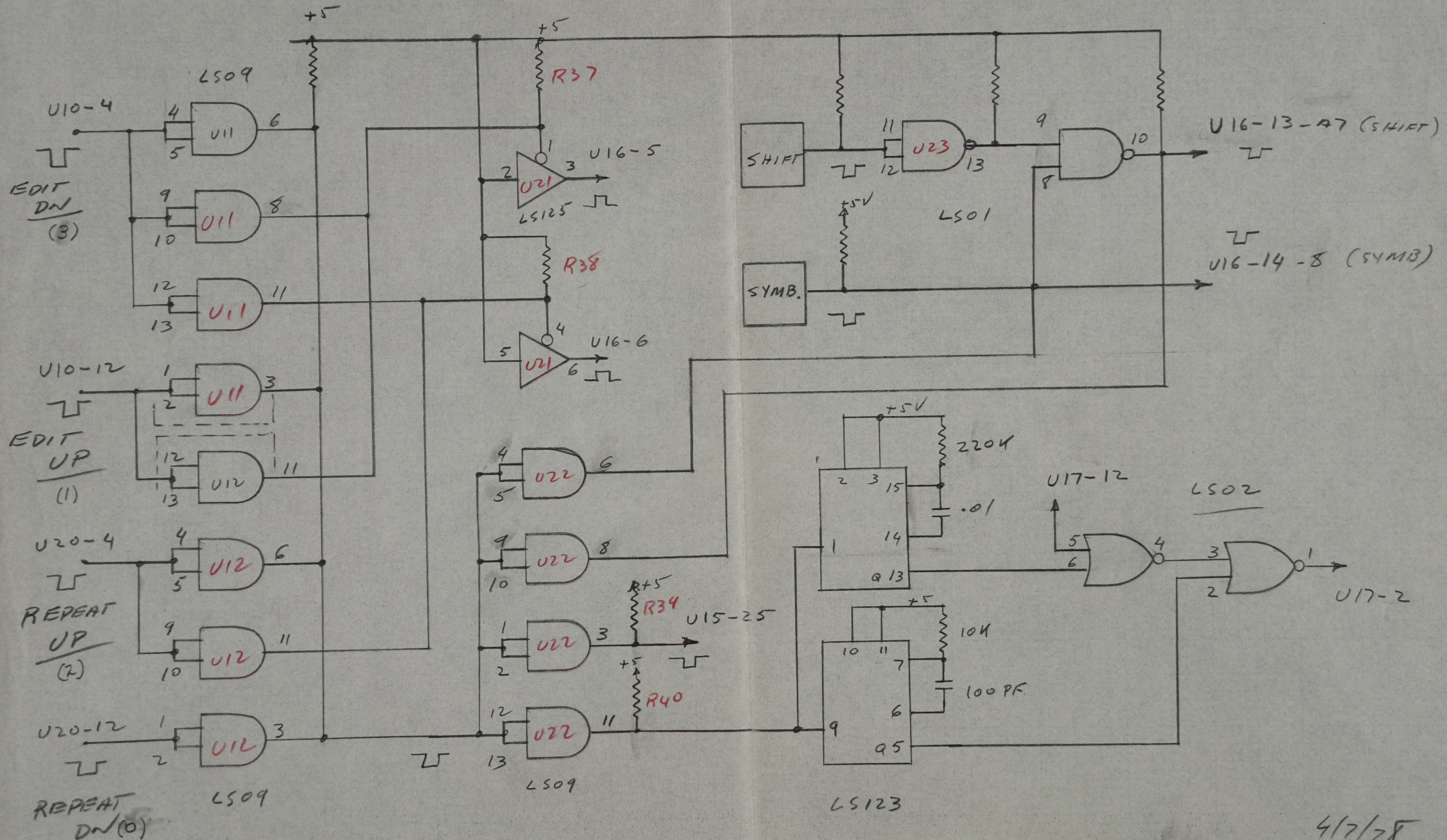


Oxford

STOCK No. 152 $\frac{1}{3}$

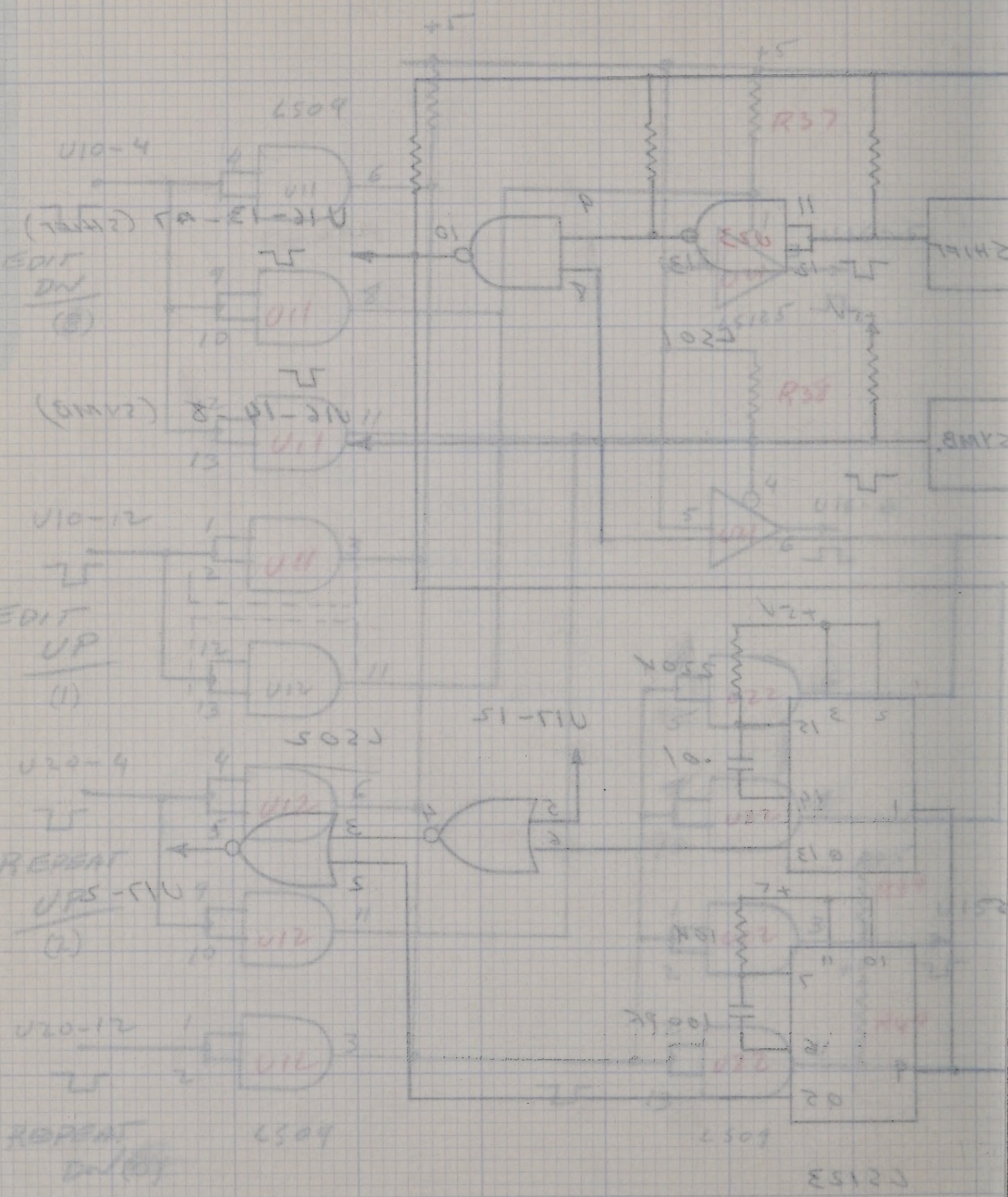
MADE IN U. S. A.





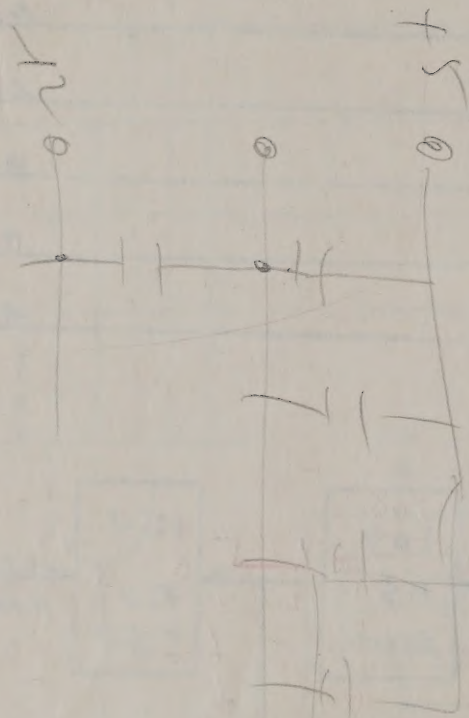
NEW CHANGES
FOR -1 BOARD

4/7/78



7/5/12

NEW CHANGES
12/1/12



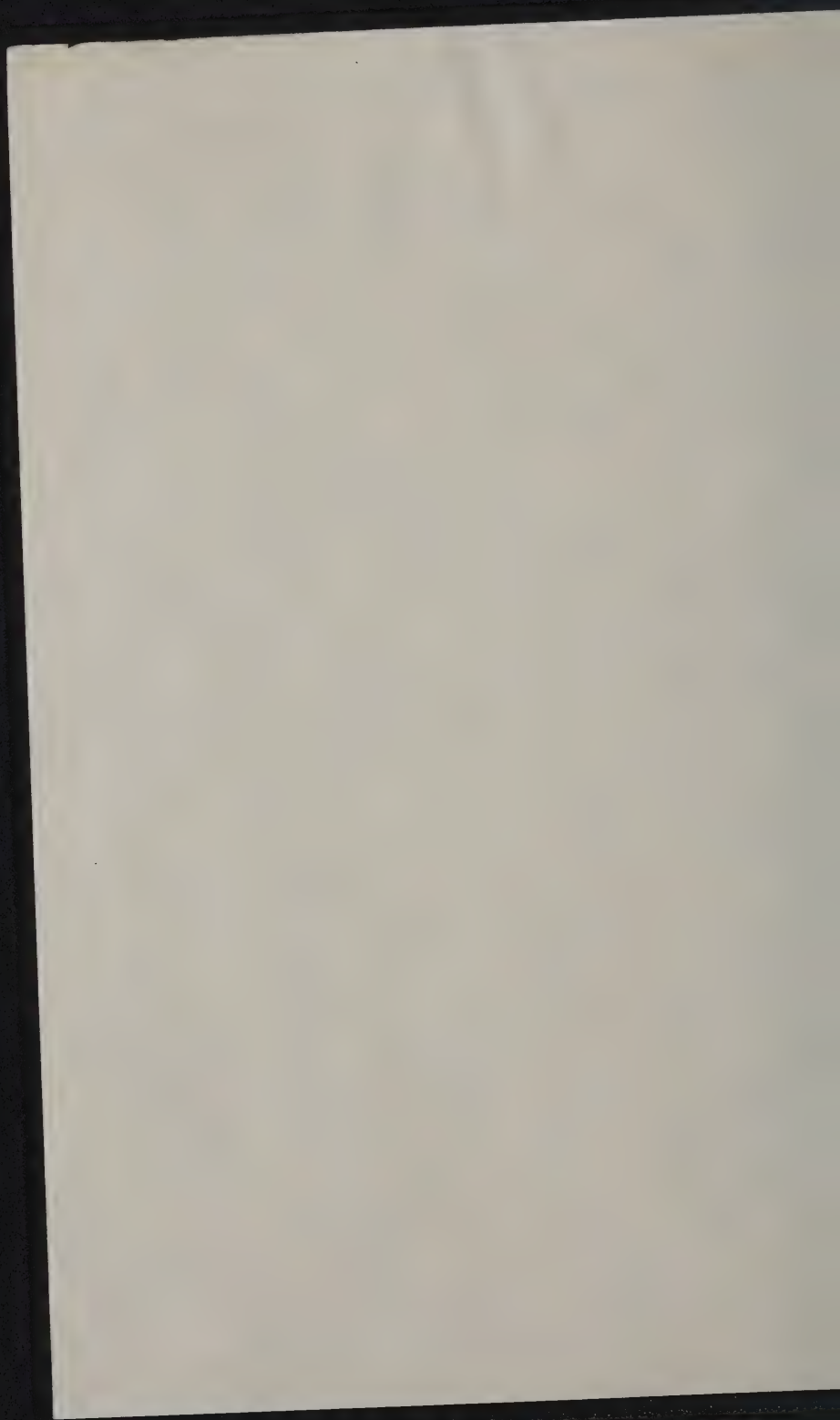
Handwritten text, possibly a signature or label, located on the right side of the page.

101600

SHEET 2

V8 AND V9

PHI NUMBERS



FEB-1 50-200-0

U22 C 8

REVERSED

P.C. BOARD

U7-4.5 TO 6

PARTS LIST

ADD SOCKETS

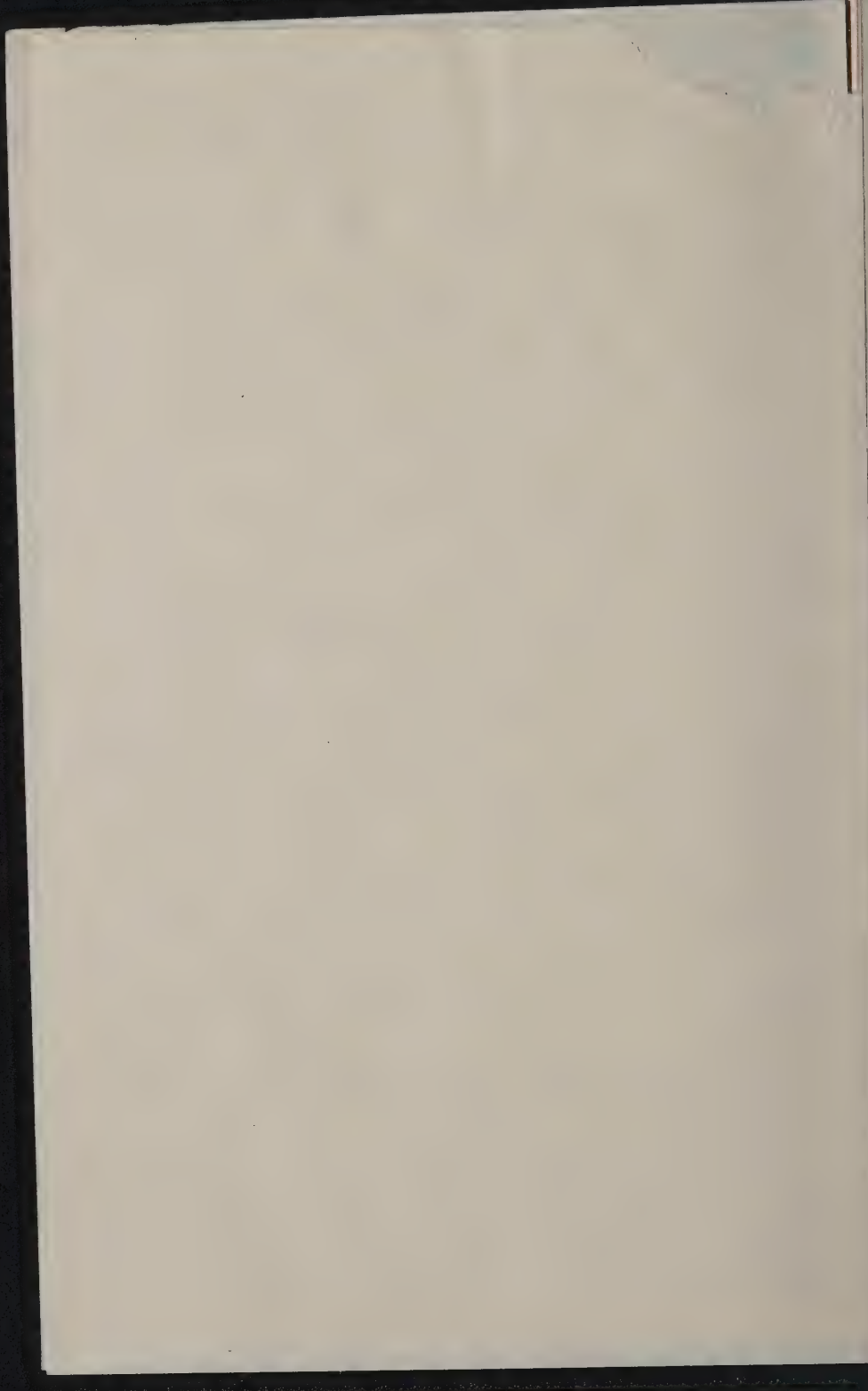
T1 & T2 PIN

NUMBERS (KEYING)

BACKWARD

INSTALL ON BOTTOM

OF BOARD



A
T
J
—
E
—
C
—
T
—
V
—
Q
—
U
—
U
—
V
—
C

4/13/78

CHANGES TO BE MADE PCB-2

~~HOLE SIZES AND DIMENSIONS ON~~

~~J8 - J9. (MOLEX)~~

~~J5, J6 - J7. (MOLEX Conn) - HOLE~~

~~SPACING - SMALL ERROR, $\frac{1}{32} = .156$~~

~~SWITCH A17 ATT/UNATT. LOCATION
OF PINS~~

~~BASE OF Q5 TO RS TUNER~~

~~Q11 TO DS11 NO POWER~~

~~Q12 TO DS12 " "~~

~~V12 - NUMBER PINS, GIVEN TO
(12)~~

~~J10 & V11 MARK ON TOP OF PCB
AND PIN NUMBER~~

~~Q88 - R92 TUNER MUST~~

~~U11 - PIN 13 TO PIN 14~~

~~U12 - PIN 16 (NO POWER)~~

~~J5, 6, 7, 8, 9 MUST ALL MOLEX~~

~~CHANGE TO INDEX SIDE IS TO OUTSIDE~~

~~CHART 20~~
CHANGE NUMBERS OF
VS P11 EO SWITCH INDICA
TOR AND CONNECTOR ARE SAME

~~MODIFICATION ON~~
~~PCB-1~~

~~200M BOARD~~

~~JUMPER FROM C4, R10 TO~~

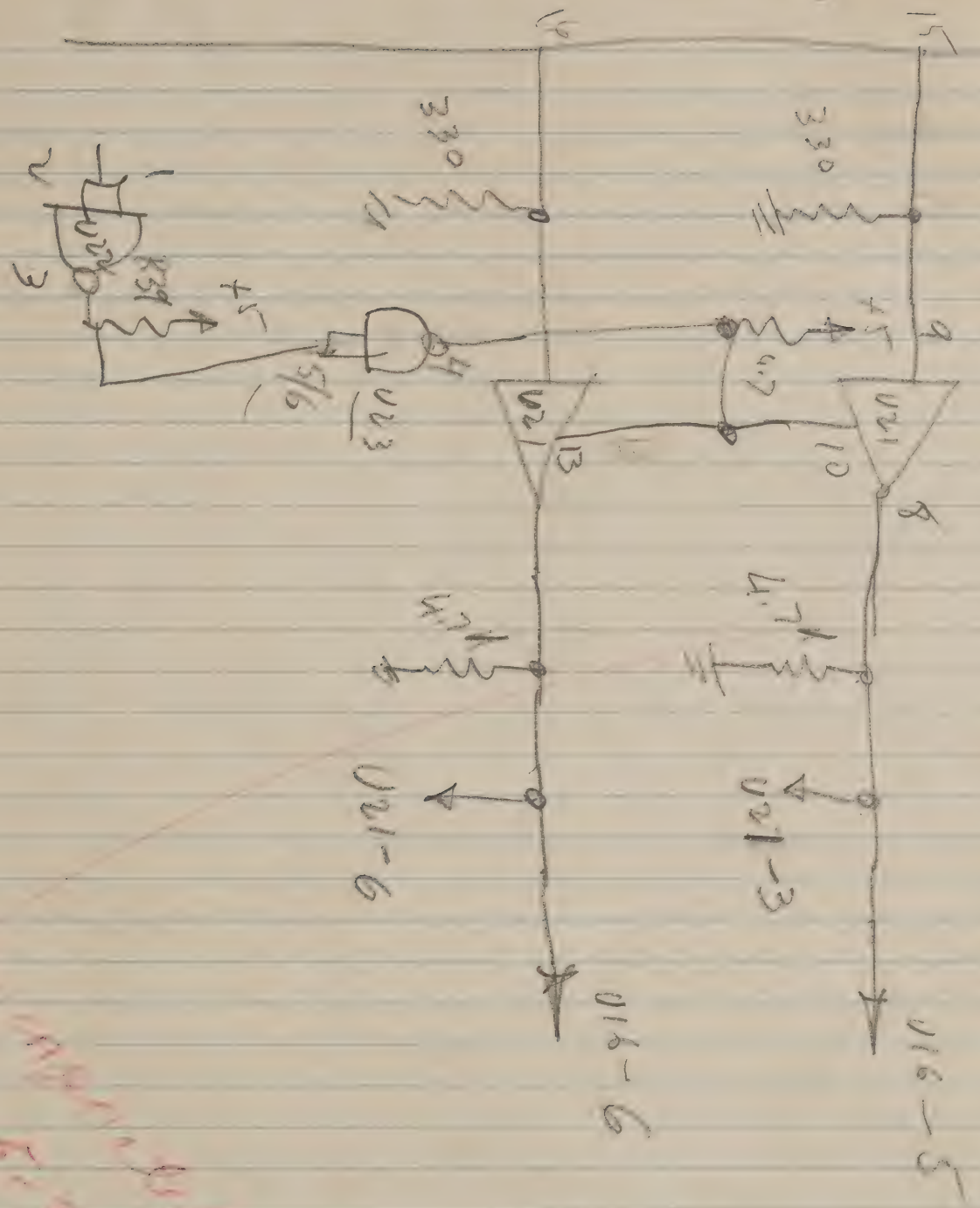
~~U4-15~~

PCB-1 - ~~ADD R36~~

~~U15-25 TO 26~~

PCB-1 - ".062" THICK.

PCB-1 402



Handwritten in red ink: *Handwritten notes*

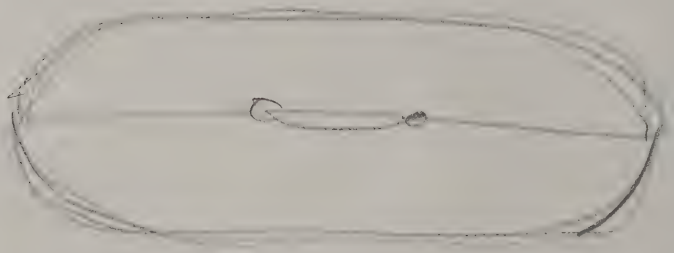
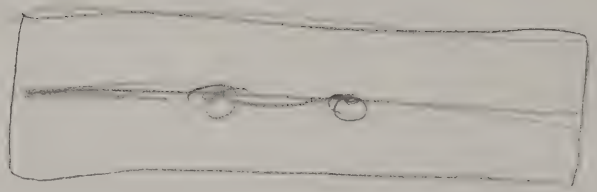
Seawatch

standoff in
Sub Panel is

. 280 DIA MAX

✓
1.120

✓



ATT/UART

Amc-14

A17

311

U27

PCB-1

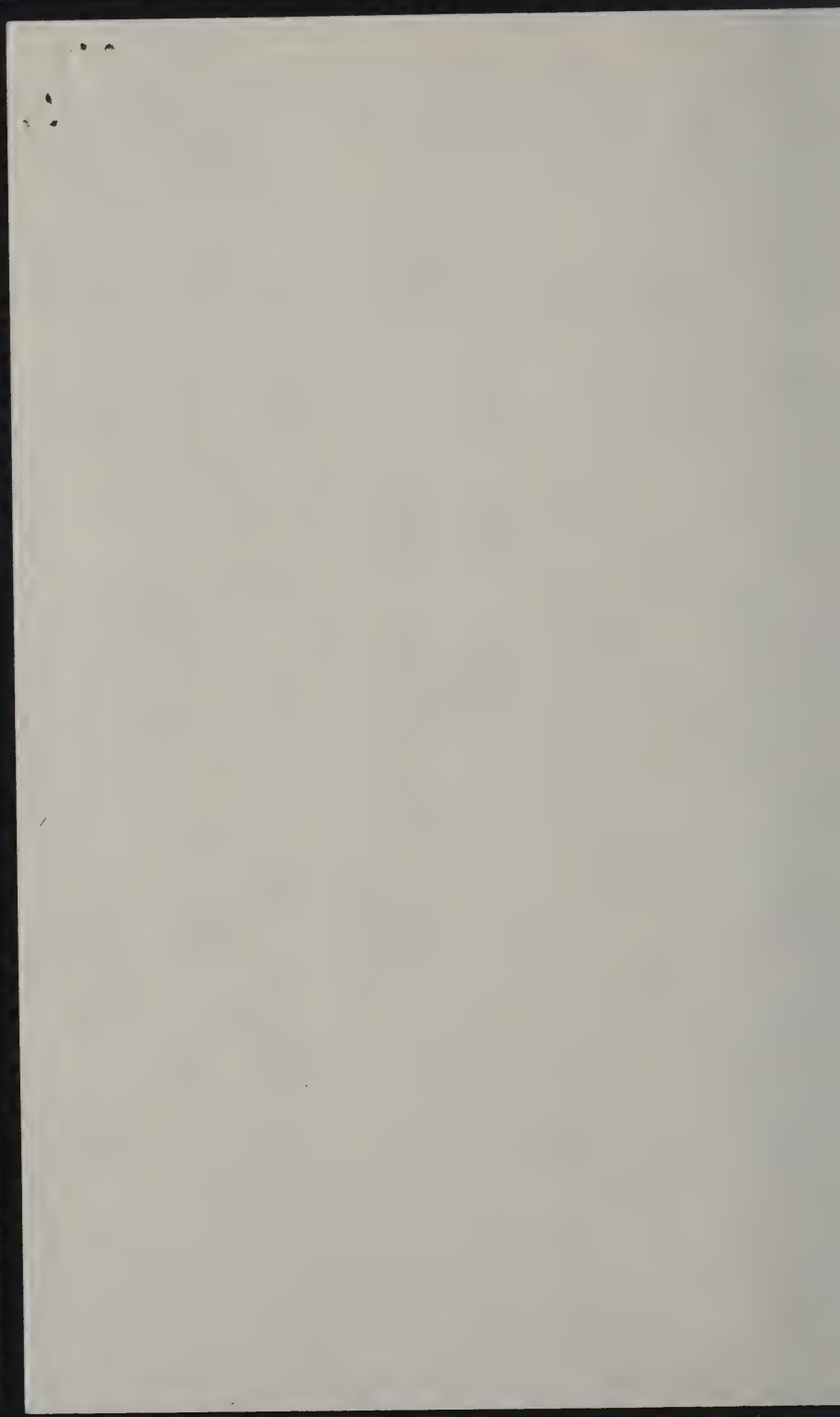
ATT 26

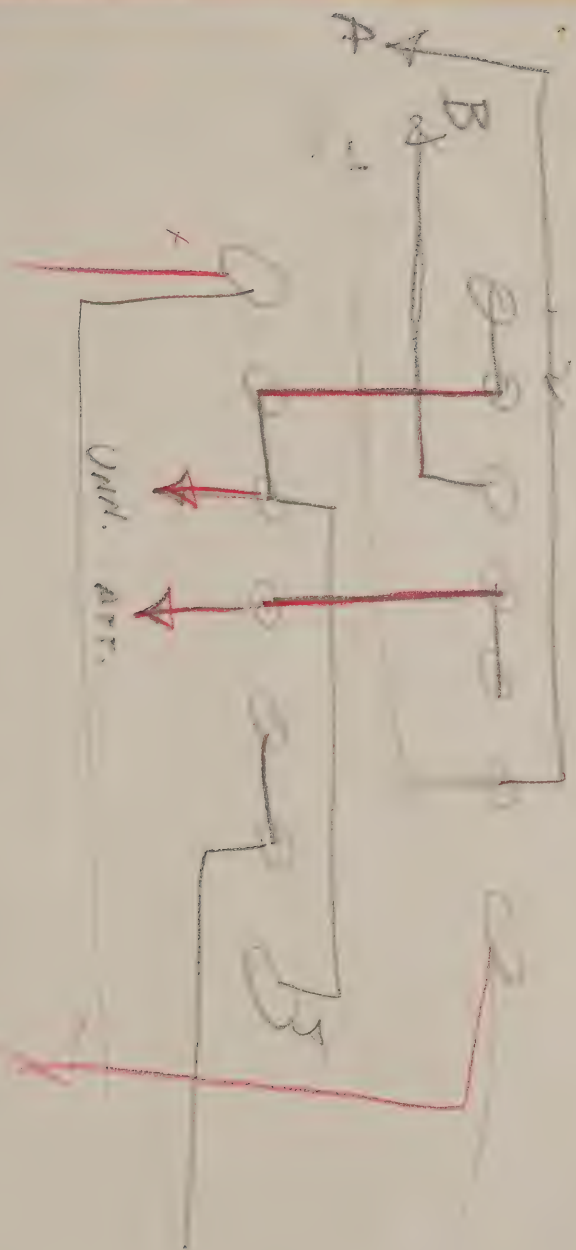
1/2 Down 406

4/5 Down 405

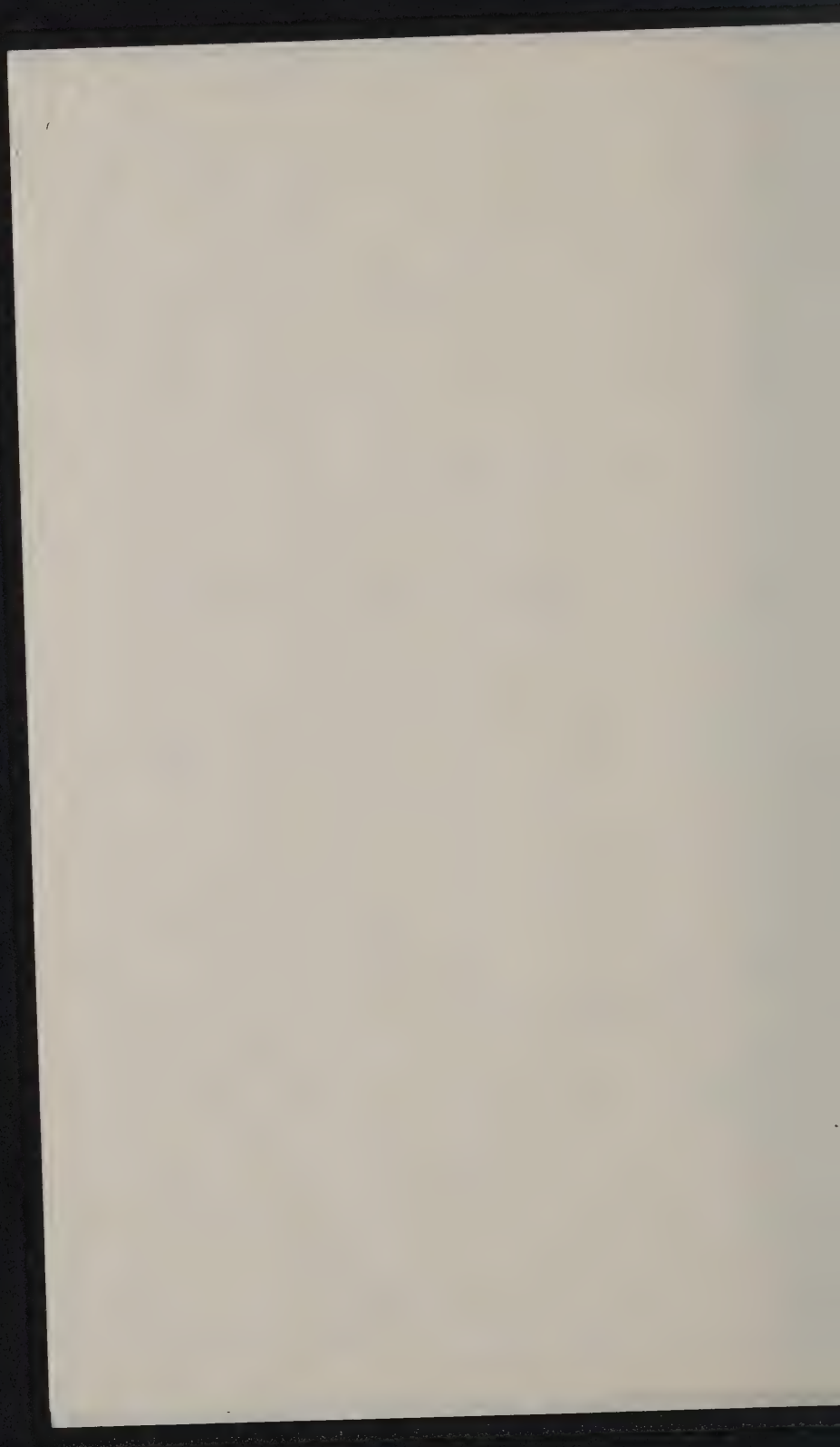


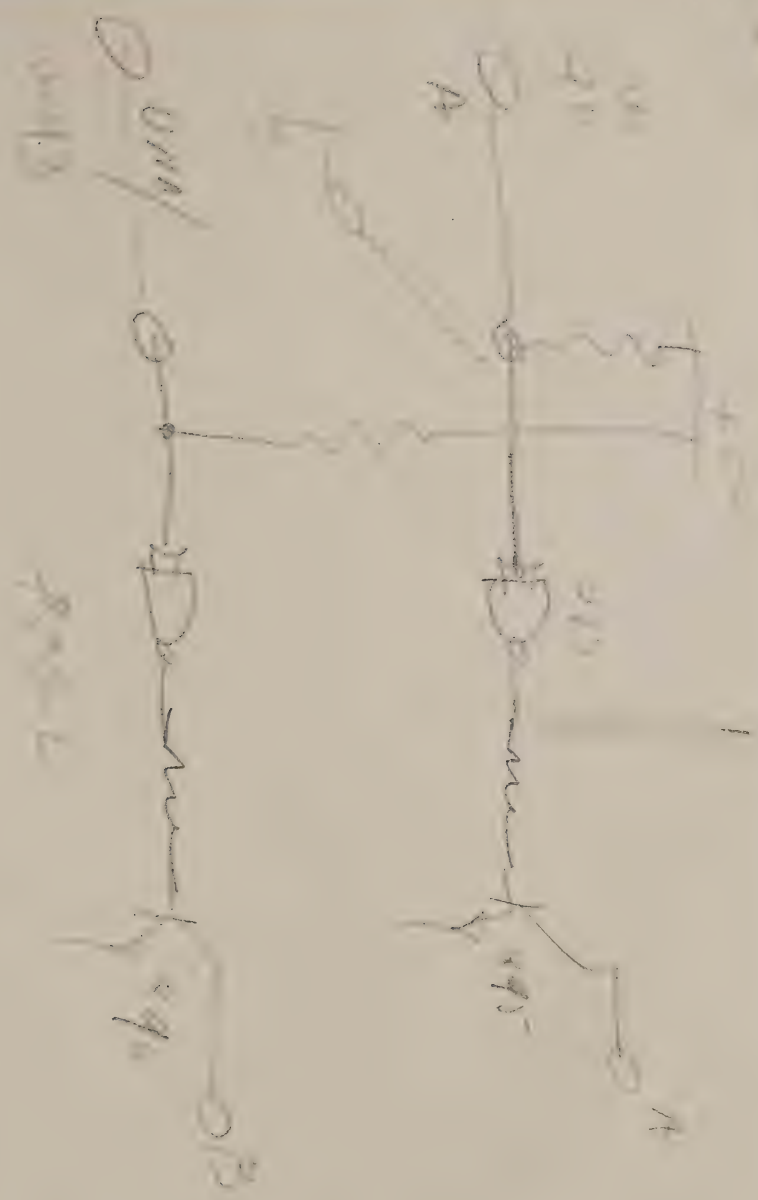
PCB-2



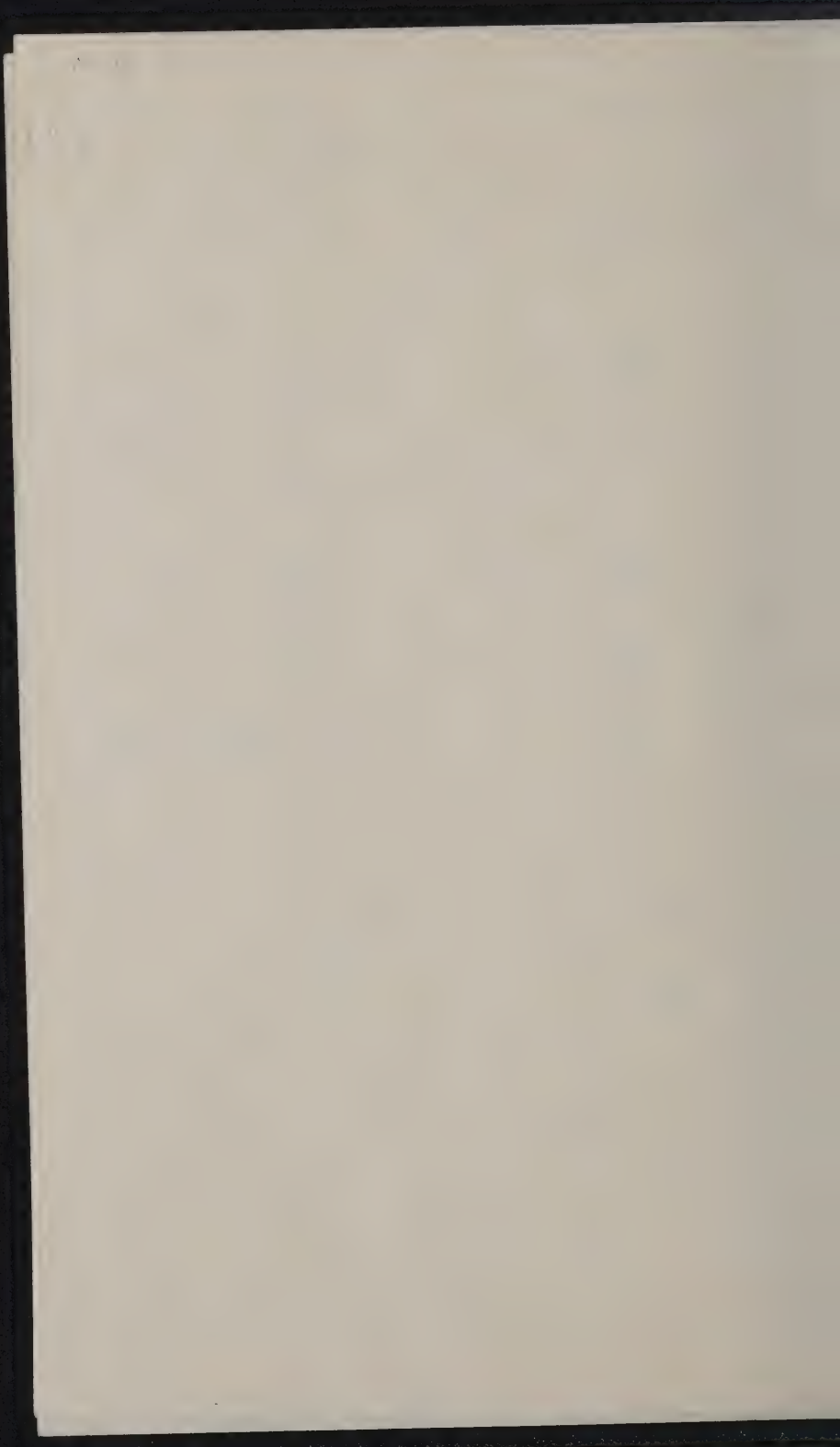


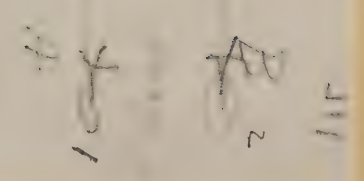
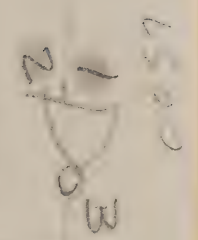
B
A
C
D
E
F
G
H
I
J
K
L
M
N
O
P
Q
R
S
T
U
V
W
X
Y
Z



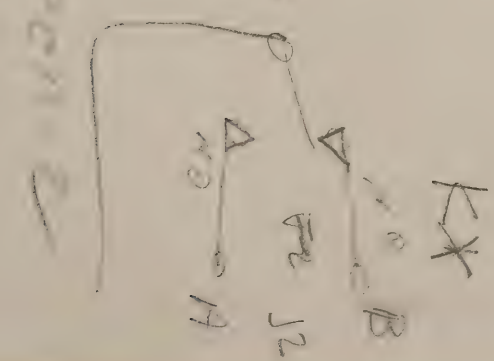
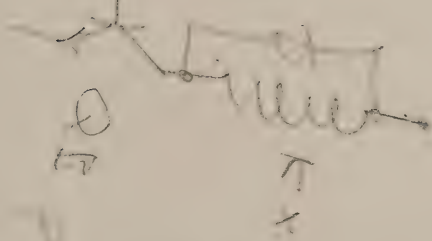
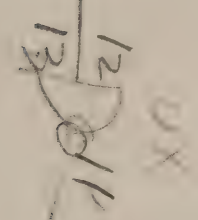


Q.10/11 - Draw the circuit diagram of a common-emitter amplifier. [10 marks]

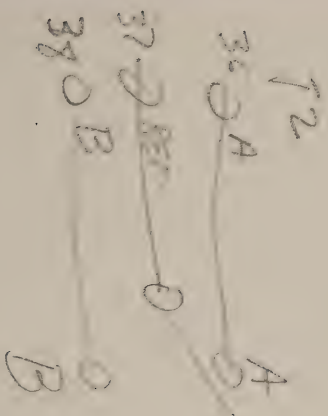
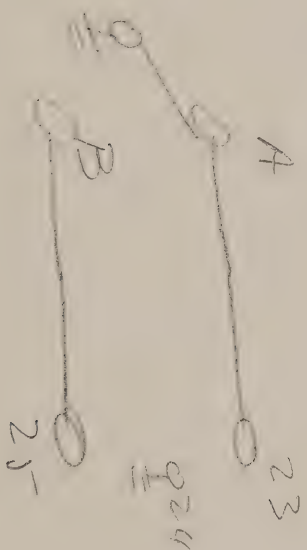


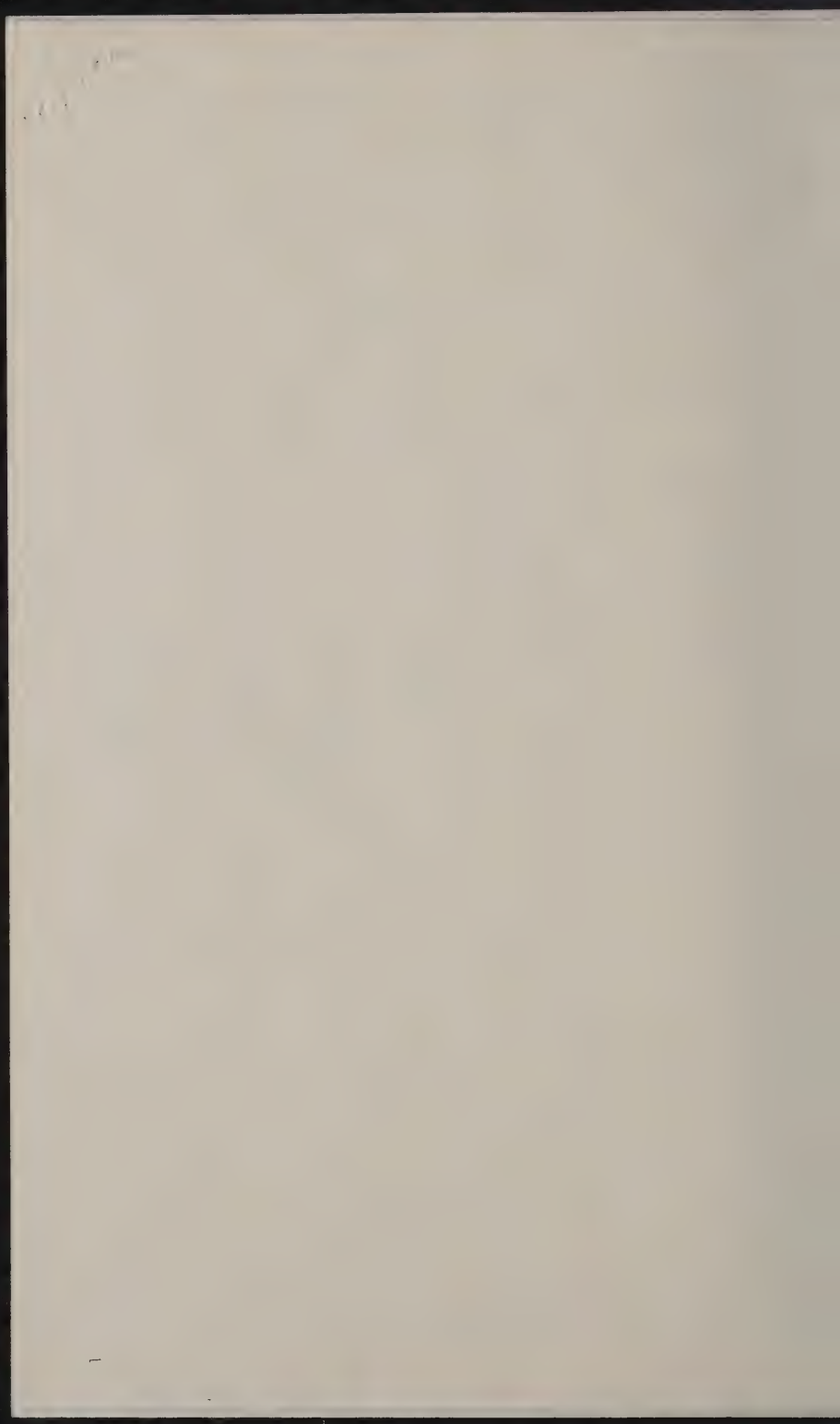


$A = 6000$
 $B = 14.1$

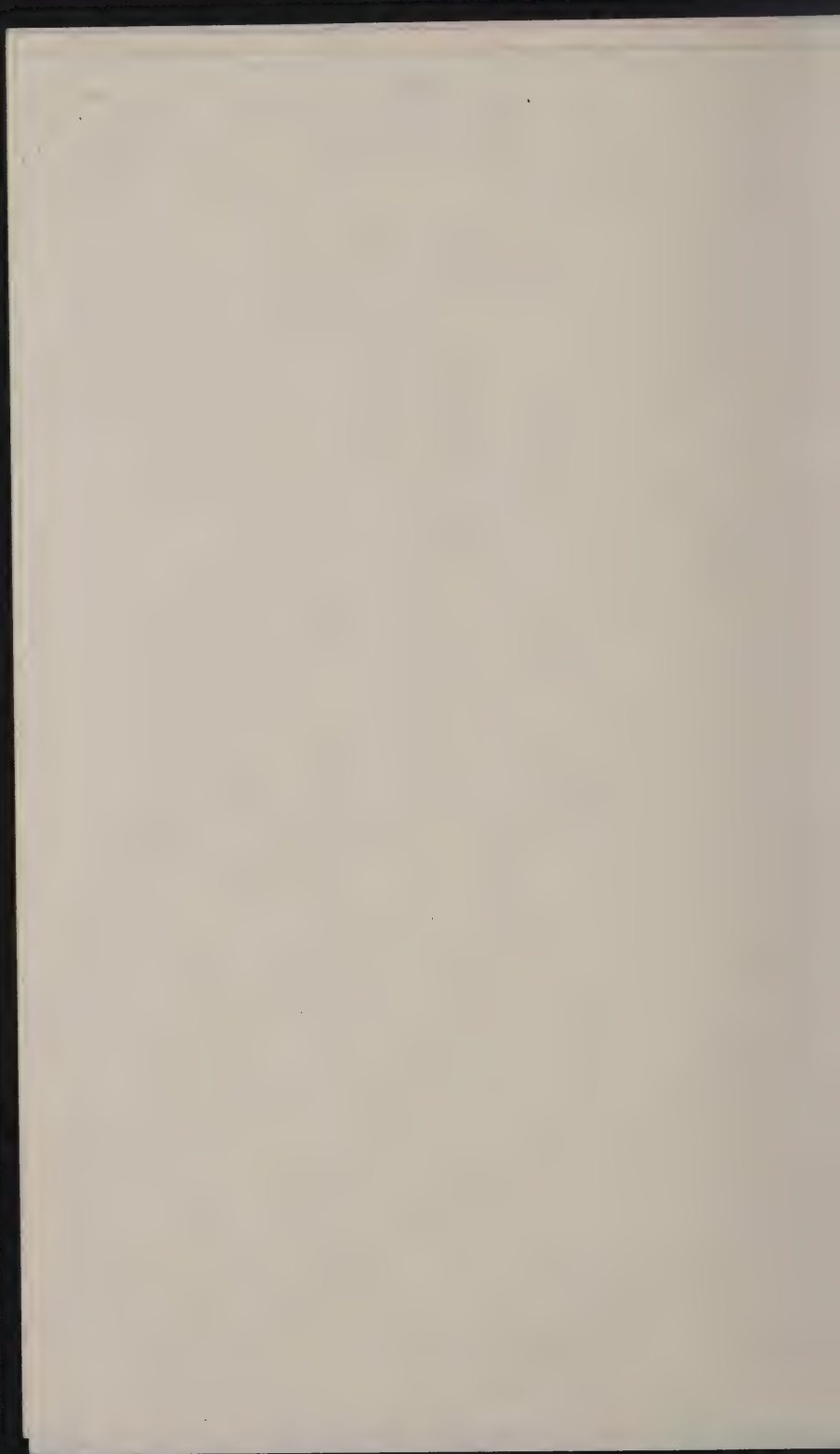


Prob. 1









DIMENSION

~~BOARDS FOR~~

~~CLOSER FITTINGS~~

~~ZOOM FOR~~

~~CONNECT~~

~~MATER CLEAR~~

~~PRINTER - 21515~~

~~ATTNATT AND~~

~~REMOTE SELECT~~

~~REBOARD FRAME~~

~~SWITCH SUP~~ ✓

ADCAT 50455T
PAGE 50455
FOR ~~25~~
CHIPS

✓ I C 50455

~~POWER FOR THE~~

~~ADD 04.2~~ ✓
~~EDIT / 04.2~~

ADGAT TOASTS
FIRE ~~CHIPS~~
FOR ~~DE~~
CHIPS

✓ I G. ~~SOASTS~~

~~POWER FOR FEE~~

~~ADD ~~CHIPS~~~~ ✓
~~EDIT ~~CHIPS~~~~

⑥

$$\begin{aligned}
 \checkmark S1 &= 1-2 \quad 1 \\
 \checkmark S2 &= 1-3 \\
 \checkmark S3 &= 1-4 \\
 \checkmark S14 &= 1-5 \\
 \checkmark S15 &= 1-6 \\
 \checkmark S27 &= 1-7 \\
 \checkmark S28 &= 1-8 \\
 \checkmark S39 &= 1-9 \\
 \checkmark S40 &= 1-10 \quad 9
 \end{aligned}$$

⑦

$$\begin{aligned}
 \checkmark S4 &= 2-31 \\
 \checkmark S5 &= 2-4 \\
 \checkmark S16 &= 2-5 \\
 \checkmark S17 &= 2-6 \\
 \checkmark S29 &= 2-7 \\
 \checkmark S30 &= 2-8 \\
 \checkmark S41 &= 2-9 \\
 \checkmark S42 &= 2-10 \quad 2
 \end{aligned}$$

⑧

$$\begin{aligned}
 \checkmark S6 &= 3-4 \quad 3 \\
 \checkmark S7 &= 3-5 \\
 \checkmark S18 &= 3-6 \\
 \checkmark S19 &= 3-7 \\
 \checkmark S31 &= 3-8 \\
 \checkmark S32 &= 3-9 \\
 \checkmark S43 &= 3-10 \quad 10 \\
 \checkmark S44 &= 3-13 \quad 13 \\
 \checkmark S49 &= 3-11 \quad 11
 \end{aligned}$$

⑧

$$\begin{aligned}
 \checkmark S8 &= 4-5 \quad 3 \\
 \checkmark S9 &= 4-6 \\
 \checkmark S20 &= 4-7 \\
 \checkmark S21 &= 4-8 \\
 \checkmark S33 &= 4-9 \\
 \checkmark S34 &= 4-10 \quad 1 \\
 \checkmark S45 &= 4-13 \quad 12 \\
 \checkmark S46 &= 4-12 \quad 41
 \end{aligned}$$

⑨

$$\begin{aligned}
 \checkmark S10 &= 5-6 \quad 3 \\
 \checkmark S11 &= 5-7 \\
 \checkmark S22 &= 5-8 \\
 \checkmark S23 &= 5-9 \\
 \checkmark S35 &= 5-10 \\
 \checkmark S36 &= 5-11 \\
 \checkmark S47 &= 5-12 \\
 \checkmark S48 &= 5-13 \quad 50
 \end{aligned}$$

⑩

$$\begin{aligned}
 \checkmark S12 &= 6-7 \quad 5 \\
 \checkmark S13 &= 6-8 \\
 \checkmark S24 &= 6-9 \\
 \checkmark S25 &= 6-10 \\
 \checkmark S26 &= 6-11 \\
 \checkmark S37 &= 6-12 \\
 \checkmark S38 &= 6-13 \quad 57
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 \checkmark S55 &= 2A - 5 \\
 \checkmark S56 &= 2A - 6 \\
 \checkmark S57 &= 2A - 7 \\
 \checkmark S58 &= 2A - 8 \\
 \checkmark S61 &= 2A - 9
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 \checkmark S59 &= 3A - 10 \\
 \checkmark S60 &= 3A - 8 \\
 \checkmark S62 &= 3A - 12 \\
 \checkmark S62 &= 3A - 13 \\
 \checkmark S63 &= 3A - 11
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 \checkmark S61 &= 4A - 10 \\
 \checkmark S62 &= 4A - 7 \\
 \checkmark S63 &= 4A - 8 \\
 \checkmark S65 &= 4A - 9 \\
 \checkmark S6X &= 4A - 11
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 \checkmark S73 &= 1A - 9 \\
 \checkmark S73 &= 1A - 8 \\
 \checkmark S73 &= 1A - 10 \\
 \checkmark S73 &= 1A - 11 \\
 \checkmark S73 &= 1A - 13 \\
 \checkmark S73 &= 1A - 12
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 \checkmark S76 A &= 2A - 11 \\
 \checkmark S76 B &= 2A - 10
 \end{aligned}
 \quad \left. \begin{array}{l} \\ \end{array} \right\} \text{REPEAT A/B}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 \checkmark S77 ATT &= 3A - 7 \\
 \checkmark S77 UNA &= 3A - 9
 \end{aligned}
 \quad \left. \begin{array}{l} \\ \end{array} \right\} \text{ATT UNATT.}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 S54 UP &= 4A - 3 \\
 S54 DN &= 4A - 4
 \end{aligned}
 \quad \left. \begin{array}{l} \\ \end{array} \right\} \text{REPEAT}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 S84 UP &= 5A - 4 \\
 S84 DN &= 5A - 3
 \end{aligned}
 \quad \left. \begin{array}{l} \\ \end{array} \right\} \text{EDIT}$$

7

- ✓ S78 = 5A - 13
- ✓ S8078 5A - 12
- ✓ S8273 5A - 11
- ✓ S8578 5A - 10
- ✓ S8763 5A - 9
- ✓ S8966 5A - 8

7

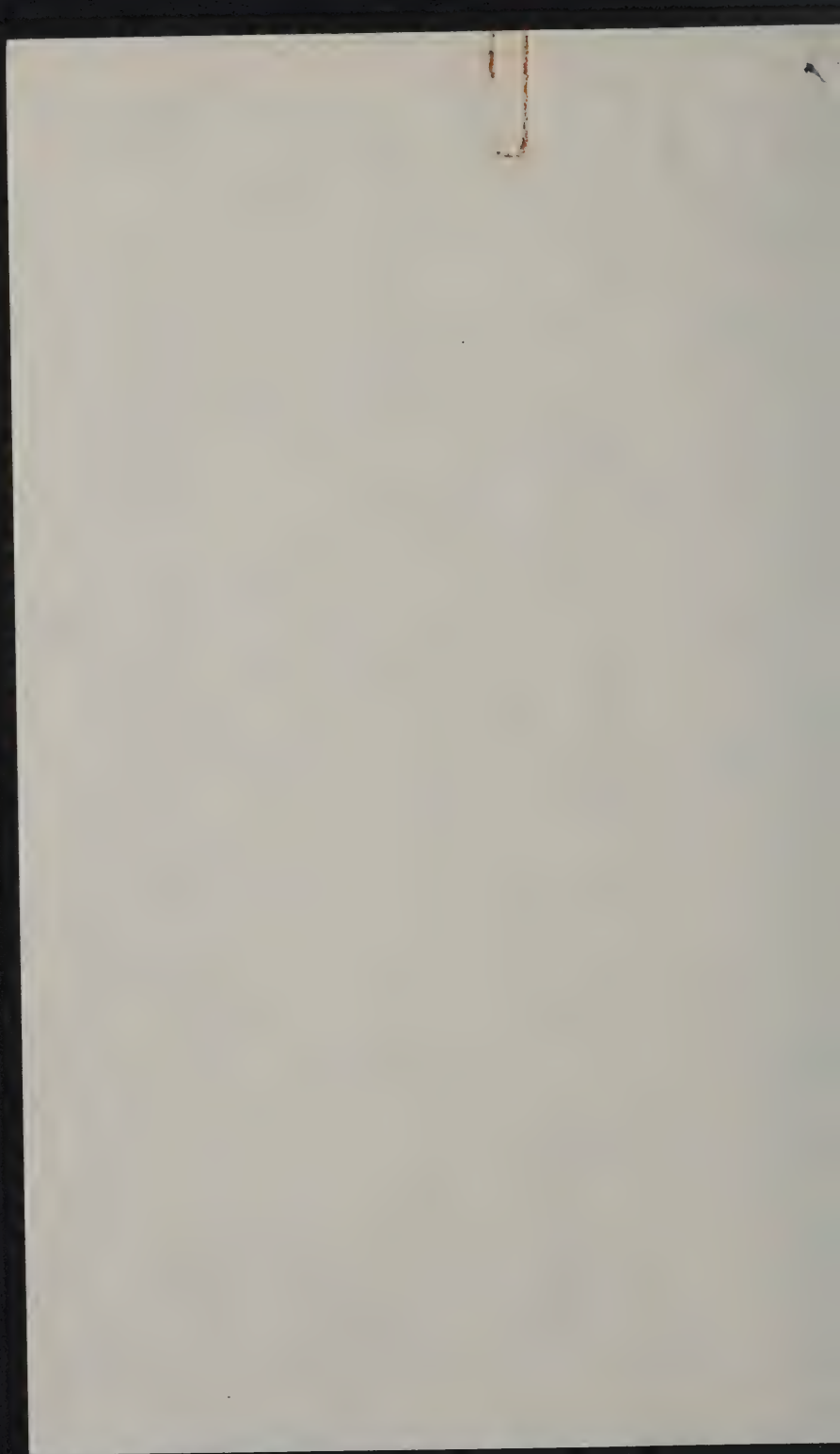
- ✓ S79 = 6A - 13
- ✓ S8176 6A - 12
- ✓ S837F 6A - 11
- ✓ S867F 6A - 10
- ✓ S8869 6A - 9
- ✓ S90 = 6A - 8
- 67 -

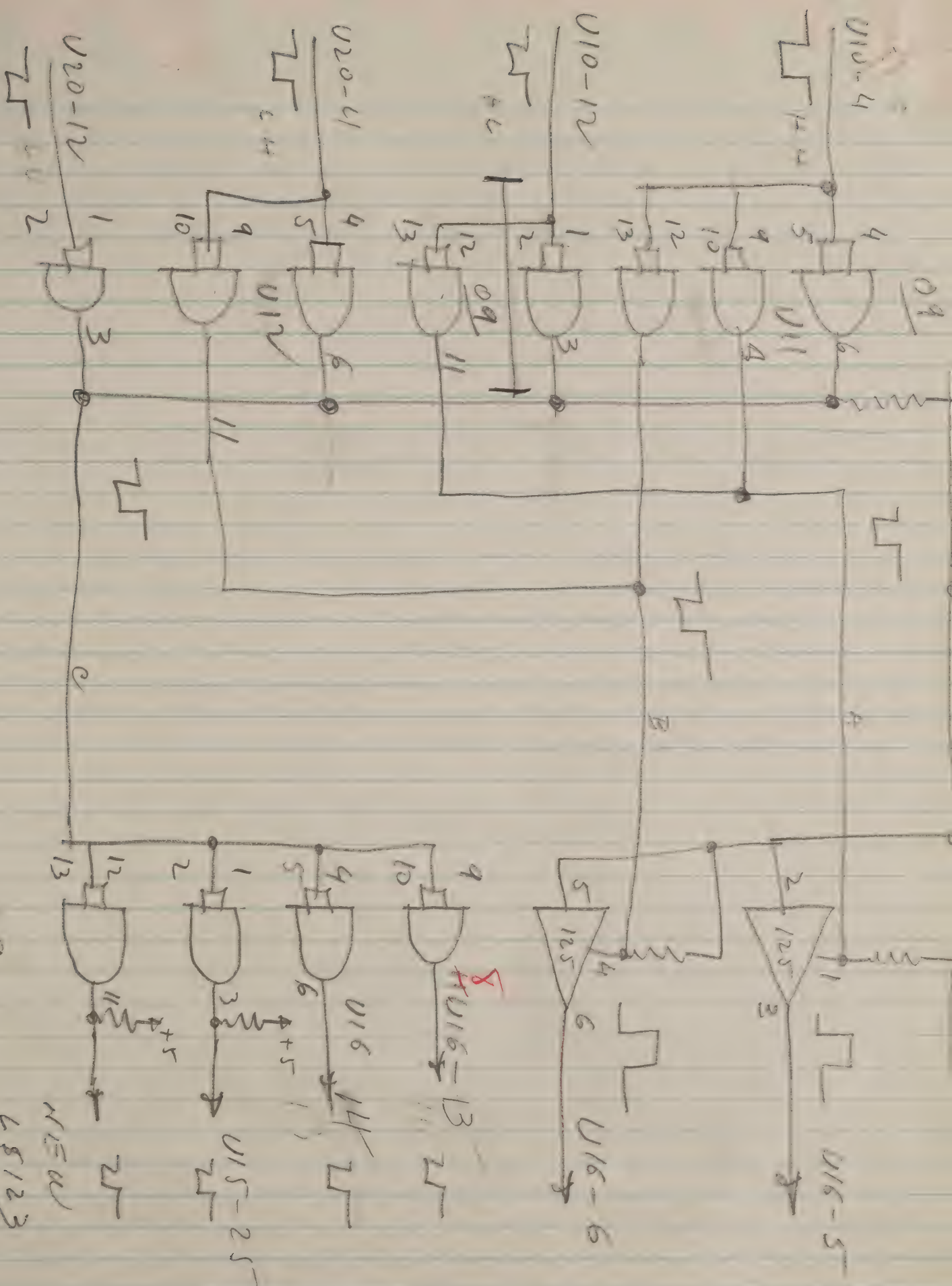
$$3A - \cancel{8} = 556$$
$$5A - 3 \checkmark = 572 - \text{EXT.}$$

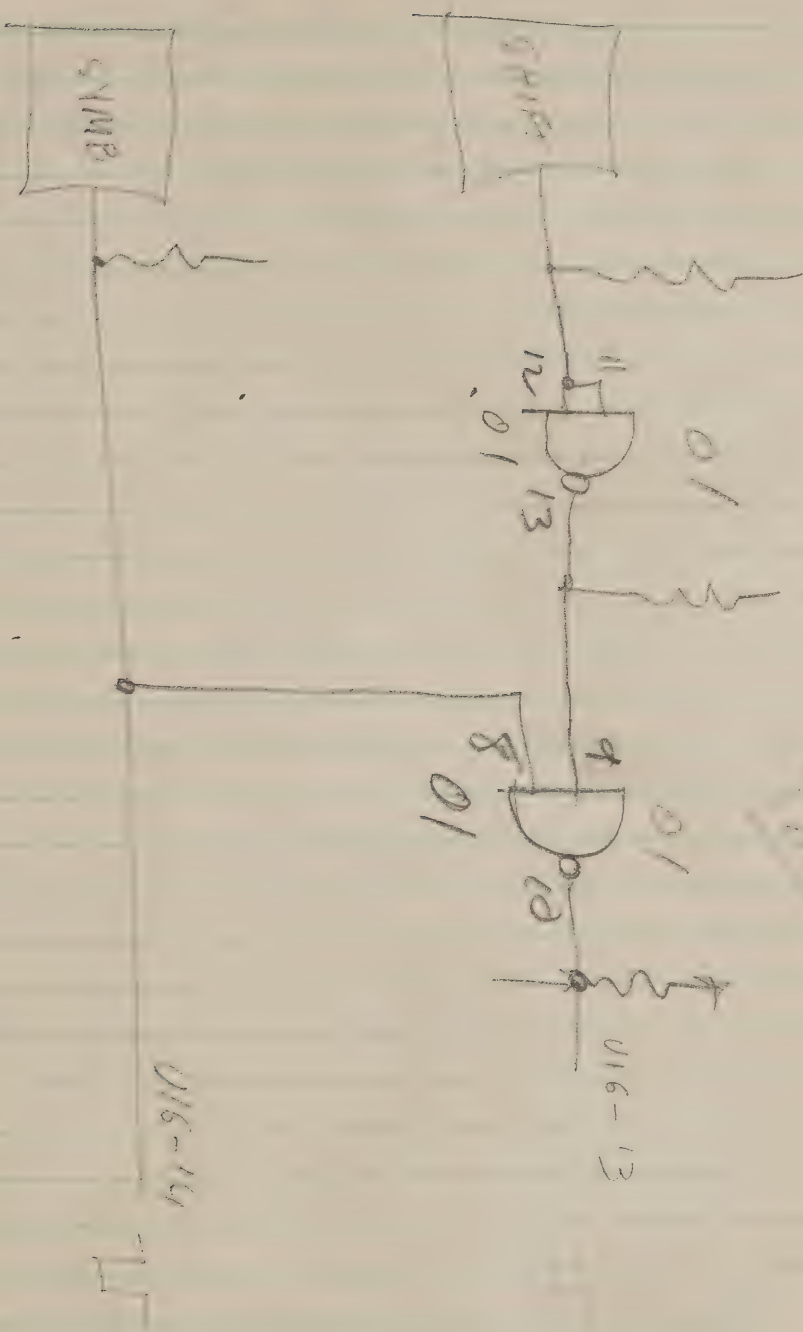
$$4A - \cancel{8} 11 = 565$$
$$\underline{6A - 4} \checkmark = 550 \quad \checkmark$$

$$3A - \cancel{8}^9 = 587 - \text{ATT/CH -}$$
$$\underline{6A - 3} \checkmark = 550 - \text{REF.}$$

DOUBLE

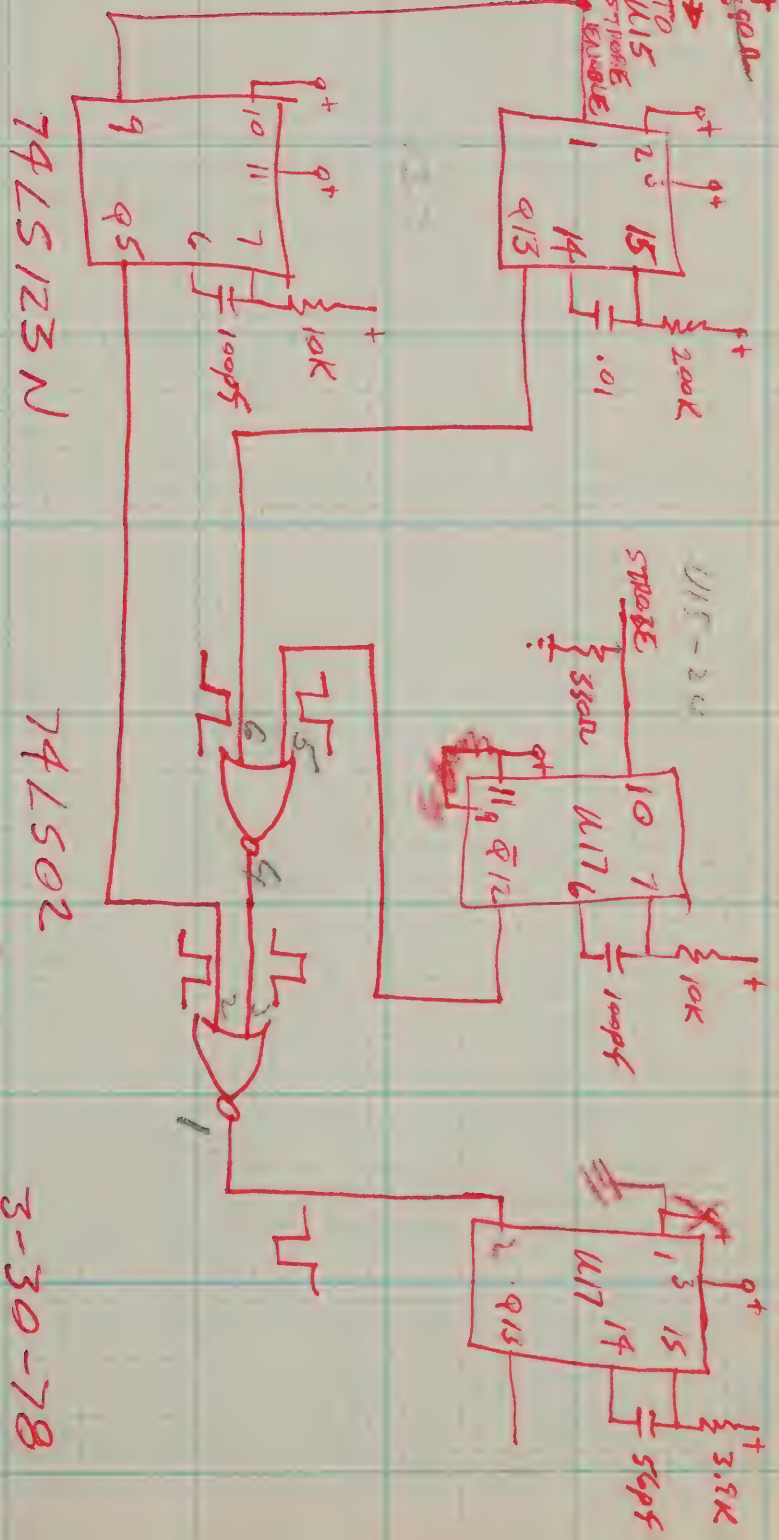
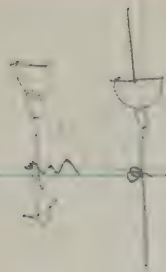






DONE

FROM
EOIT
&
REPEAT



EDIT

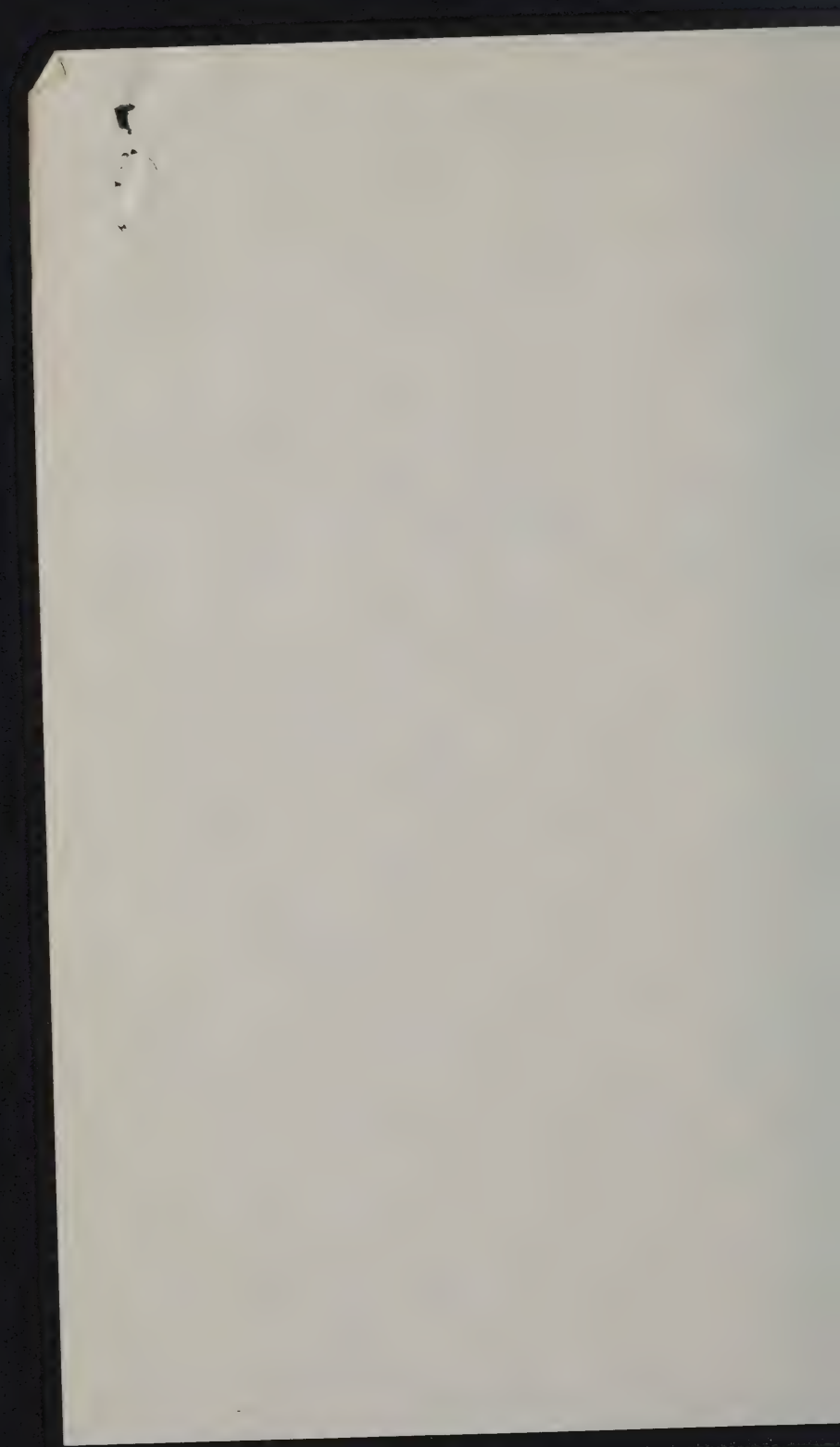
DN $U_{10} - 4(\bar{q})$ \neg

UP $U_{10} - 12(\bar{q})$ \neg

RESET

DN $U_{20} - 12(\bar{q})$ \neg

UP $U_{20} - 4(q)$ \neg



IC SOCKET HOLES ~~.037~~ = .035 ✓

MICROSWITCH AML SWITCH PLUNGER = .035 ✓

MILLEX CONN. .063 ✓

3M CONN. .035 ✓

T.O. 66 MOUNTING HOLES .125 ✓

BOARD SIZE .094

2 OZ. COPPER

PCB-1 - .062

.035 ALL HOLES

PCB-2

NOTE

J1 - 3M - 3495-2003 -	3417 - (2)
J2 - 11 - 3495-2003 -	3417 -
J3 - 11 - 3495-2003 -	3417 - (2)
J4 - 11 - 3492-2003 -	3421 - (1)
J5 - MOLEX - 09-60-1101 -	01-50-7101 (10)
J6 - 11 - 09-60-1161 -	04-50-7081 (2) (10)
J7 - 11 - 09-50-1151 -	09-50-7081 (2) (15)
J8 - 11 - 09-60-1081 -	09-50-708P (5)
J9 - 11 - 09-60-1051 -	09-50-705P (5)
J10 - RN - ICL-143-56-T -	3M - 3445 -
J11 - 11 - ICL-163-56-T -	3M - 3416 -
J12 - MOLEX - 09-18-5121 -	03-04-1122 (12)
J13 - 11 - 09-60-1021 -	09-50-7021 (2)

CRIMP TERMINALS

✓ MOLEX - 09-50-5095	(10)
11 - 02-04-1118 -	(1351-S) (10)
11 - 02-04-2118 -	(1450-P) (1)

IC-SOCKETS

10 PINS - ICL-143-56-T -	12
12 PINS - ICL-163-56-T -	14
15 PINS - ICL-183-56-T -	2

2004

MATE

J1 - 3M - 3492 - 2003 -

3421 - (2)

IC SOCKETS

14 PINS	-	ICL-143-56-T	2
16	"	ICL-163-56-T	2
18	"	ICL-183-56-T	1

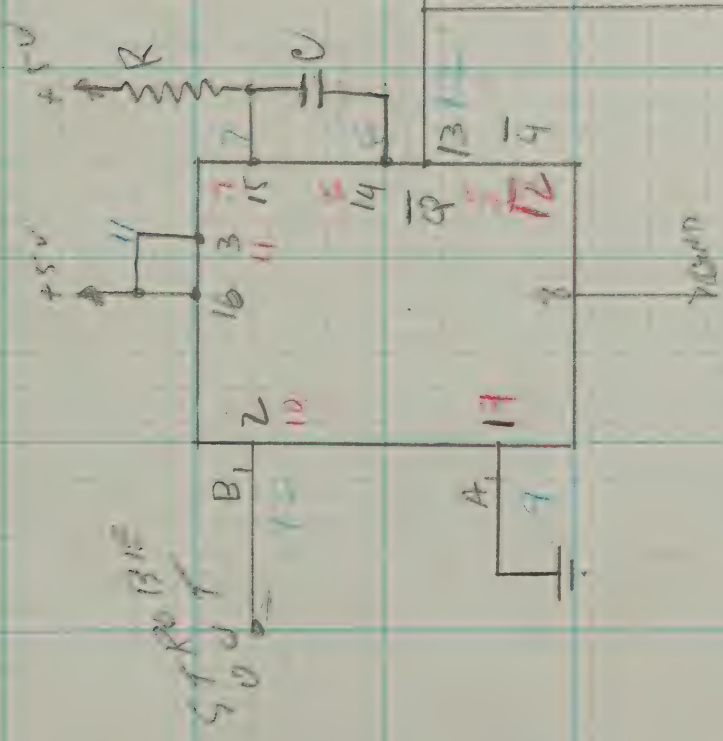
PCB - /

MATE

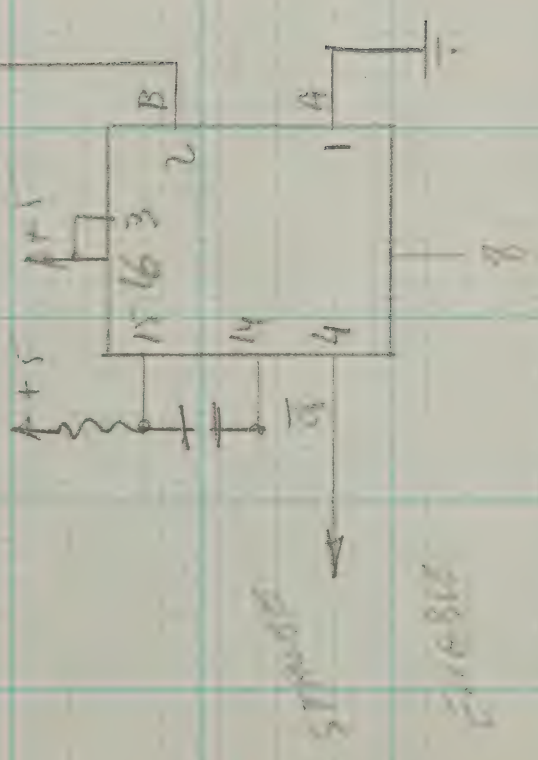
J1	-	14 PINS - ICL-143-56-T	-	3M - 3406 -
J2	-	16 PINS - ICL-163-56-T	-	3M - 3415 -

IC SOCKETS

14 PINS	-	ICL-143-56-T	-	10
16 PINS	-	ICL-163-56-T	-	5
24 PINS	-	ICL-246-57-T	-	1
28 PINS	-	ICL-286-57-T	-	1



READY



STROBE

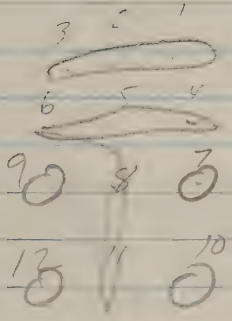
STROBE

5/8

$\sqrt{12} = 1, 2, 3 = +28$
 $4, 5, 6, 8, 11 = GND$

was 1 7 = (REMOTE A) = B
 was 7 9 = +5V
 was 12 10 = (REMOTE B) = C B
 was 10 12 = -12V

+ 3 - } REMOTE
 - 6 - }



PCB-1

PCB-2

U2/2	-	J2-1	16	J11-1	-	U28/6
N.C.		11-2	1	11-2	-	N.C.
U2/5	-	-3-	10	3	-	U28/3,4,5
+5	-	-4-	13	4	-	+5
GND	-	-5-	12	5	-	GND
R9-	-	-6-	11	6	-	J3-39 (MCLR)
N.C.	-	-7-	10	7	-	N.C.
U2-12	-	-8-	9	8	-	U27-11,4,5
U2-9	-	-9-	8	9	-	U27-8,12,13
-12	-	-10-	7	10	-	-12
MCLR	-	-11-	6	11	-	GND (MCLR)
GND	-	-12-	5	12	-	GND
GND	-	-13-	4	13	-	GND
+5	-	-14-	3	14	-	+5
N.C.	-	-15-	2	15	-	N.C.
COPY SW.	-	-16-	1	16	-	U28-9,10

COPY	J2-1	✓	—	J11-1	✓	U28-9,10
-12	2	✓		2	✓	-12
+5	3	✓		3	✓	+5
N.C.	4	✓		4	✓	N.C.
GND	5	✓		5	✓	GND
GND	6	✓		6	✓	GND
MCLR	7	✓		7	✓	MCLR
U2-12	8	✓		8	✓	U27-11,4,5
GND	9	✓		9	✓	GND
GND	10	✓		10	✓	GND
GND	11	✓		11	✓	GND
U2-9,12		✓		12	✓	U27-8,12,13
+5	13	✓		13	✓	+5
U2-5	14	✓		14	✓	U28-3,4,5
N.C.	15	✓		15	✓	N.C.
U2-2	16	✓		16	✓	U28-6

203-2

J1-1	—
2	—
3 ✓	—
4 ✓	—
5 ✓	—
6 ✓	—
7 ✓	—
8 ✓	—
9 ✓	—
10 ✓	—
11 ✓	—

203-1

U18-7	—
11-5	—
11-3	—
11-11	—
11-9	—
U19-9	—
U19-11	—
U19-7	—
GND	—
U19-13	—
GND.	—

105-1

J1-9	—
T1-5	—
T1-10	—
T1-2	—
J1-11	—
J1-3	—
J1-12	—
J1-4	—
J1-13	—
J1-1	—
J1-14	—

105-2

J10-9	—
J10-5	—
J10-10	—
J10-2	—
J10-11	—
J10-3	—
J10-12	—
J10-4	—
J10-13	—
J10-1	—
J10-14	—

4.22

1.000

5.22

2.00

3.76

34

3.55

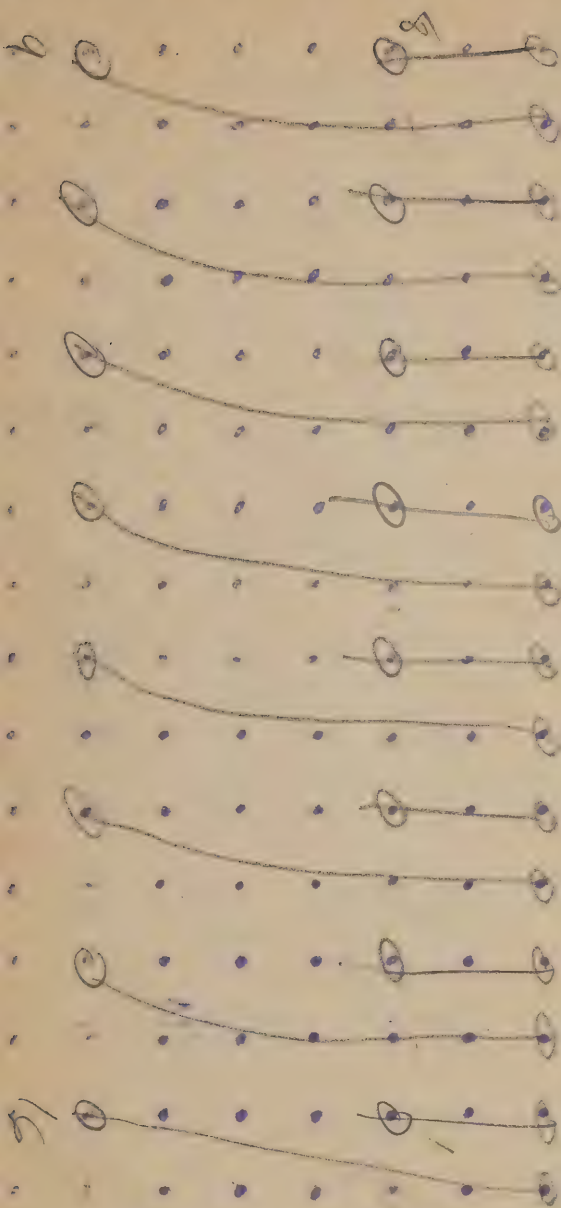
2

5.55

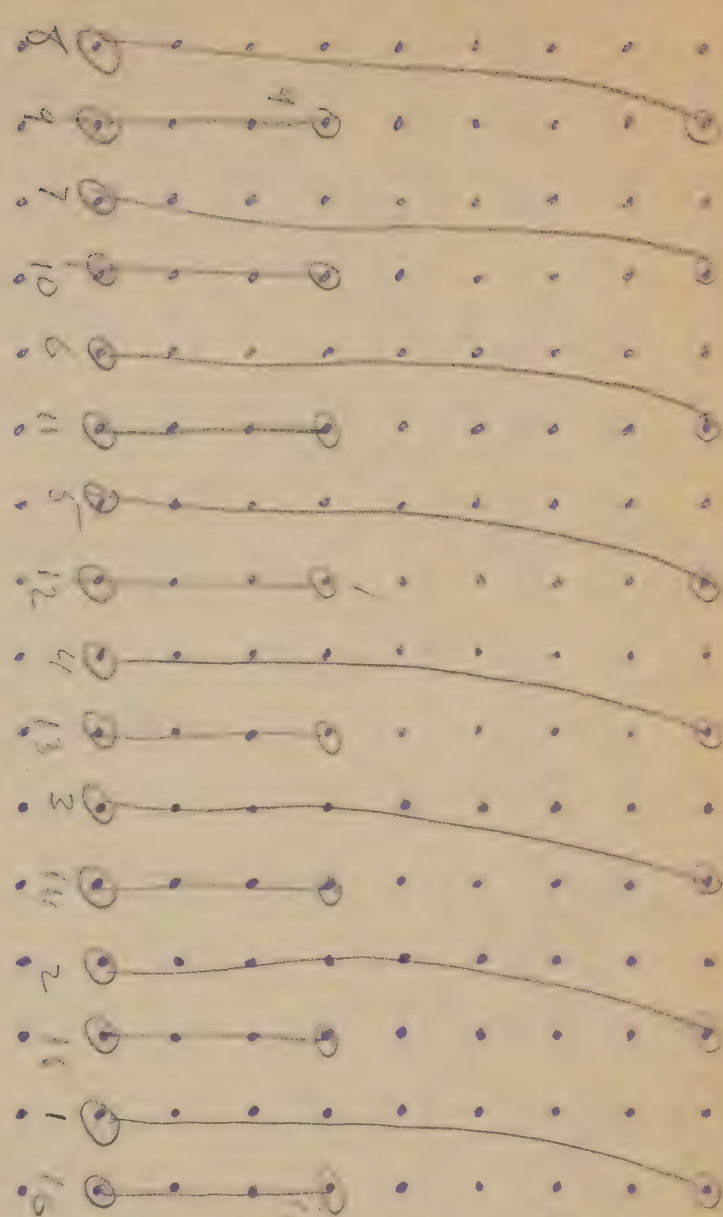
PCB-1

PCB-2

GND	-	J1-1	1-11	J10-1	-	J1-11
GND	-	2	12	2	-	J1-9
V19-11	-	3	13	3	-	J1-7
V18-9	-	4	14	4	-	J1-5
V18-3	-	5	15	5	-	J1-3
V18-7	-	6	9	6	-	J1-2
N.C	-	7	8	7	-	N.C
N.C	-	8	7	8	-	N.C
N.C	-	9	6	9	-	N.C
V18-5	-	10	5	10	-	J1-2
V19-7	-	11	11	11	-	J1-8
V19-9	-	12	3	12	-	J1-6
V18-11	-	13	2	13	-	J1-4
V19-13	-	14	1	14	-	J1-10



1-824



8

11

7

10

6

11

5

12

1

3

15

11

14

Bus

INTERSTATE ELECTRONICS CORPORATION

707 E. Vermont Ave., P.O. Box 3117, Anaheim, CA 92803 (714) 772-2811

SUBSIDIARY OF
ATO

DWG. NO. 684-006 REV. -

IDENT CODE 07421 REV. AUTH. E00082666 DATE 06/03/77 TITLE CONT PNL ASSY

SHEET COUNT 29 UNITIZED DOCUMENT AUDIT REPORT RUN DATE 05/31/77
DRAWING SIZE A ***** DRAWING (DW) ***** RUN NO. 1103
NAME TITLE DATE
REQUESTED LEARY F.M. STAFF ELEC ENG 05/27/77
DRAWN HUELSON P. ASSOC ENGINEER 05/27/77
CHECKED DESTREICH G.E. DWG CHECKER 05/27/77
APPROVED LANGORD J.V. ENGRG SEC SUPVR 05/27/77

***** ASSOCIATED LISTS *****

FOR APPLICABLE PARTS LIST, DATA LIST AND SYMBOL REFERENCE LIST SEE -

DRAWING NO. REV-LTR DATE DESCRIPTION ID-CD
PL***NONE***
DL***NONE***
SR***NONE***

***** DRAWING REVISIONS *****

REV LTR REV AUTH INCORPD PROJ NO. EFFECT DISP DATE INCORPD REVISED BY ORGN
- E00082666 870 RELEASE DWG 05/31/77 CLARK G.M. 4730

***** OUTSTANDING DRAWING EO'S *****

REV LTR (EO) REV AUTH PROJ NO. EFFECT DISP DATE RELEASED PROJECT APPROVED BY ORGN
AFF OUTSTAND NO.
***NONE**

***** DRAWING APPLICATION *****

JOB USED ON CONTRACT NO. JOB DESCRIPTION
NEXT ASSEMBLY NEXT ASSEMBLY NEXT ASSEMBLY NEXT ASSEMBLY
NONE

OLD NG

DOC. CONTROL
JUN 8 1977
RELEASED PRINT

DRAWING NO. FORM
 DATE OF RELEASE ☒ DATE
 NEXT REV. D
 ON FIRST EDITION 1-70
 FOR ALL OTHER USES
 NEXT ASS. REC'D. USED IN

REVISIONS

FOR DRAWING REVISION STATUS SEE UNITIZED DOCUMENT AUDIT REPORT (UDAR)

LTR	DESCRIPTION	DATE	APPROVAL
1	REPLACED 25-10-1-1	1-70	

INTERSTATE ELECTRONIC INFORMATION

ATO

CONTRACT

APPROVED FOR STRATEGIC SYSTEMS PROJECT OFFICE
 BY DIRECTOR

SIZE **A** CODE IDENT NO. **07421**
 SCALE REV IN--FILE DATE

TABLE OF CONTENTS

Section	Title	
1.0	SCOPE	
2.0	APPLICABLE DOCUMENTS	
2.1	Government Reference Documents	
2.2	Government Compliance Documents	
	Appendix A	
3.0	REQUIREMENTS	
3.1	Mechanical	
3.2	Electrical Requirements	
3.2.1	Conversational and Special Keyboards (Modified ASCII)	
3.2.2	Straight Binary and Binary Code Decimal (BCD) Keyboards	
	The Fixed Function Keyboard	6
3.2.2.2	Changeable Function Keyboard	7
	Zoom Control	7
	Trackball	7
3.2.3	Additional Indicators and/or Switches	8
	Row of 16 Indicator Lamps	8
3.2.3.2	The A or B Monitor Indicators	
3.2.3.3	The POWER ON Switch Indicator	
3.2.3.4	The BUSY and ALERT Indicators	
3.2.3.5	The HOME Switch	
3.2.3.6	The ATTENDED/UNATTENDED Switch/Indicator	
3.2.3.7	The REMOTE ENABLE, the REMOTE SELECT A/B and the COPY Switches	
3.2.3.8	Audible Alarm	1
3.2.4	Data Input Timing	1
3.2.4.1	POWER ON and the ATTENDED/UNATTENDED Switch/Indicators	1
3.2.4.2	Master Clear	
	Power	
	Control	
	Display	
3.3	Materials	
3.4	Nameplates and Product Marking	
3.5	Paint	
3.6	Workmanship	
4.0	QUALITY ASSURANCE PROVISIONS	11
5.0	PREPARATION FOR DELIVERY	11
6.0	NOTES	11
6.1	Approved Parts List	11
6.2	Substitutability	12
6.3	Availability	12
6.4	Approved Source of Supply	12
Appendix A	Human Factors Engineering	23

ILLUSTRATIONS

<u>Figure</u>	<u>Title</u>	<u>Page</u>
A	Control Panel Assembly	1
B	Control Panel Assembly (Detailed)	10
C	Conversational and Special Keyboard	27
D	Keyboard Output Timing	28
E	Indicator Addressing	30

TABLES

<u>Table</u>	<u>Title</u>	<u>Page</u>
1	Character Codes	43
2	Connector A	44
3	Indicator Addressing Code	45
4	Function Keyboard Changeable Switch/Indicator Readouts	46
5	Connector B	47
6	Connector C	48

1.0 SCOPE

This specification defines the requirements for the SEA WATCH Analyst Console Control Panel Assembly.

2.0 APPLICABLE DOCUMENTS

2.1 GOVERNMENT REFERENCE DOCUMENTS

MIL-STD-1280 28 January 1969

MIL-STD-188C Notice 1, 1 June 1976

Note that it is not required that the control panel assembly meet these military standard specifications. These MIL-STD documents may be used as a common point of reference for functional operations.

2.2 GOVERNMENT COMPLIANCE DOCUMENTS

MIL-STD-454 Requirement 1 (Safety)

MIL-STD-454 Requirement 5 (Soldering)

MIL-STD-454 Requirement 9 (Workmanship)

2.3 APPENDIX A

Portions of Attachment B, which in turn is a portion of the modified O.D.S.I. proposal to the Navy, are given in Appendix A.

3.0 REQUIREMENTS

3.1 MECHANICAL

The control panel assembly to be furnished by the supplier is shown in Figures A and B.

The keyboard panel, trackball panel, and ashtray/cupholder panel are supported by a turret structure as shown in Figure A. Interstate will provide the empty turret structure to the control panel assembly supplier. The supplier shall supply to Interstate the completed control panel/turret assembly.

All associated encoding electronics provided with the control panel are to be contained within the turret, preferably integral with the removable panels. Three flat belt ribbon cables with provisions for 40 pins of signal input/output will be provided up to the panels by Interstate. Only the male portions of the signal connectors shall be provided with the panels by the control panel supplier. In addition to the signal connectors, a terminal strip for power connections must be supplied by the keyboard vendor. Connection to the Interstate console will be made by Interstate.

All panels shall be independently removable for servicing through the use of appropriate mechanical fasteners, connectors and service loops where required. Also, the trackball panel and ashtray/cupholder panel shall be interchangeable, allowing for left handed operation of the trackball.

... will furnish to the control panel assembly supplier (1) detailed outline and mounting drawings of the empty turret structure within 4 weeks of award of contract, and (2) empty turret structures within 12 weeks of award of contract.

The supplier shall prepare, and retain for future reference, all detail and assembly drawings, parts lists and other documentation (except the turret structure drawing) necessary to document the design and fabrication of the control panel assembly, using the supplier's own document forms and commercial standards. Military specification documentation is not required.

3.2 ELECTRICAL REQUIREMENTS

The following is a discussion of the electrical characteristics required of the systems control keyboards:

Electrically, the keyboard output shall be divided into four groups: (1) the conversational and special keyboard, (2) the fixed function keyboard, (3) the changeable function keyboard, and (4) the zoom control keyboard. Unless otherwise stated all inputs and outputs to the keyboard shall be assumed to be fully TTL compatible, a HIGH or 1 meaning +2.4 volts (minimum), and a LOW or 0 meaning +.4 volts (maximum).

The conversational and special keyboard code shall be modified USASCII, while the fixed function, the changeable function, and zoom control keyboards, as well as the keyboard lighting, shall be straight binary or binary coded decimal (BCD). First the ASCII keyboard group will be discussed.

3.2.1 Conversational and Special Keyboards (Modified ASCII)

Figure C is the proposed modified ASCII keyboard. One bit shall be defined to provide a special symbol shift for the special symbols shown in superscripts on the keys of the Conversational Keyboard. This bit shall be controlled by the "SYM" (Symbol Shift) key. With the depression of the normal "SHIFT" or "SHIFT LOCK" keys the normal shift to the seven bit ASCII code of the superscript shall occur, with the exception of the 26 capital letters of the alphabet. The upper case alphabet character codes must be presented in both the shifted and unshifted modes.

In the normal shift mode the symbol shift bit will remain at its normal LOW (0) level. With the depression of the "SYM" shift key, all of the normal ASCII shift codes are generated and the symbol shift bit goes from a LOW (0) to a HIGH (1). Thus, any seven bit ASCII character code preceded by a one in the symbol shift bit will characterize a symbol. If the "SHIFT" or "SHIFT LOCK" keys are depressed concurrently with the "SYM" shift key, a 1 shall still be placed in the symbol shift bit and the code will be that of a symbol. The symbol shift bit simply adds an extra dimension to the seven-bit ASCII character code.

The proposed character codes and their representations are shown in table 1. Note that two codes are required for both the "EDIT" and "REPEAT" keys, one code for the depression and one for the release. Also note that there will be two encoded rocker switches: the ATTEND/UNATTEND switch and the REMOTE SELECT A/B Switch.

The Conversational and Special Keyboard (modified ASCII) shall be capable of 2-key rollover. The key caps must be a dark shade, with considerable preference given to dark brown, to minimize a soiled appearance after long periods of continuous use. Normal ASCII characters shall appear in white, and the special symbols as well as the "SYM" mnemonic on the symbol shift keys caps shall appear in yellow in their respective positions on the key caps.

The output data lines for the Conversational and Special keyboard shall be taken off edge connector A as shown in table 2. After each key depression (and release for the EDIT and REPEAT keys) that key's code must be held at the keyboard output and a data Output Ready Signal must be generated. The Conversational Output Ready Signal shall be a single pulse of width 150 ± 50 ns whose positive going edge must occur 100 ns (min) after the output data becomes available. The data must be held for a minimum of 200 ns following the positive going edge of the Conversational Output Ready Signal. This data can be held until the next data transfer is required. See figure D for data output timing.

3.2.2 Straight Binary and Binary Code Decimal (BCD) Keyboards

The two function keyboards and the zoom keyboard are the straight binary and BCD keyboards. Two-key rollover for these keys is required. That is, with the depression of a first key the depression of a second key will not be recognized until the release of the first key.

→ 3.2.2.1 The Fixed Function Keyboard - The Fixed Function Keyboard will be located in the upper center portion of the system console as shown in figure B. From right to left the keys shall be encoded zero through fifteen (decimal) (~~0000~~-1111 binary).. The output lines from the Fixed Function (FF) keyboard shall be placed on edge connector A as shown in table B. The Fixed Function keys shall be momentary action switch/indicators with fixed black legends and externally controlled background indicators.

With each key depression the keyboard interface must supply bits FF0-FF3 (the key code), and a Fixed Function Output Ready Signal (FFORS). The FF Output Ready Signal shall have the same electrical characteristics as the Conversational Output Ready Signal. See figure D for data output timing.

The background indicators on the Fixed Function keys shall be turned on and off externally. Each key shall have its own address. Table C lists a possible addressing scheme for the fixed function keys. With each key address a "Key ON/OFF" bit shall be set or cleared (1 or 0) and the background indicator must be turned ON (amber) or OFF (cyan) respectively. A great deal of preference is given to the cyan background color in the off mode. However, if investigation shows that a cyan background is not feasible, colors from cyan to shades approaching green are acceptable. Data input timing shall be discussed in section 2.4. All incandescent bulbs must be supplied with a preheat current in the "OFF" mode to minimize current spikes associated with a sudden potential difference across a cold filament.

With the initial power on sequency background indicators must come up in the cyan (OFF) state. After a key is depressed and the code is output, the external device shall address that key and its background will be changed from cyan (OFF) to amber (ON). Sometime later, that key will again be addressed and its background will be changed from amber to cyan thereby completing a cycle.

The desired intensity of the output of each lighted key is such that the information displayed is clearly visible at a distance of five to six feet without being a distraction to the operator working under ambient lighting conditions of approximately forty foot lamberts.

3.2.2.2 Changeable Function Keyboard - The Changeable Function Keyboard and its thumbwheel shall be located in the upper center portion of the system control panel as shown in figure B. Each Changeable Function Key shall be a momentary action switch/indicator capable of displaying ten different white legends on two background colors. Interstate shall supply the switch modules with the appropriate legends. The vendor shall mount modules and provide the necessary wiring and encoding. From right to left the key outputs shall be encoded zero through fifteen (decimal, 0000-1111 binary). The thumbwheel output shall be a binary coded decimal (BCD) type output that must be held on edge connector A at all times.

With the depression of a key that key's code, the thumbwheel setting, and a Changeable Function Output Ready Signal (CFORS) must be supplied on edge Connector A. The electrical characteristics of the Changeable Function Output Ready Signal shall be the same as the Conversational Output Ready Signal. See figure D for data output timing.

The background indicators for the changeable function keys shall be turned OFF and ON externally exactly as the background indicators for the fixed function keys. Table 3 lists possible indicator addresses for the Changeable Function keys. Again, the background code shall be cyan for OFF and amber for ON. The color and intensity of the backgrounds for these keys must come as close as possible to matching the background for the Fixed Function Keys.

The thumbwheel setting for the Changeable Function Keyboard must dictate the legends of the Changeable Function Keys as well as provide the outputs discussed above. There shall be ten different legends for each key corresponding to thumbwheel setting are listed in table 4. These legends shall appear in white on the aforementioned backgrounds.

3.2.2.3 Zoom Control - The Zoom Control keyboard shall be located in the upper right-hand (or left-hand for a left-handed console) corner as shown in figure B. The Zoom Control keyboard shall consist of ten binary coded decimal keys (0-9), and a "ZOOM" key. With each key depression the code of the key being depressed and a "Zoom Output Ready" signal must be presented at the output edge connector (see table 2). The "Zoom Output Ready Signal" shall have the same electrical characteristics as the Conversational Output Ready Signal with respect to the Zoom keyboard. The "ZOOM" key code can be any four-bit code other than the binary coded decimal (0-9) to be used for the other ten keys.

3.2.2.4 Trackball - The Trackball shall be located in the upper right-hand corner of the system console next to the zoom control keyboard as shown in figure B. Four lines from the trackball output shall supply TTL pulses whose frequencies are to be directly proportional to the angular velocity of the Trackball. The output shall be encoded as squarewaves at normal TTL voltage levels. The outputs shall appear on edge Connector B as shown in table 5.

There shall be 300 pulses per 360° of Trackball revolution. The Trackball shall be approximately three inches in diameter. It is desired that the Trackball be optically encoded to optimize longevity of operation.

Interstate shall supply the trackball unit with the basic encoding elements as described. The vendor shall mount the trackball unit and provide the necessary cables and interconnection for operation.



IEC
Subsidiary of A.T.O.

INTERSTATE
ELECTRONICS
CORPORATION

REV

SHEET

3.2.3 Additional Indicators and/or Switches

Additional switch/indicators not mentioned above are:

- a. Row of 16 indicator lamps.
- b. The A or B monitor indicator.
- c. The POWER ON Switch indicator.
- d. BUSY and ALERT indicators.
- e. The CURSOR CENTER switch.
- f. The ATTENDED/UNATTENDED switch/indicator.
- g. the REMOTE ENABLE, the REMOTE SELECT A/B, and the PLOT switches.
- h. Audible alarm.

3.2.3.1 Row of 16 Indicator Lamps. - There shall be a row of 16 indicator lamps above the 16 fixed function keys and below the changeable function keys as shown in figure B. These indicators shall be addressed and turned ON or OFF just like the function key indicators; however, there will be only one bulb in these indicators to be turned either OFF or ON. Again, a possible addressing scheme is given in table 3. Each of these indicator lamps shall have a distinct mnemonic displayed in black on its cap. These mnemonics will be supplied at a later date. The indicators shall be amber colored when ON. With the initial power-on sequence, these indicators must come up in the OFF mode (unlit).

3.2.3.2 The A or B Monitor Indicator. - The A or B monitor indicators shall be located on a remote panel between the CRT displays. This panel will be supplied by Interstate. The displays of these indicators shall be large cyan arrowhead-like projections as shown in figure B.

The monitor indicators may be addressed as shown in table 3. Just as the row of indicators, these keys shall be addressed and turned ON (cyan) by placing a 1 in the key ON/OFF bit or OFF by setting this bit to 0.

3.2.3.3 The POWER ON Switch Indicator - The POWER ON switch/indicator shall also be located on the special panel between the monitors between the A or B monitor indicators. The POWER ON indicator shall be a cyan horizontal bar between the monitor indicators. Together the POWER ON indicator and a monitor indicator shall form an arrow, the POWER ON indicator being the shaft and the monitor indicator being the arrowhead.

The vendor shall light this indicator whenever the control panel assembly receives a regulated +5VDC from the system power supplies supplied by Interstate.

The module must be supplied in an assembled package with all components necessary to display the indicated projection.

The switch mechanism must be an alternate action, two pole, double throw switch capable of switching 2 amperes at 24 volt. Interstate will make the final connection to this switch mechanism.



IEC
Subsidiary of ATO

INTERSTATE
ELECTRONICS
CORPORATION

REV

SHEET

3.2.3.4 The BUSY and ALERT Indicators - The BUSY and ALERT indicators are located just above the Conversational keyboard as shown in figure C. The BUSY and ALERT mnemonics shall appear in black legends on the indicator caps. These indicators shall be turned ON or OFF exactly like the indicators in the row of 16 indicators and the monitor indicator. Addresses for the BUSY and ALERT indicators are given in table 3. Either the BUSY or ALERT indicator will be addressed and its background will be turned ON (red) or OFF (unlighted).

3.2.3.5 The HOME Switch - The HOME switch (see figure B) shall be a momentary action type switch. With each depression its output shall be a code with the same characteristics as a ZOOM Keyboard output. This code output shall be made available on edge Connector A as shown in table 2. The code for this key can be any four bit code other than the codes used for the ZOOM Keyboard.

3.2.3.6 The ATTENDED/UNATTENDED Switch/Indicator - The ATTENDED/UNATTENDED switch/indicator shall be an alternate action switch/indicator. It shall be centered above the Conversational Keyboard as shown in figure C. The coded outputs for the alternate depressions of this key are given in table 1 with the Conversational and Special Keyboard outputs. The output is to be treated as a conversational type output. A Conversational Output Ready Signal must be generated. The indicator shall be lighted amber in the ATTENDED position and lighted cyan in the UNATTENDED position.

3.2.3.7 The REMOTE ENABLE, the REMOTE SELECT A/B and the COPY Switches - The REMOTE ENABLE, the REMOTE SELECT A/B and the COPY switches will be located in the upper right-hand corner of the "special" keyboard just above the "Conversational" keyboard as shown in figure C. These three switches together shall control the remote video units and inform the console computer of the status of this control.

The REMOTE ENABLE switch will be a three-position rocker switch. When either the C.C.T.V position is selected or the REMOTE SCREEN position is selected, that position's given output control line must be grounded, thereby enabling the video display selected by the REMOTE SELECT A/B switch to be routed to a remote video screen and/or hard copy unit. The REMOTE ENABLE return (ground) must be isolated from the keyboard logic ground. The REMOTE ENABLE output control lines will be on edge Connector B as shown in table 5.

The REMOTE SELECT A/B switch will be an encoded rocker switch similar to the ATTENDED/UNATTENDED rocker switch but with an additional control function required. One distinct conversational type code must be sent to the console computer to signify the channel selected (one code for Channel A and another for Channel B) and an output line for the control of the selected channel must be grounded. The return for the control side of the switch must be isolated from the keyboard logic ground. The REMOTE SELECT A/B control lines will be output on edge Connector B as shown in table 5 and its coded output will go out as a Conversational output of edge Connector A.

The COPY button will be similar to the rest of the momentary action encoded keyboard switches but it too is required to perform an additional control function. When this key is depressed its code will be sent to the computer as a Conversational type output and an output control line will be grounded for the duration of the key depression. The COPY key cap has been depicted as a two switch module cover. This allows one switch module to be encoded as a Conversational type key and the other switch module to be a switch to an isolated ground for the control function. Again, like the REMOTE SELECT A/B switch, the COPY control line will be output on edge Connector B as shown in table 5 and its coded output will go out as a Conversational output on edge Connector A.

3.2.4.3 Audible Alarm - It is required that the control panel produce an audible alarm. The addresses for this alarm is given in table 3. Each time the alarm is addressed it shall sound for a period of 250 ± 50 msec. The alarm time-out period shall be retriggeable so that a continuous alarm may be sounded by repeatedly addressing the alarm within periods of 200 ms. The audible device shall be a Mallory SNP428 alarm or equivalent. Placement of audible device shall be recommended and upon approval of Interstate be carried out by the control panel assembly supplier.

3.2.4 Data Input Timing

3.2.4.1 POWER ON and the ATTENDED/UNATTENDED Switch/Indicators - As has been discussed earlier all indicators with the exception of the POWER ON and the ATTENDED/UNATTENDED switch/indicators shall be controlled by a device external to the control panel complex. Each of the externally controlled indicators was given an address. These addresses are listed in table 3. Input timing information must now be supplied.

The address codes $I_1 - I_6$, as given in table 3, shall be supplied by the external device to the keyboard via edge Connector C as shown in table 6. The shortest interval between new address codes shall be no less than one computer instruction time, or approximately $10 \mu s$. With the exception of this pulse repetition interval minimum, the characteristics for the New Data Ready (NDRDY) signal shall be the same as the Output Ready Signal. With each new address presented a New Data Ready signal shall be supplied by the external device to the keyboard complex via edge Connector C as shown in table 6.

In order to facilitate design and to insure Interstate's adaptability to the keyboard interface, an addressable latch scheme to decode and hold the given inputs is shown in figure 6.

3.2.4.2 Master Clear - A Master Clear pulse, "MCLR", shall be supplied by the external device to initialize all keyboard logic functions. This Master Clear pulse shall be input on Connector C as shown in table 6. The signal is processor generated and its characteristics are yet to be defined.

3.2.5 Power

3.2.5.1 Overall System - As was mentioned in section 1.0, the keyboard vendor must provide a terminal strip for power input. Interstate will supply ± 12 volts and +5 volts, all at approximately 5 percent regulation, to be used for keyboard logic supply. Further, there will be an unregulated +5 volts supplied that is to be used to drive all addressable indicator lamps and the indicator lamps for the legends on the Changeable Function keys.

The keyboard vendor shall supply a worst case current drain and a typical current drain within four weeks after award of contract for each of the aforementioned voltage levels that the vendor elects to use. Further, if at any time the vendor feels that there will be additional voltage requirements these requirements must immediately be brought to the attention of Interstate's personnel.

3.2.5.2 Logic Family - Wherever availability, speed, and drive considerations will permit, it is desired that all logic elements be of the low power Schottky TTL family.

3.3 MATERIALS

Corrosion resisting materials and finishes shall be utilized wherever practical. Metal-to-metal contact of dissimilar metals shall be governed by the criteria of MIL-E-16400. Fungus nutrient materials, mercury, and radio active materials shall not be used in any form.

3.4 NAMEPLATES AND PRODUCT MARKING

There shall be no visible nameplates or product vendor markings.

3.5 PAINT

The control panel, ashtray and cupholder panel, and the Zoom keyboard and Trackball panel edge and front are to be painted light brown, Color Chip 26521, per FED-STD-595, Federal Specification IT-E-5029, Class B, semigloss enamel.

3.6 WORKMANSHIP

Workmanship shall be in accordance with best commercial practices consistent with vendors normal design and production techniques.

4.0 QUALITY ASSURANCE PROVISIONS

Unless otherwise specified in the purchase order, the supplier is responsible for assuring conformance to all requirements specified herein. Interstate reserves the right to perform any tests and inspections deemed necessary to assure that these requirements are met.

5.0 PREPARATION FOR DELIVERY

Each unit shipped shall be individually packaged and packed in accordance with standard commercial practices which will assure adequate protection against damage during shipment. The packaging shall conform to applicable carrier rules and regulations.

6.0 NOTES

7.0 APPROVED PARTS LIST

<u>Item</u>	<u>Manufacturer</u>	<u>Mfg Part Number</u>
Changeable Function Switch/Indicators	Industrial Electronic Engineers (IEE)	2200 Series Rear (Interstate Projection to supply) Switch/Indicator
Fixed Function Switch/Indicators	Microswitch Corporation	AML11GBA2AA
Row of 16 Indicator Lamps and A or B Monitor Indicators	Microswitch Corporation	AML41FBA2
Trackball	Measurement Systems Inc.	Model 628-4 (Interstate to supply)
Monitor Indicator	Microswitch Corporation	AML41CBA2
Power Switch/ Indicator	Microswitch Corporation	AML21CBA2AD



IEE
Satisfying the ATO

INTERSTATE
ELECTRONICS
CORPORATION

REV

SHEET

6.2 SUBSTITUTABILITY

Only those items listed in the Approved Parts List are approved by Interstate for use in the applications specified herein. A substitute item shall not be used without prior approval by Interstate Electronics Corporation.

6.3 AVAILABILITY

Identification of the approved parts herein is not to be construed as a guarantee of continued availability for the items described.

6.4 APPROVED SOURCE OF SUPPLY

<u>Interstate Part No.</u>	<u>Vendor</u>	<u>Vendor Part No.</u>	<u>Description</u>
684-006-001	Parko Electronics	101563	Remote Panel
684-006-002	Parko Electronics	101562	Keyboard Panel
684-006-003	Parko Electronics	101565	Trackball Panel
684-006-004	Parko Electronics	101564	Ashtray/Cupholder

TABLE 1. CHARACTER CODES

KEYBOARD			CODE		
No Shift	Regular Shift	Symbol Shift	<i>A</i> No Shift	Regular Shift	Symbol Shift
Space	Space	Space	040	040	040
0	0		060	060	060
1	!		041	041	041
2	"		061	042	042
3			063	043	043
4	;	-	064	044	044
5			065	045	045
6	8		066	046	046
7	'	:	067	047	047
8	/	>	070	050	050
9	^	+*	71	041	051
.	3		72	052	
:	+		73	053	053
,				74	054
-	=		75	055	055
+			76	056	056
1	2		77	057	057

KEYBOARD			A	CODE	
No Shift	Regular Shift	Symbol Shift	No Shift	Regular Shift	Symbol Shift
7	(grave)		100	140	
A	A		101	141	301
B	B		102	142	302
C	C		103	143	303
D	D		104	144	304
E	E		105	145	305
F	F		106	146	306
G	G		107	147	307
	H		110	140	310
I	I		111	141	
J	J		112	142	312
	K		113	143	313
	L		114	144	314
M	M		115	145	315
N	N		116	146	316
O	O		117	147	
P	P		120	120	
Q	Q		121	121	321
R	R		122	122	322
S	S		123	123	323
T	T		124	124	324
U	U		125	125	325
V	V		126	126	326

KEYBOARD			CODE		
No Shift	Regular Shift	Symbol Shift	A No Shift	Regular Shift	Symbol Shift
W	W	W	127	127	327
X	X	X	130	130	330
Y	Y	Y	131	131	331
Z	Z	Z	132	132	332
		+	133	173	373
	|		134	174	374
			135	175	
			136	176	
Backspace			010		
Tab			011		
Line Down= Line Feed			012		
Line Up			013		
Reset= Form Feed			014		
Carriage Return			015		
Delete			017		
F0			021		
F1			022		
F2			023		
F3			024		
F4			025		
F5			026		
F6			027		
F7			028		

KEYBOARD			CODE		
No Shift	Regular Shift	Symbol Shift	No Shift	Regular Shift	Symbol Shift
EO			031	S	
EP			032	S	
Send					
Index			034		
Send			035		
Tab Set			036		
Unlabeled Button			03	D	
Screen A			134	D	
Attend			135	SPECIAL - NEXT BOARD (D)	
Screen B			136	D	
Unattend			137	SPECIAL - NEXT BOARD (D)	
Line Clear			141	C	
Clear Screen			142	C	
Clear All			143		
Line Skip			144		
Skip			145		
New Line			000	D	
Copy			150	D	
Edit Down			153	C	SPECIAL
Repeat Down			156	C	SPECIAL
Edit Up			157	C	
Repeat Up			158	C	
Special 1			164		
Special 2			165		

KEYBOARD

CODE

No Shift	Regular Shift	Symbol Shift	No Shift	Regular Shift	Symbol Shift
Special 3			166		
Special 4			167		
Symbol Shift			None		
Shift			None		
Shift Lock			None		
Remote Select A			151	SPECIAL D	
Remote Select B			151	APPROX	
CCTV			None		
Remote Screen			None		
REMOTE ENABLE SCREEN			None		
REMOTE ENABLE CCTV			None		

TABLE 2. CONNECTOR A

PIN NO.	SIGNAL	PIN NO.	SIGNAL
1	AS1	21	CF2
2	AS2	22	CF3
3	AS3	23	TH1
4	AS4	24	TH2
5	AS5	25	TH3
6	AS6	26	GND
7	SV1	27	CFORS
8	GND	28	GND
9	CFORS	29	ZOOM 0
10	GND	30	ZOOM 1
11	FFA	31	ZOOM 2
12	FF1	32	ZOOM 3
13	FF2	33	GND
14	FF3	34	ZORS
15	GND	35	GTP
16	FFORS	36	SPARE
17	GTP	37	SPARE
18	CF1	38	SPARE
19	CF2	39	SPARE
20	CF3	40	SPARE

7-bit Modified ASCII Code

TB1

Symbol Shift Bit

Conversational Output Ready Signal

Fixed Function Key Code

Fixed Function Output Ready Signal

Changeable Function Key Code

Changeable Function Thumbwheel

TB2

Changeable Function Output Ready Signal

Zoom Key Code

Zoom

Zoom Output Ready Signal

TABLE 3. INDICATOR ADDRESS CODING

I_1	I_2	I_3	I_4	I_5	I_6	I_7	I_8	I_9	I_{10}	I_{11}	I_{12}	I_{13}	I_{14}	I_{15}	Indicator Lamp
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	3
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	4
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	5
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	6
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	7
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	8
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	9
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	10
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	11
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	12
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	13
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	14
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	15

Fixed Function Key 0

Changeable Function Key 0

Indicator Lamp 0

Alert
Monitor B
Busy
Alert

Audible Alarm

TABLE 4. FUNCTION KEYBOARD CHANGEABLE SWITCH/INDICATOR READOUTS

Switch Indicator	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
0 0 0 0	QUERY	A2	TITLE	A4	SELECT FILE	A6	A7	A8	FUNCT KEY TEST	A9
0 0 0 1		B2	B3	B4	ADD	B6	B7	B8	CURVES	B9
0 0 1 0		C2	C3	C4	CHG	C6	C7	C8	RESOLV	C9
0 0 1 1	POLAR	D2	D3	D4	DEL	D6	D7	D8	ALPHA	D9
0 1 0 0	TERR LIMITS	HST	SPFY	E4	INDEX	E6	E7	E8	KEY BOARD TEST	E9
0 1 0 1	AREA CLSRE	F2	F3	F4	F5	F6	F7	F8	LINES	F9
0 1 1 0	LAT/ LONG LINES	G2	G3	G4	G5	G6	G7	G8	FOCUS	G9
0 1 1 1	TRACK SUPPR	H2	H3	H4	H5	H6	H7	H8	TEST 1	H9
1 0 0 0	RANGE CIRCLE	BRNG WIDTH	BAR GRAPH	I4	FINISH	I6	I7	I8	DEMO	I9
1 0 0 1	TARGET UNCTY	J2	J3	J4	J5	J6	J7	J8	PARTL ERASE	J9
1 0 1 0	MODIFY	K2	K3	K4	K5	K6	K7	K8	GRAY LEVELS	K9
1 0 1 1	BRNG	L2	L3	L4	L5	L6	L7	L8	TEST 2	L9
1 1 0 0	CALC	M2	LINE GRAPH	M4	M5	M6	M7	M8	CURSOR	M9
1 1 0 1	DR	N2	N3	N4	N5	N6	N7	N8	FULL ERASE	N9
1 1 1 0	POINT/ SLIP NAMES	O2	O3	O4	O5	O6	O7	O8	GRAY UNRTY	O9
1 1 1 1	LINE	P2	P3	P4	P5	P6	P7	P8	SO RE COMM TEST	P9

TABLE 5. CONNECTOR B

PIN NO.	SIGNAL	PIN NO.	SIGNAL
1	+X, Pulse-Right Direction	21	SPARE
2	-X, Pulse-Left Direction	22	SPARE
3	SPARE	23	SPARE
4	SPARE	24	SPARE
5	SPARE	25	SPARE
6	+Y, Pulse FWD Direction	26	SPARE
7	-Y, Pulse AFT Direction	27	SPARE
8	SPARE	28	SPARE
9	SPARE	29	SPARE
10	SPARE	30	SPARE
11	SPARE	31	SPARE
12	SPARE	32	Enable Remote Screen
13	SPARE	33	Remote Enable Return
14	SPARE	34	Enable C.C.I.V. -
15	SPARE	35	SPARE
16	SPARE	36	SELECT A-
17	SPARE	37	Remote Select Return
18	SPARE	38	SELECT B-
19	SPARE	39	Copy Control Return
20	SPARE	40	Copy

new pin
1-8

32
33
34

36
37
38

782

TABLE 6. CONNECTOR C

PIN NO.	SIGNAL	PIN NO.	SIGNAL
1 I0	Σ TB2	21 SPARE	+5 TB3 1
2 I1		22 SPARE	+5
3 I2		23 SPARE	+5
4 I3		24 SPARE	
5 I4		25 SPARE	
6 I5	17	26 SPARE	
7 KEY O/F		27 SPARE	
8 GND.		28 SPARE	
9 NDRDY		29 SPARE	
10 GND.		30 SPARE	
11 SPARE		31 SPARE	+5
12 SPARE		32 SPARE	
13 SPARE		33 SPARE	
14 SPARE		34 SPARE	
15 SPARE		35 SPARE	
16 SPARE	TB3 1	36 SPARE	
17 SPARE		37 SPARE	
18 SPARE		38 GND.	
19 SPARE		39 MCLR	
20 SPARE		40 GND.	

APPENDIX A

Human Factors Engineering

In developing the design of the SEA WATCH Console, two types of human engineering analyses were conducted. First, the physical configuration of the console and return was analyzed in order to evaluate the human engineering aspects of that particular design in terms of the requirements. Secondly, a human engineering analysis was conducted for the operator and the physical tasks which he is required to perform, using an adjustable mock-up of the console, control panel and return.

It was concluded that the underside of the control panel turret should be 27.5 inches from the floor. That height is suitable for long-term operation for approximately 90 percent of the operators, that is, those between the fifth percentile and the ninety-fifth percentile. By permitting the turret to raise and lower slightly, all users should be able to find a comfortable position. The design provides for the top horizontal surface of the control panel to be at the same level as the return. An eight inch deep notch will be cut in the return to bring the writing surface closer to the operator. This feature was adopted after conducting tests on an adjustable mock-up. The notch reduces the amount of motion required of the operator when moving frequently from the keyboard to the return. In that connection, it is recommended that adjustable swivel chairs on rollers be provided to the operators in order, to further reduce fatigue.

The design of the control panel, as shown in figure 3-6, consists of a central sloped panel and two horizontal 8-inch wide surfaces. All of the major components are placed on the central sloped panel, while the zoom/cursor controls and the ashtray/cup receptacle are located on the right and left sides, respectively. That surface is at a height of 29.5 inches, which is the same height as the top surface of the return. This allows the return to mate to the console with a flush surface.

The following comments will serve to explain the rationale behind the proposed arrangement of the control panel. In order to optimize the location of all controls for both the right- and left-handed operators, the function panel and the set of sixteen indicator lights have been reconfigured and relocated.

By relocating and reconfiguring these items into three rows of sixteen modules directly above the keyboard, a bias in favor of a left-handed operator has been eliminated. With the controls as shown in figure 3-6, it is now possible for either a right- or left-handed operator to work the function keyboard with equal ease.

Additionally, there is an inherent limitation in rear projection devices such as the one used for the function on switches. They are quite directional and should not normally be viewed from an angle greater than 35 degrees from a line perpendicular to the face of the device. By relocating these indicators so that the array is centered laterally on the sloped section of the control panel, it becomes possible for the operator to read the displays without moving from his normal seated position.

The zoom controls and trackball can be located either on the right side for a right-handed operator as shown in figure 3-6, or on the left side in the case of a left-handed operator. In each case, a combination ashtray and cup receptacle panel which is mechanically interchangeable with the trackball/zoom control panel would

be installed on the opposite side of the control panel as a convenience to the operator and as a means to minimize and control the location of possible spillage. The interchange of the zoom controls and trackball with the convenience tray can be made at any time after installation. A serviceman is required to make the change.

In addition to the considerations given to increasing the operator's efficiency during his active use of the controls, consideration must also be given to the operator's passive actions (i.e., the viewing of the CRT displays). In order to present the operator with the most readable display under the given condition, a hood has been provided over the screens of the displays in order to reduce the amount of ambient light striking the surface of the screens. The use of a hood improves the apparent contrast of the display while at the same time reducing or eliminating reflected highlights. The overall effect on the operator will be to reduce eye fatigue and to reduce the possibility of errors in interpreting the displayed information. The hood will be able to be raised and pushed back over the top of the consoles when it is desired to permit standing persons full view of the screens. See figure 3-14(a).

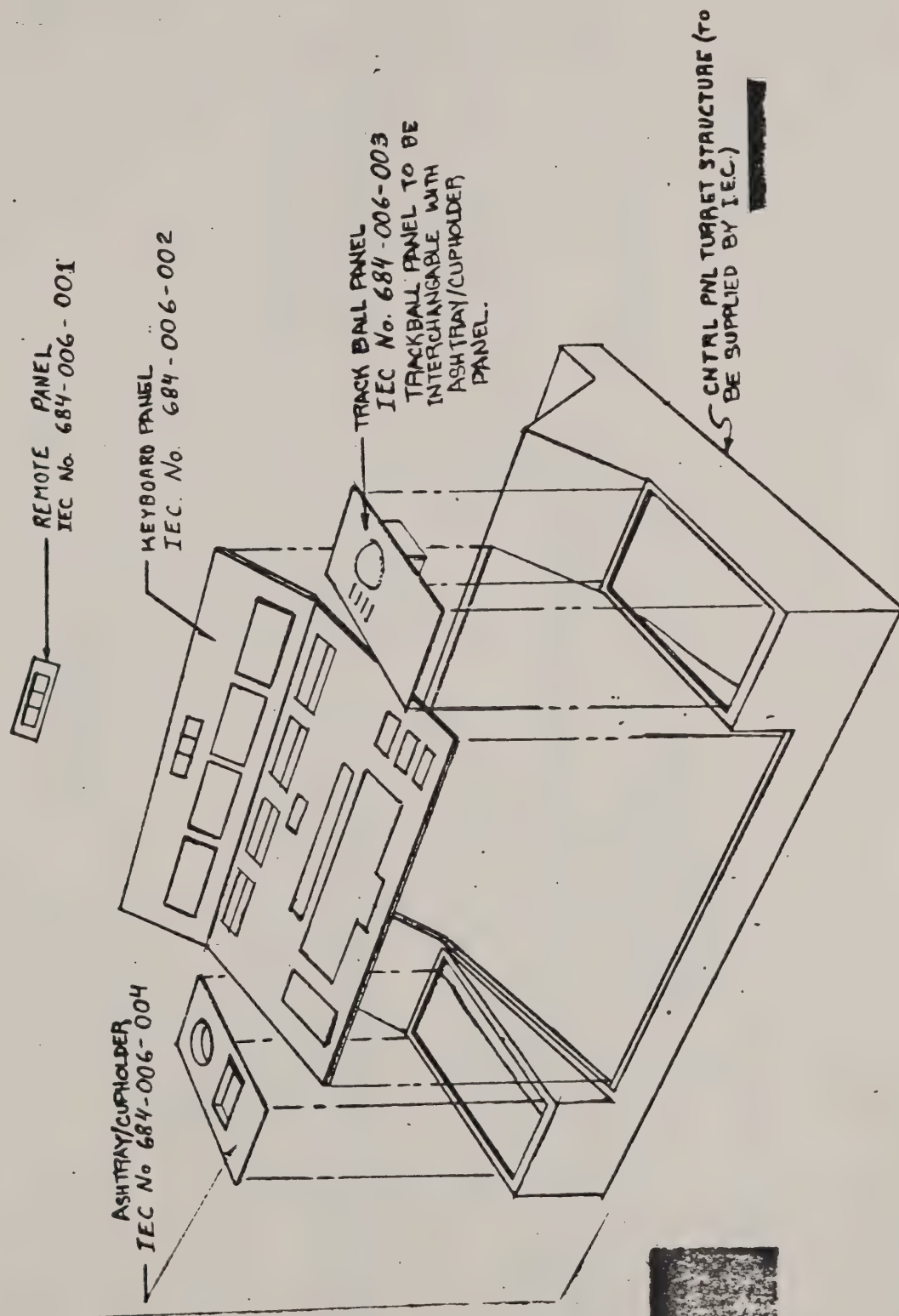


Figure A.

Control Panel Assembly

INTERSTATE
ELECTRONICS
CORPORATION
SUBSIDIARY OF **ATO**

DOCUMENT NO.

684-006

REV

-

SHEET

25

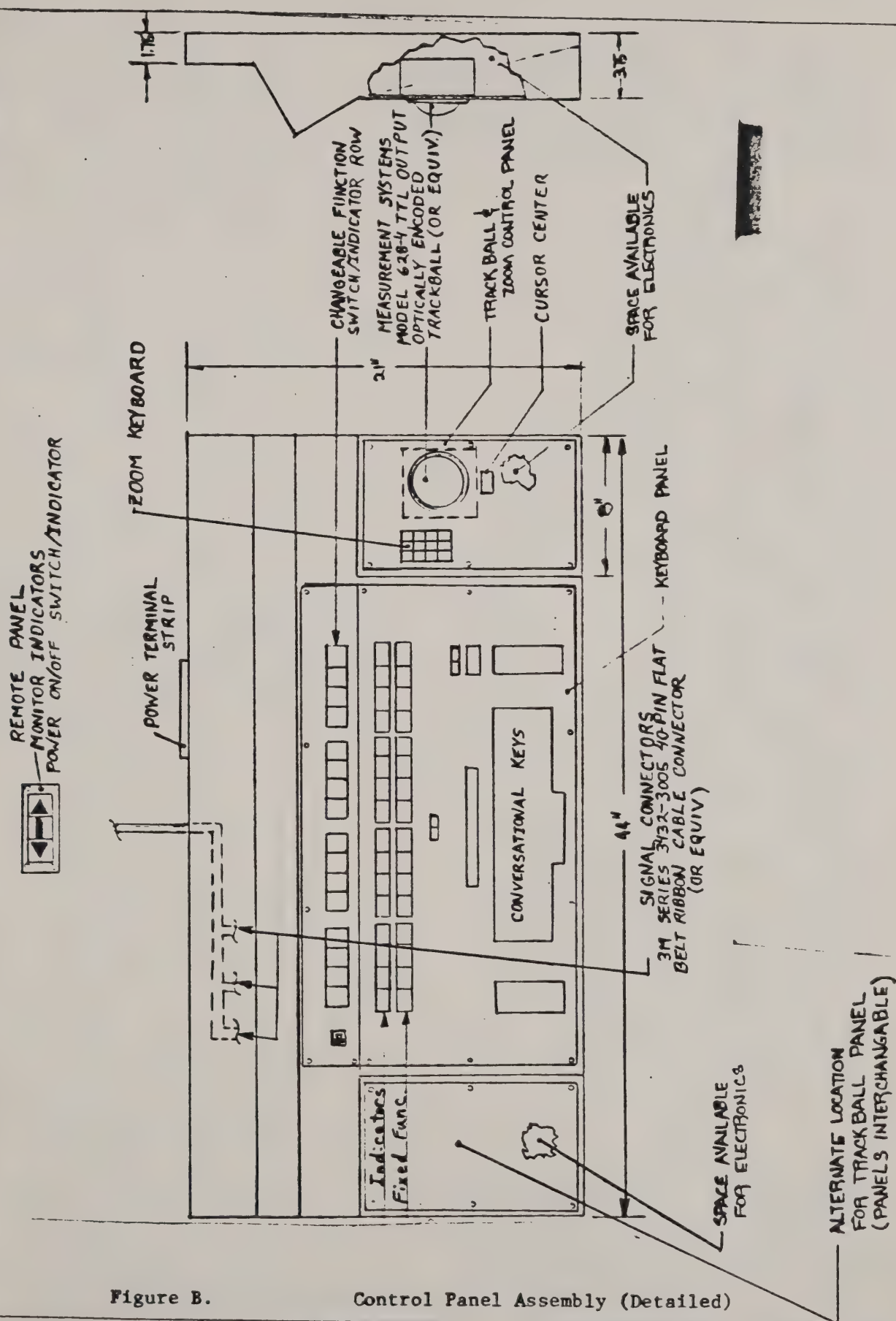


Figure B.

Control Panel Assembly (Detailed)

INTERSTATE
ELECTRONICS
CORPORATION
SUBSIDIARY OF ATO

DOCUMENT NO.

684-006

REV

-

SHEET

26

The diagram illustrates a specialized computer terminal interface. Key components include:

- Indicator Section (Left):** Features two rows of indicator lights. The top row is labeled 'CHANGEABLE FUNC. SWITCH / INDICATORS' with 'ON-AMBER' and 'OFF-CYAN' states. The bottom row is labeled 'INDICATORS' with 'ON-AMBER' and 'OFF-UNLIT' states.
- Keyboard Section (Center):** A full QWERTY layout with additional function keys (F1-F10) and a numeric keypad. Special keys include 'SYM', 'SHIFT LOCK', and 'REPEAT'.
- Control Section (Right):** Contains buttons for 'SEND INDEX', 'SEND', 'REMOTE SELECT', 'REMOTE ENABLE', 'COPY', 'NEW LINE', 'SCRN A', and 'SCRN B'.

Figure C. Conversational and Special Keyboard

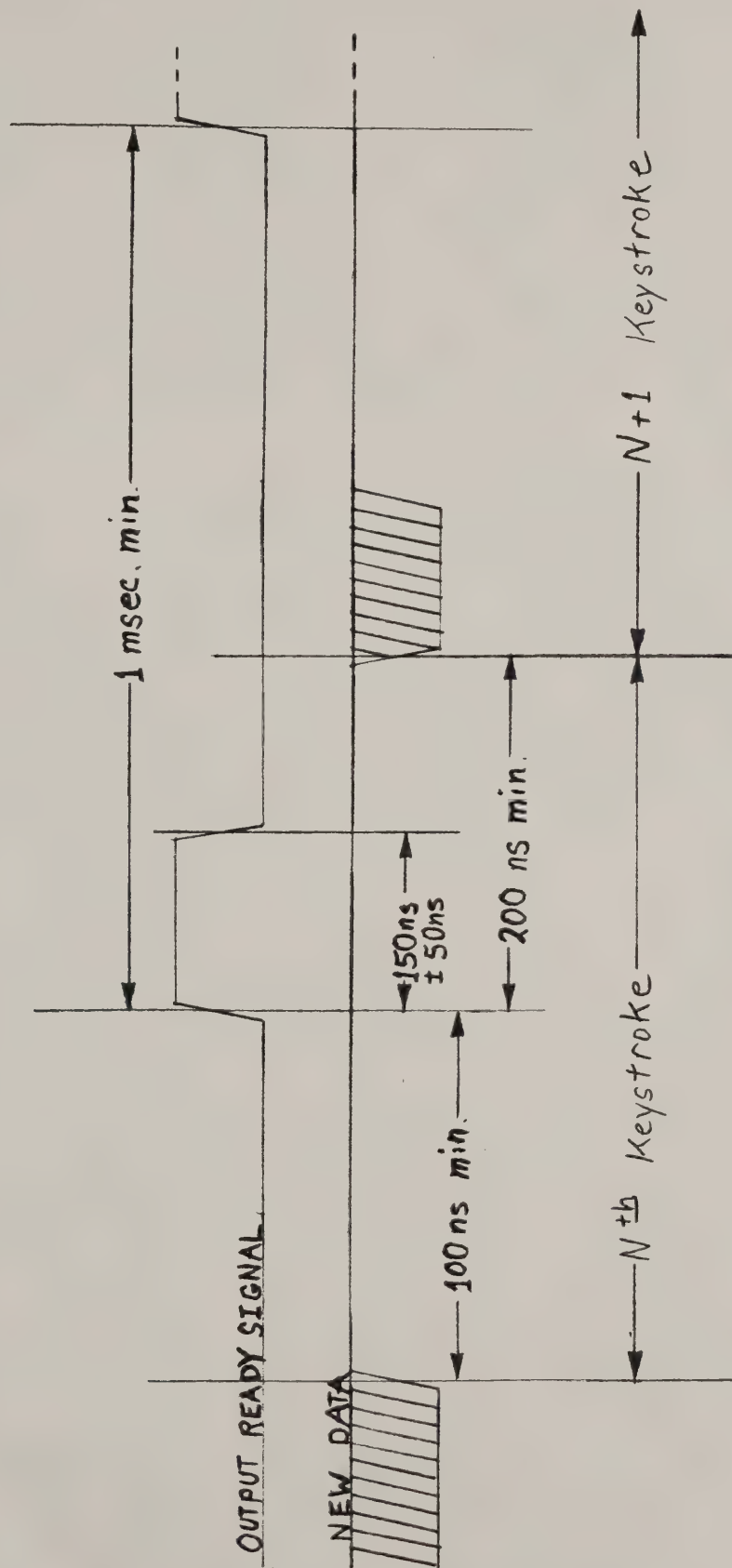


Figure D. Keyboard Output Timing

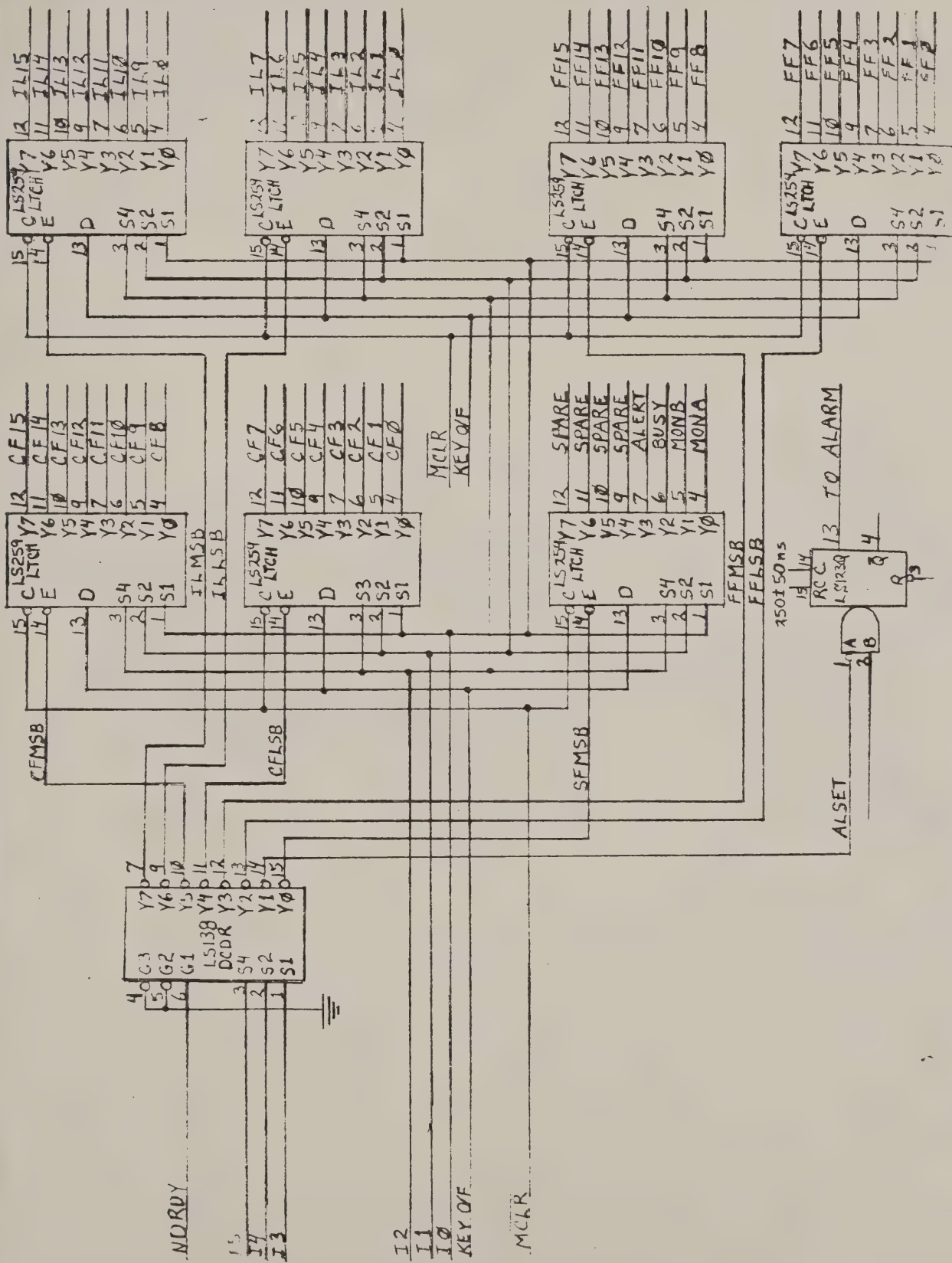


Figure E. Indicator Addressing

MICRO SWITCH

PANELS AND PC BOARDS

This data sheet contains information to aid the customer in designing and building keyboards using MICRO SWITCH SD keyboard modules.

An SD keyboard consists of SD switch modules, buttons, a mounting panel (incorporating precisely located holes for module location) and a printed circuit board. Once the basic layout has been defined and the mechanical constraints determined, the SD mounting panel and PC Board can be designed.



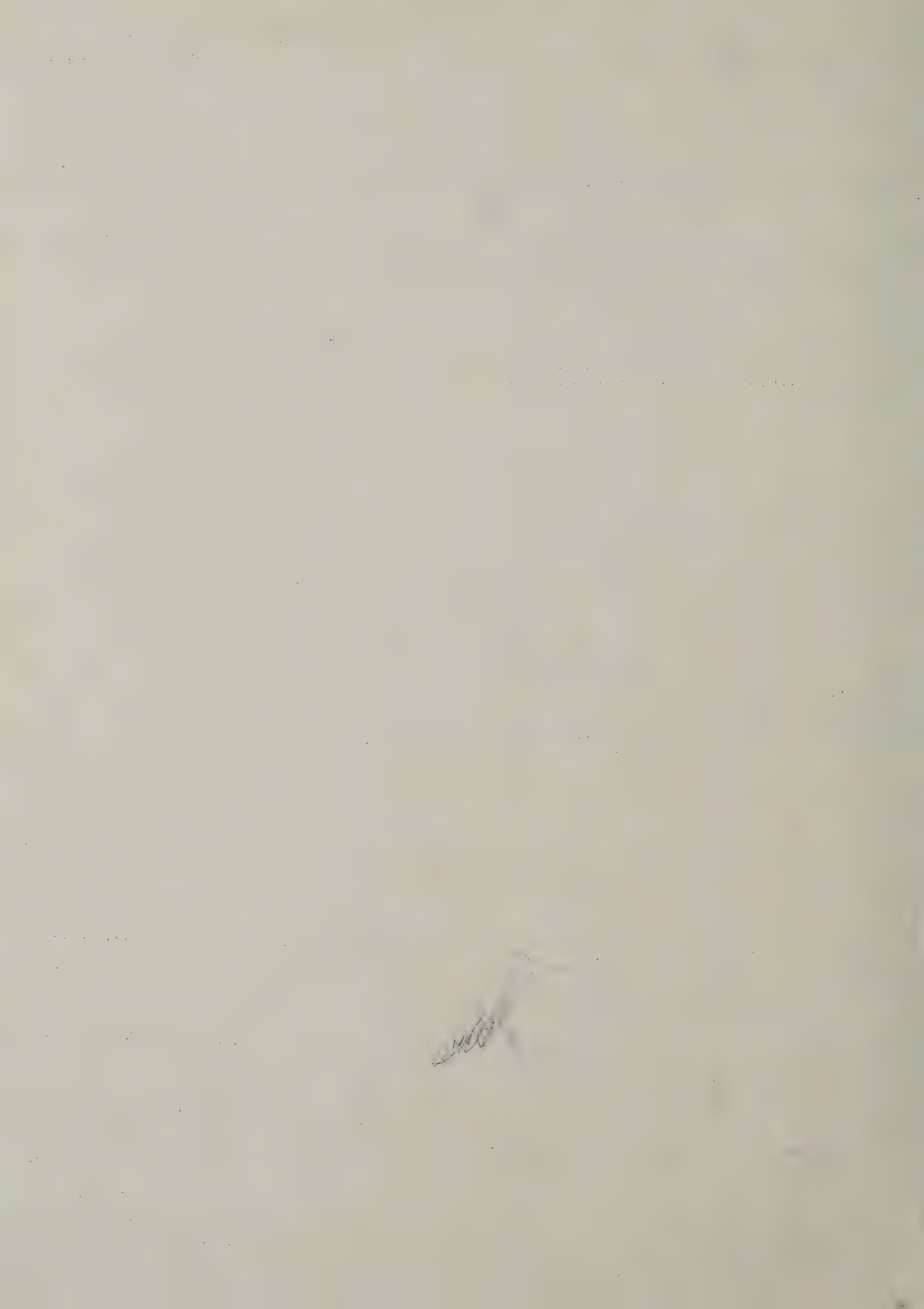
Figure 1
Typical SD Keyboard

Panel Design

In order to maintain the mechanical integrity of the keyboard, a mounting panel must be used. This panel precisely locates the switch modules and should be firmly attached to the PC board. Design requirements are:

1. Material - .050 thick steel - 1/2 hard. If cold rolled steel is used, a .002 inch thick coating of black epoxy is recommended.
2. The holes for mounting the module must be $.620 \pm .002$ square before coating and must be precisely located to assure the switch terminals will align with the PC board.

Three different methods of attaching the panel to a printed circuit board can be used: rivets, retaining screws and/or spacers, and spread tabs. The recommended method is spread tabs. Figure 2 is a typical panel drawing with spread tabs showing how to locate the module mounting holes and the detail of the spread tab feature.



The locations of the spread tabs are dictated by the specific panel and printed circuit board application. Spread tab locations must correspond to the spread tab holes in the PC Board which in turn relate to the switch terminal holes in the PC board. General recommendations for spread tab location are as follows:

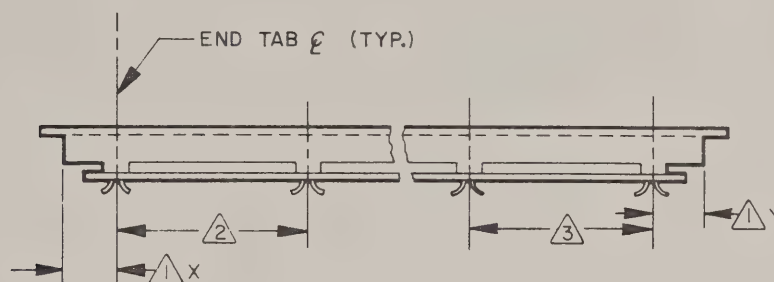


Figure 4
General Spread Tab Location

1. The center line of the panel and tabs should be located less than 1.0 inch from the end of the panel form. Dimension (X) should equal dimension (Y). See Figure 4, dimension 1.
2. The intermediate tabs should be placed 3.0 inches on center referenced from the end tab. See Figure 4, dimension 2.
3. Additional tabs are required if the distance between the last intermediate tab and the opposite end tab is greater than 4.0 inches. See Figure 4, dimension 3.
4. The spread tabs should be placed symmetrically along the front and back edges of the panel.

MICRO SWITCH uses plastic retainer pins (catalog listing SD-10381) to provide support to the printed circuit board during wave soldering, handling and use. These pins assemble through the PC board to the module housing as illustrated in Figure 5.

Note: A .125 dia. hole is required in the PC board for each retainer pin used (see Fig. 6 for hole location).

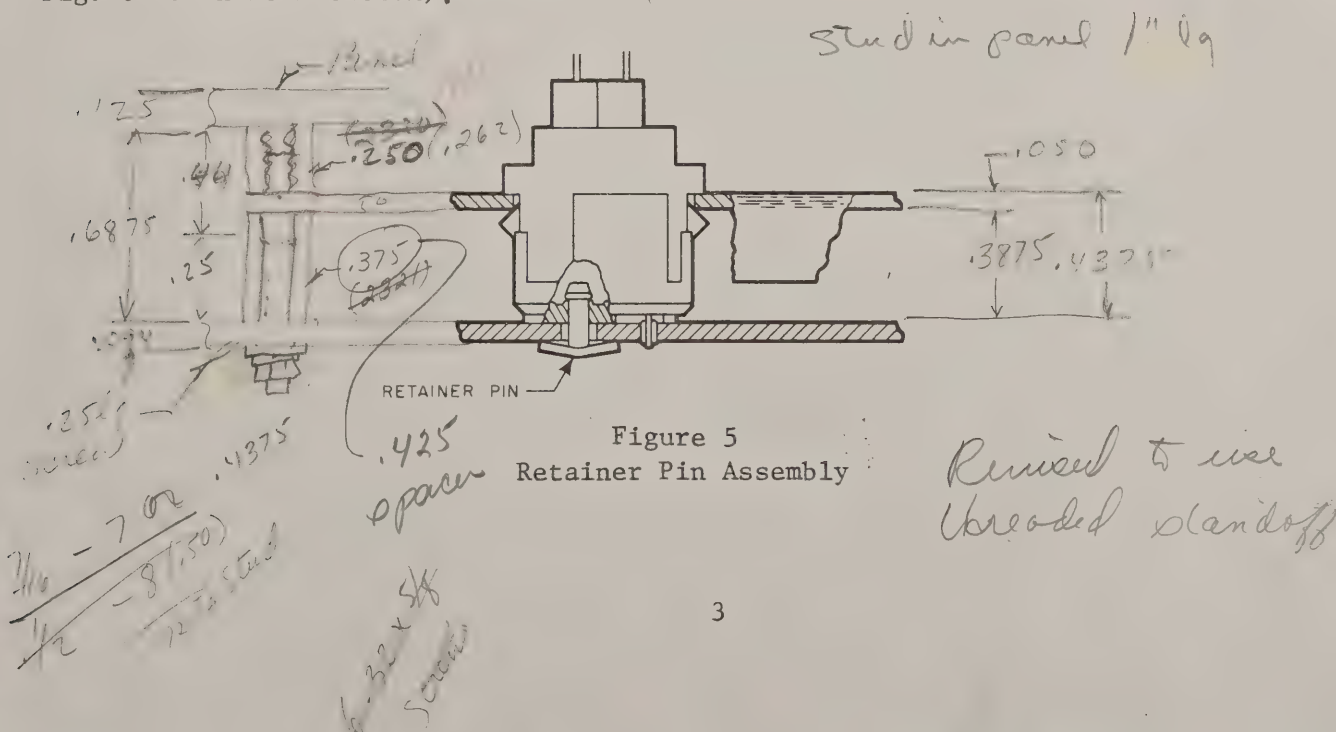


Figure 5
Retainer Pin Assembly

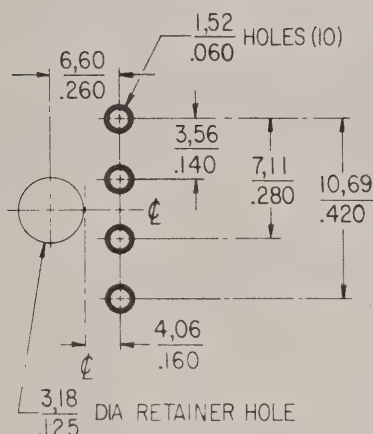
A retainer pin is recommended in a module under the following conditions:

1. Row end modules in the center row of a 5 row keyboard. An additional retainer pin should be added for every additional two rows of modules.
Example: a 5 row keyboard - add one retainer pin in each end module of the center row.
A 7 row keyboard - add one retainer pin in each end module of rows 3 and 5.
2. The retainer pins should be located in the appropriate rows and spaced not less than 2 inches or greater than 4 inches apart throughout the rows.

PC BOARD RECOMMENDATIONS

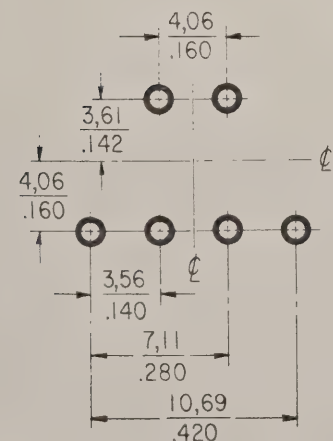
Material: .062 thick.

Recommended hole sizes and locations for the switch modules are shown in Figure 6. Good design practice should be used for pad sizes as well as conducting paths. See Figure 7 for the recommended hole for spread tabs.



TOLERANCES				
APPLY TO DESIGN UNITS. CONVERSIONS ARE ONLY FOR REFERENCE. UNLESS NOTED, TOLERANCES ARE ±				
	DIM. mm	TOL. mm/in	DIM. in	TOL. mm/in
NO PLACES	X	1/.04		
ONE PLACE	X,X	0.4/.016	X, X	0.8/.03
TWO PLACES	X, XX	0.15/.006	X, X, X	0.38/.015
THREE PLACES			X, X, X, X	0.13/.005
ANGLES				
SI METRIC			US CUSTOMARY	
DESIGN UNITS				
RAW MATERIAL—COMMERCIAL STANDARD				
MICRO SWITCH STANDARDS APPLY				
DIMENSIONS ARE TO BE MET BEFORE PROTECTIVE COATINGS ARE APPLIED				

Figure 6
Hole Size and Location



- NOTES
- 1 - HOLES SHOWN FOR SOLDER SIDE OF THE PC BOARD
 - 2 - ϕ REFERENCES THE CENTER LINE OF THE MODULE

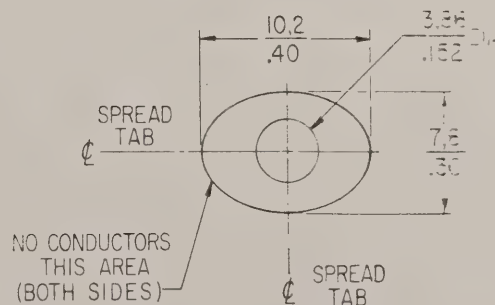


Figure 7
Spread Tab Hole Size

Figure 8 illustrates a typical PC board and the recommended dimensions and tolerances.

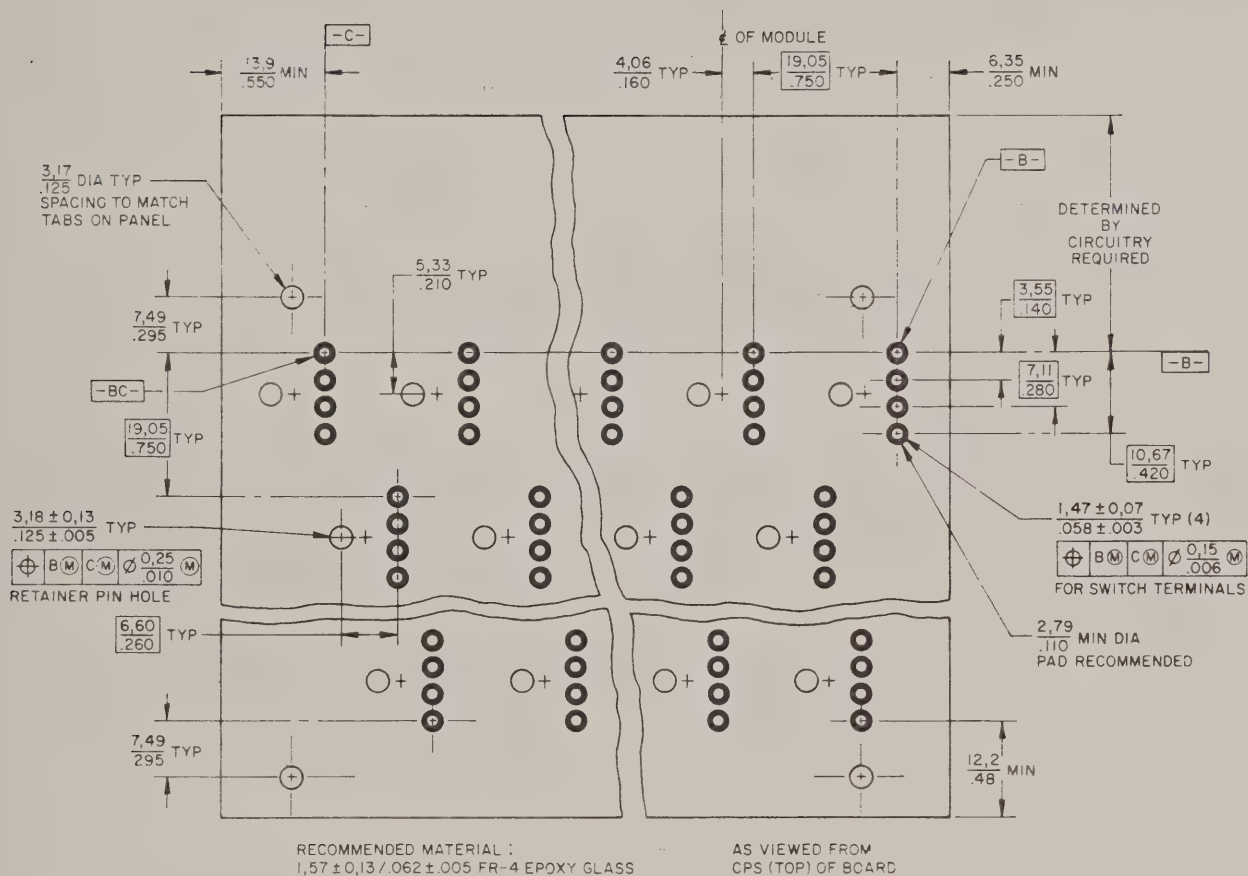


Figure 8
Typical PC Board

SD ASSEMBLY

After all electronic components are inserted into a printed circuit board, the first assembly operation is attaching the PC board to the mounting panel using spread tabs. This insures proper alignment of the panel and PC board for module insertion. Once all tabs are through the circuit board, the panel is secured by forming the tabs. Figure 3 illustrates.

The next step is to snap the appropriate module in its panel location. Care should be exercised to make sure the terminals align to the PC board.

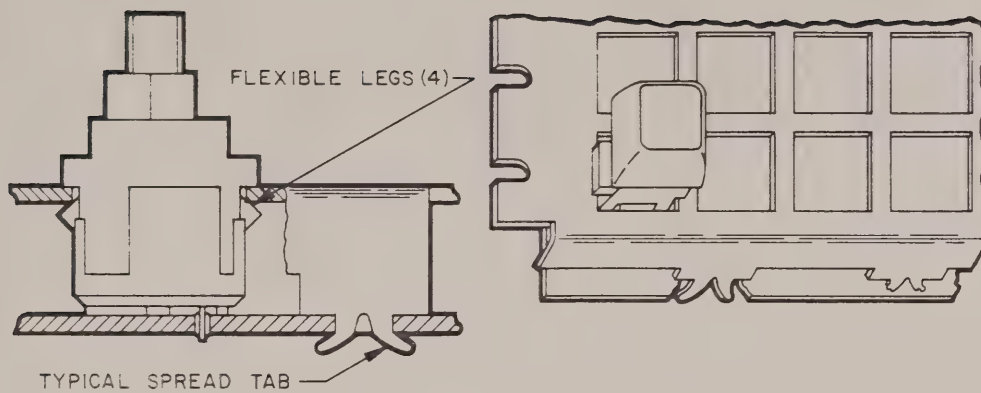


Figure 9
Assembled SD Module

When assembled, the SD module is located within the panel and retained by four flexible legs on the module. The dimensional relationship between the module housing and the mounting hole perimeter allows movement of the module by flexing the legs and provides self-alignment to the printed circuit board. See Figure 9. It is at this point that the retainer pins, if any, are inserted.

WAVE SOLDERING AND CLEANING SD MODULES

Care must be taken during wave soldering and cleaning operation of SD modules. If temperatures exceed certain limits, damage may result from unsoldering the leads from the ceramic sensor pack. Excessive flux in the module will cause operation problems after cleaning.

The SD module must not be cleaned in solvent cleaning systems. The solvents attack the chip potting materials and cause electrical failure.

The following wave soldering and cleaning procedures are the only methods recommended for SD modules.

Wave Soldering

Flux, preheat, solder temperatures and speeds are as follows:

1. Flux - London Chemical Co. - Loncoflux - 106A35X, or equivalent.
2. Preheat - Preheaters should be set to give 200°F (95°C) on top of the PC board just prior to board entering the wave.
3. Solder temperature - 500°F (260°C) maximum, preferably 485°F to 500°F.
4. Speed - Set conveyor speed to approximately 4 1/2 ft/min (1,37 meters/min).

Cleaning [Flux Removal]

The flux used for wave soldering is a rosin base flux and is the only one recommended for use with the SD module. Water soluble fluxes are not recommended as they can cause corrosion problems with the finished product.

Generally, there are two types of contaminants on a printed circuit board after wave soldering with rosin base fluxes. The first is an ionized or polar contaminant such as salts, acids or bases deposited on the board during fluxing, handling or printed circuit fabrication. The second is a neutral or non-polar contaminant such as rosin, oil, dust, etc. A satisfactory cleaning operation must remove both polar and non-polar contaminants without further contaminating the assembly.

The cleaning process recommended here removes all types of contaminants listed.

Detergent - London Chemical Co. - Loncoterger - 446 or equivalent.

Recommended Equipment - Dee Electric Aqueous Cleaner, or equivalent.

Equipment to include the following:

1. Wash Section

130°F (55°C) maximum water temperature, 5 to 10% maximum solution, 120 psi nozzle pressure, conveyor speed 3 ft/min. minimum. Recirculating tank.

2. Rinse Section #1

Tap water, not softened, unheated, non-recirculating, with high pressure nozzles (120 psi).

3. Rinse Section #2

Deionized water only. High pressure nozzles (120 psi) unheated, and non-recirculating.

4. Air Knife Section

To remove excessive amounts of water. Note: if the boards do not come out dry, step 5 must follow.

5. Drying Section

160°F drying for 10-15 minutes, preferably in a non-circulating conveyor oven.

In this cleaning system, the detergent in the wash section removes the non-polar contaminants, the first rinse removes the detergent solution and the deionized water rinse removes the polar contaminants. The air knife and dryer remove all moisture from the assembly so that it can be electronically tested.

SPECIAL TOOLS

Special tools are available to assist in keyboard assembly and repair. These tools can be used to easily remove a module or button from a keyboard. Instructions are as follows:

Switch Button Removal

Remove the button from the module being replaced and as many adjacent buttons as required to furnish adequate work space. The buttons can be removed by pulling or prying upward with a padded tool, from their under surface. MICRO SWITCH recommends using the "Keytop Puller." This unique device makes the job of pulling buttons off the keyboard plungers easier. Order SW-10485.

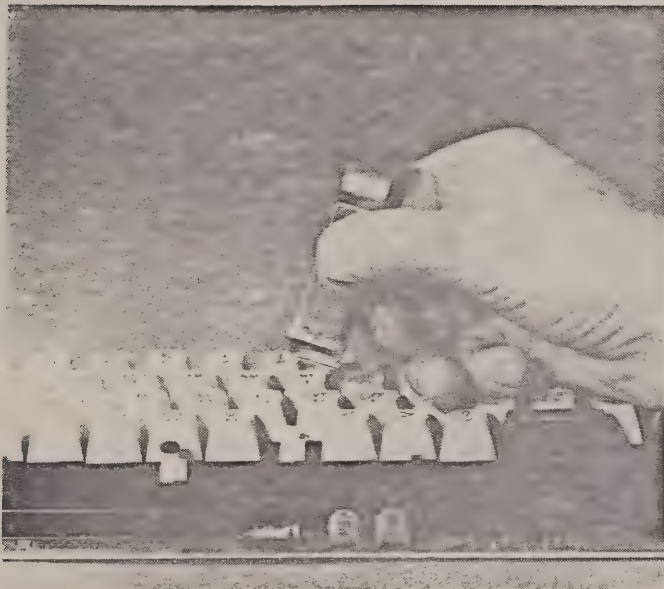


Figure 10
Button Removal

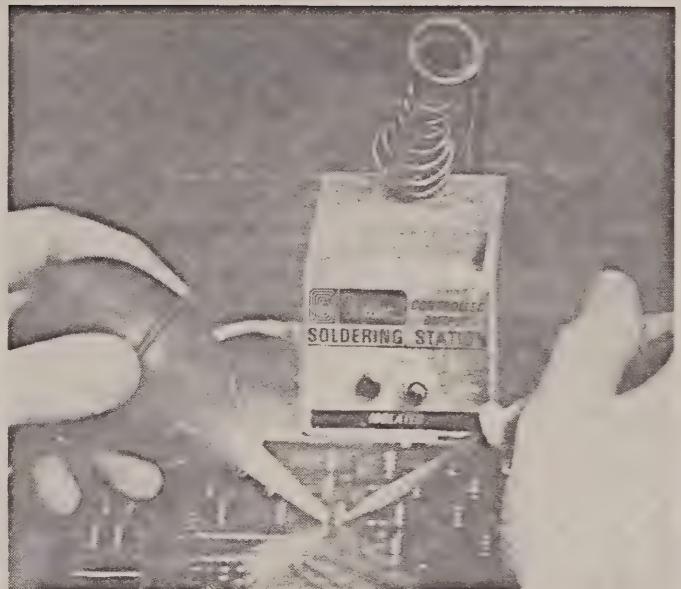


Figure 11
Unsoldering Terminals

Switch Module Removal

Refer to Figure 11. Unsolder the four terminals of the lead frame package from the termination board, using a 750°F controlled temperature iron. Use a solder removal tool to remove all solder from the pin holes in the PC board.

Refer to Figure 12. Insert module removal tool (SD-10101) at each end of the module. With the module removal tools in position, grip the switch module with a pair of pliers and pull straight out (Figure 13).



Figure 12
Inserting Removal Tools

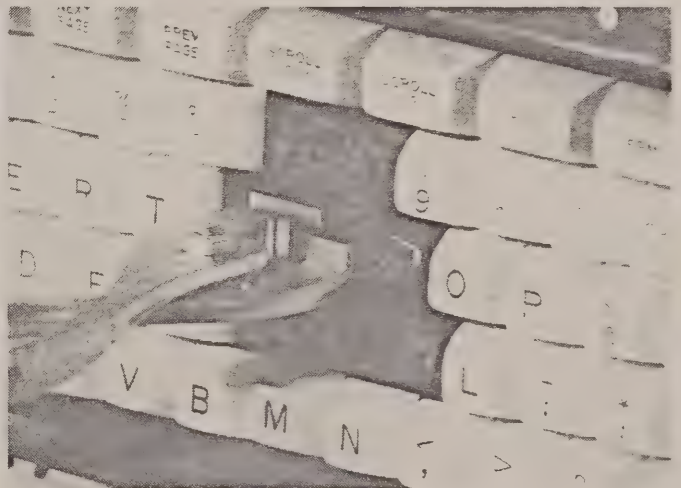
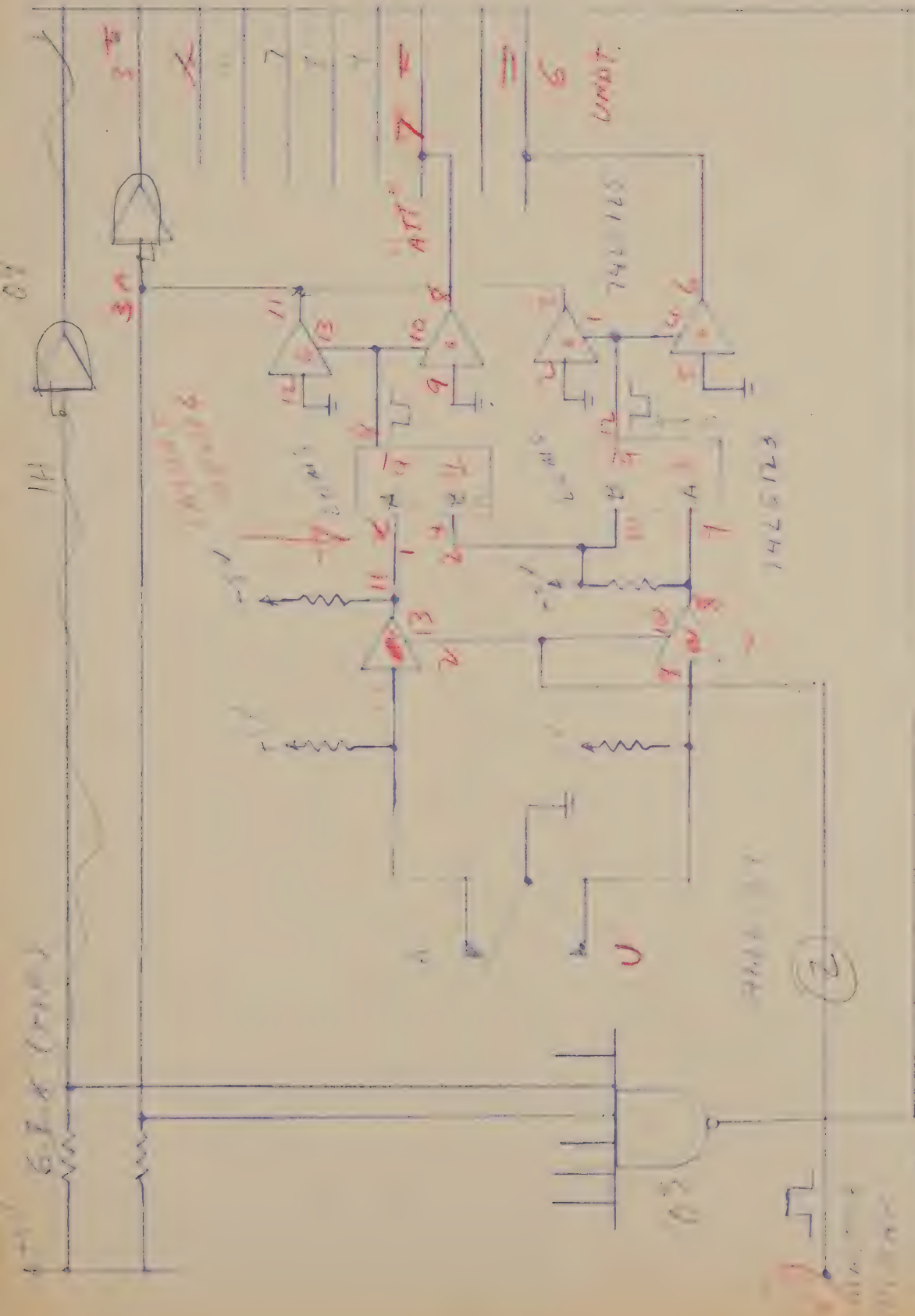


Figure 13
Module Removal

MICRO SWITCH has had years of experience in building keyboards. Application information and assistance is available from our Field Engineers upon request.

While we provide application assistance on MICRO SWITCH products, personally and thru our literature, it is up to the customer to determine the suitability of the product in his application.



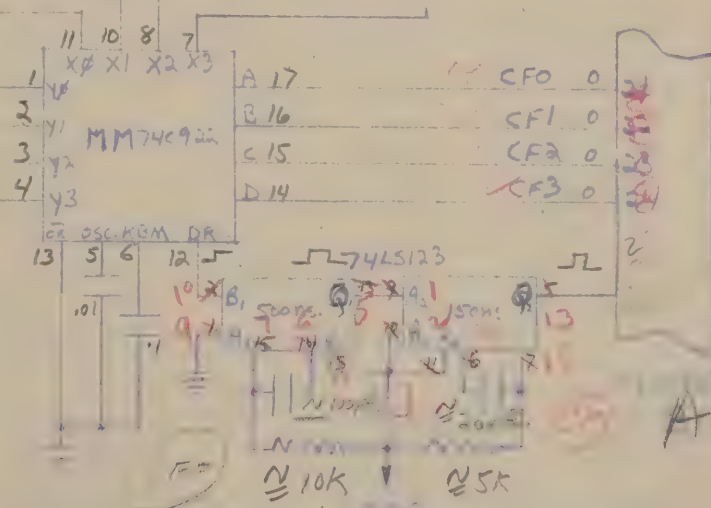
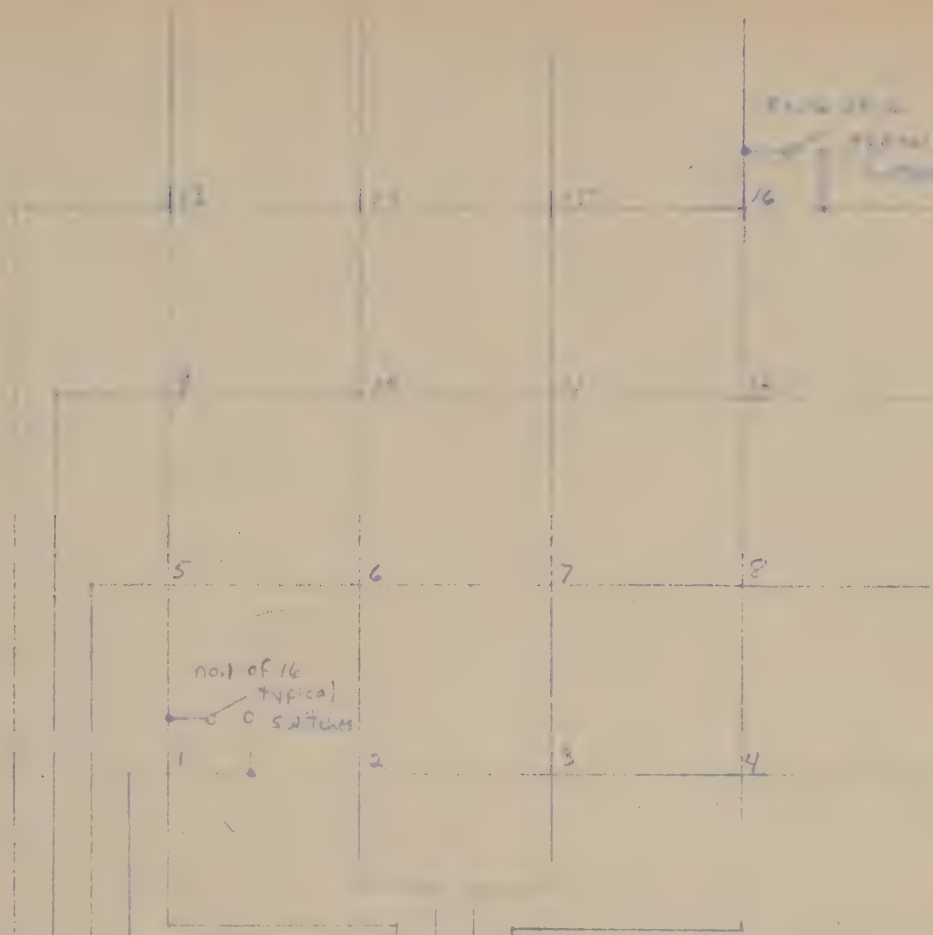
ATTENTION

MODE 1

CONVERSATIONAL KEYBOARD

Done ✓

100 14 12

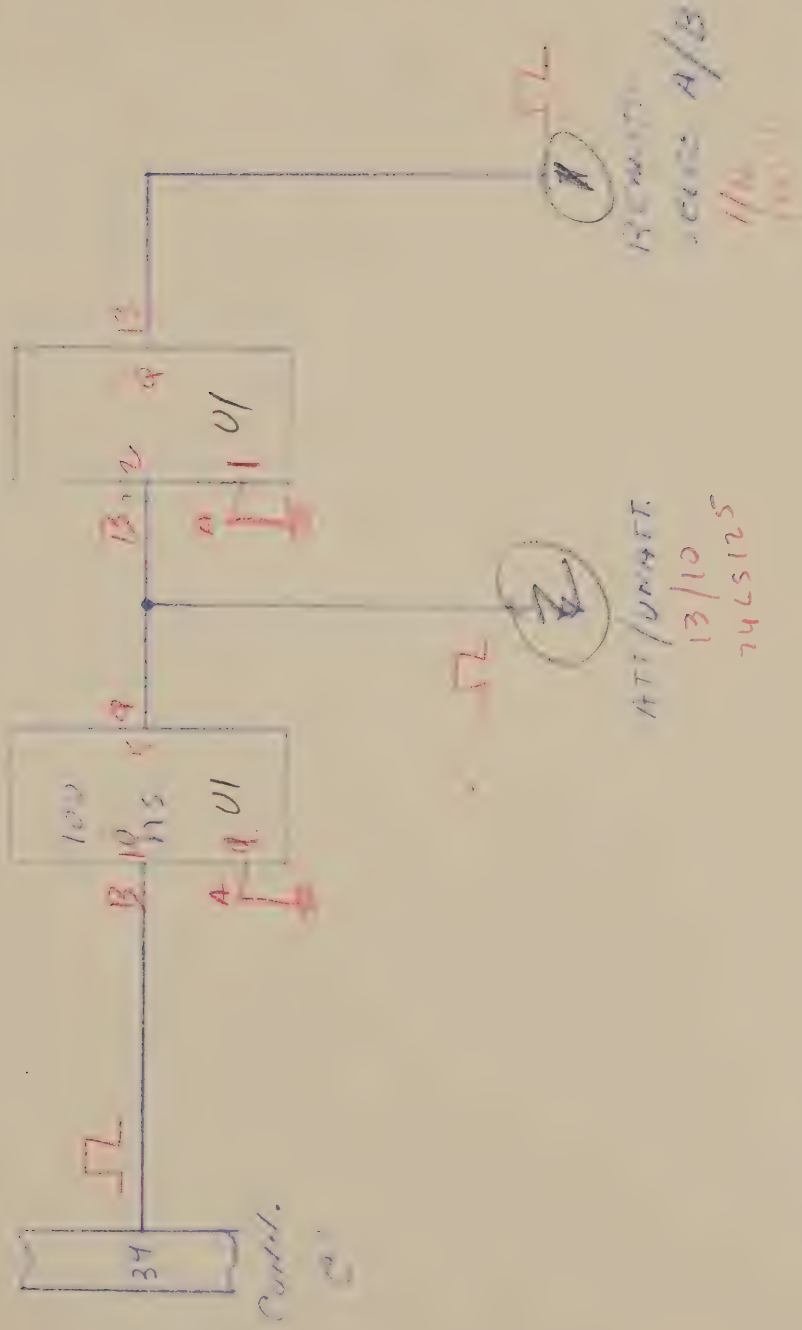


*This circuit
Breadboarded 6-29-77
checks out o.k.*

DIMENSIONS ARE IN INCHES AND AFTER PLATING TOLERANCES (unless otherwise specified) .X ±.1 .XX ±.03 .XXX ±.010 ANGLES ±0.5° MACH SURF ✓	DR		Parko ELECTRONICS COMPANY INC., SANTA ANA, CALIF.
	CHK		
	DSGN		
	PROJ		
	REL		
	APPROVED _____ APPROVED _____ DO NOT SCALE DRAWING		Changeable Function Keyboard
	CODE IDENT NO.	SIZE	REV
	13979	A	
	SCALE	SHEET	OF

74LS125

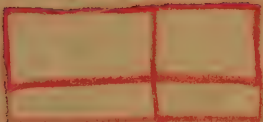
MC4R



MAXIMUM DELAY DELAY CRT

✓

Page 18-17



PHIL HUSCOCK

772-2811

X 6452

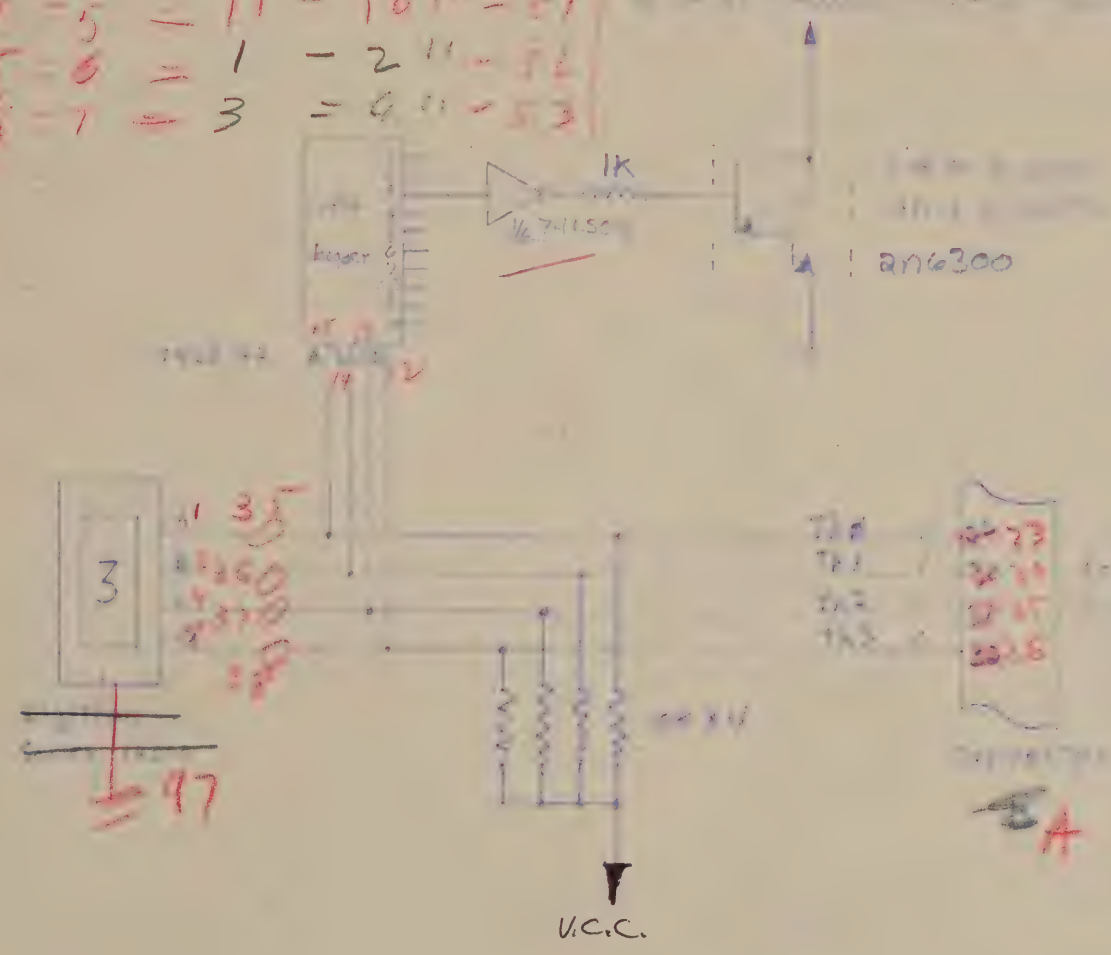
5

5


5

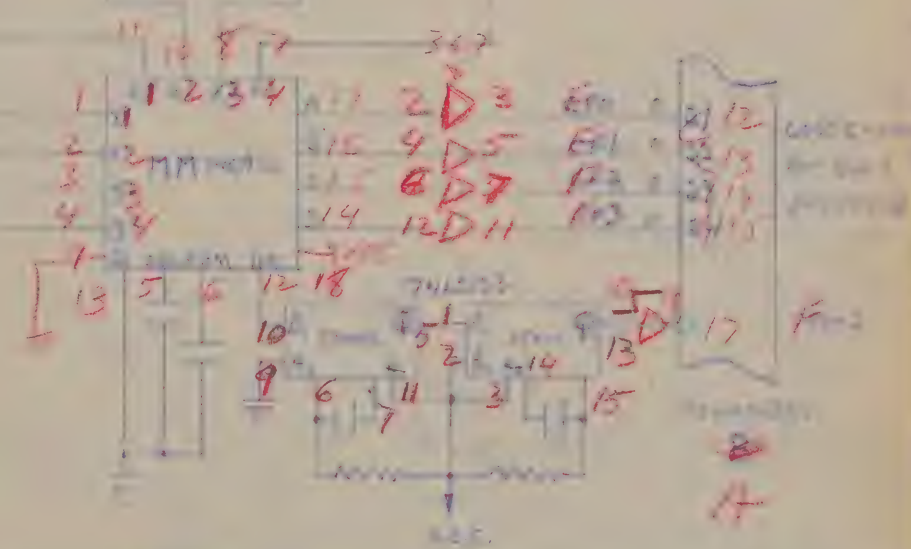
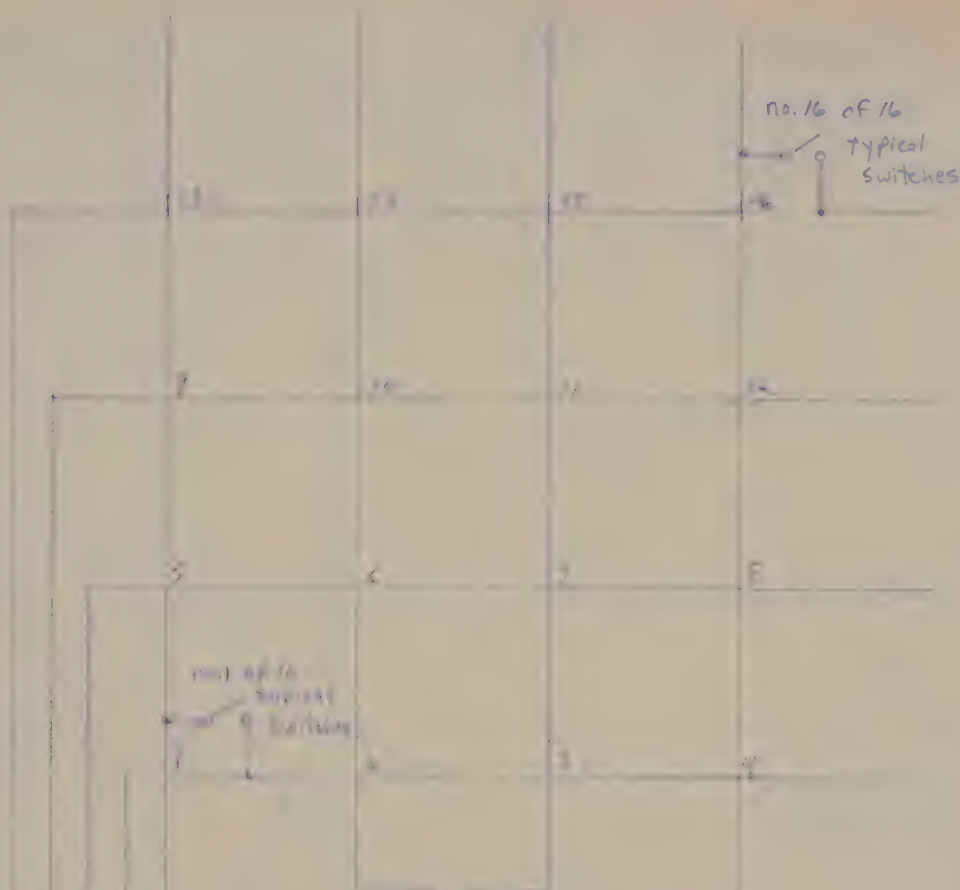
BIT 42 04
 0 = 1 - 1 - 2 - 05 - 47
 1 = 2 - 3 - 4 - 11 - 48
 2 = 3 - 5 - 6 - 12 - 49
 3 = 4 - 13 - 14 - 50
 4 = 5 - 11 - 10 - 51
 5 = 6 - 1 - 2 - 11 - 52
 6 = 7 - 3 - 4 - 11 - 53


7 = 7 - 13 - 12 - 00 - 54
 8 = 10 - 11 - 10 - 11 - 55
 9 = 11 - 9 - 8 - 1 - 56

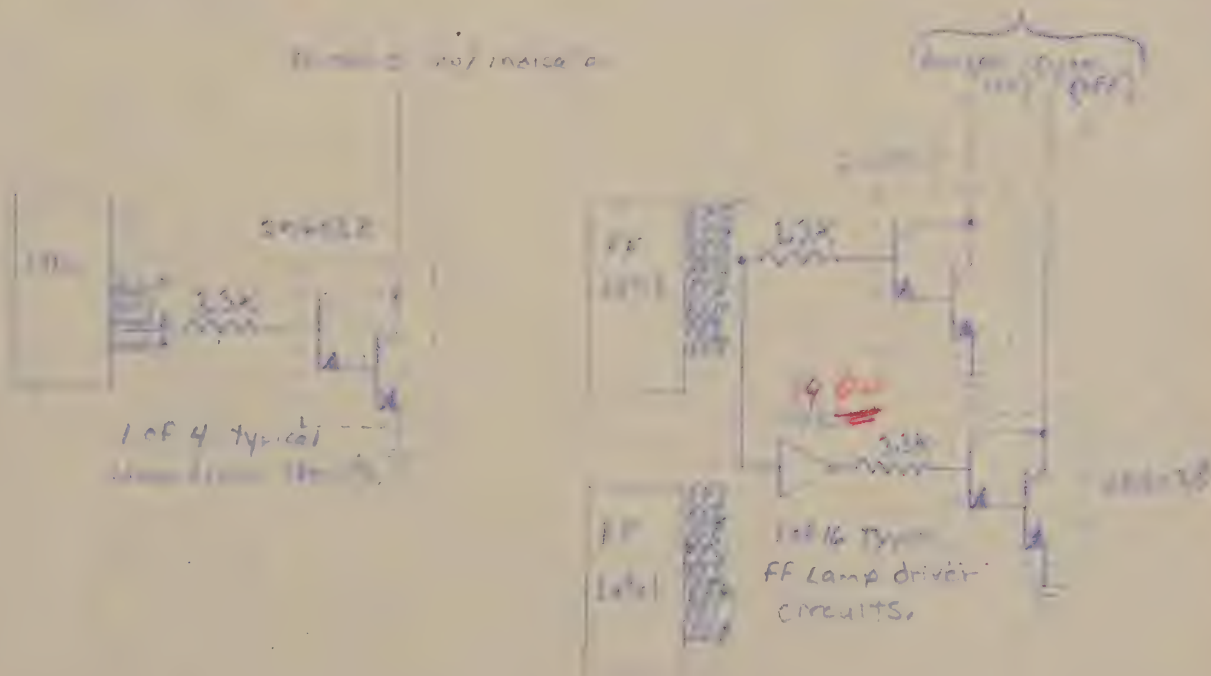
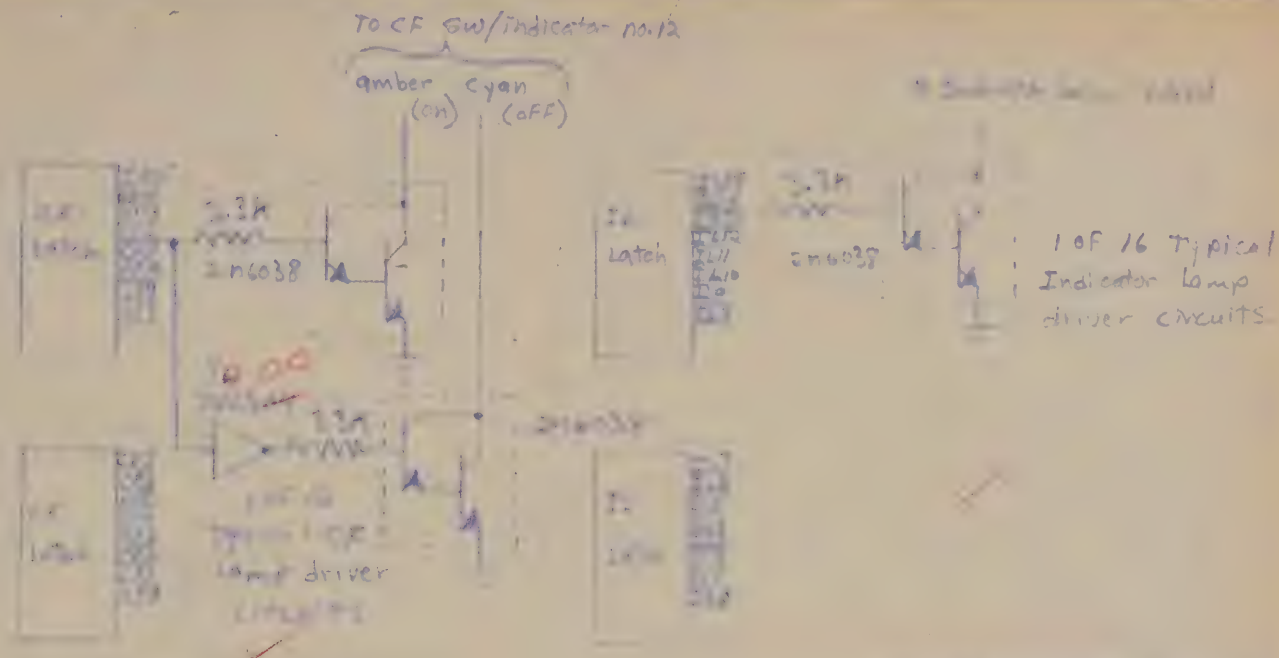


WORST CASE CURR
 1.25 A

DIMENSIONS ARE IN INCHES AND AFTER PLATING TOLERANCES (unless otherwise specified) .X ±.1 .XX ±.03 .XXX ±.010 ANGLES ± 0.5° MACH SURF ✓	DR		 Parko ELECTRONICS COMPANY INC., SANTA ANA, CALIF.
	CHK		
	DSGN		
	PROJ		
	REL		
APPROVED _____ APPROVED _____ DO NOT SCALE DRAWING		Chargeable Function Thumb wheel CODE IDENT NO. 13979 SIZE A REV _____ SCALE _____ SHEET _____ OF _____	



DIMENSIONS ARE IN INCHES AND AFTER PLATING TOLERANCES (unless otherwise specified) .X $\pm .1$.XX $\pm .03$.XXX $\pm .010$ ANGLES $\pm .5$ MACH SURF <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	DR		 Parko ELECTRONICS COMPANY INC., SANTA ANA, CALIF.	Changeable FIXED Function Keyboard	
	CHK				
	DSGN				
	PROJ				
	REL				
APPROVED		CODE IDENT NO.	SIZE	REV	
APPROVED		13979	A		
DO NOT SCALE DRAWING		SCALE	SHEET OF		



DIMENSIONS ARE
IN INCHES AND
AFTER PLATING

TOLERANCES
(unless otherwise
specified)

.X $\pm .1$
.XX $\pm .03$
.XXX $\pm .010$
ANGLES $\pm .5^\circ$

MACH
SURF



DR E. L. L. L.

CHK

DSGN

PROJ

REL

APPROVED

APPROVED

DO NOT SCALE DRAWING

Parko

ELECTRONICS COMPANY INC., SANTA ANA, CALIF.

Lamp Drivers

CODE IDENT NO.

13979

SIZE

A

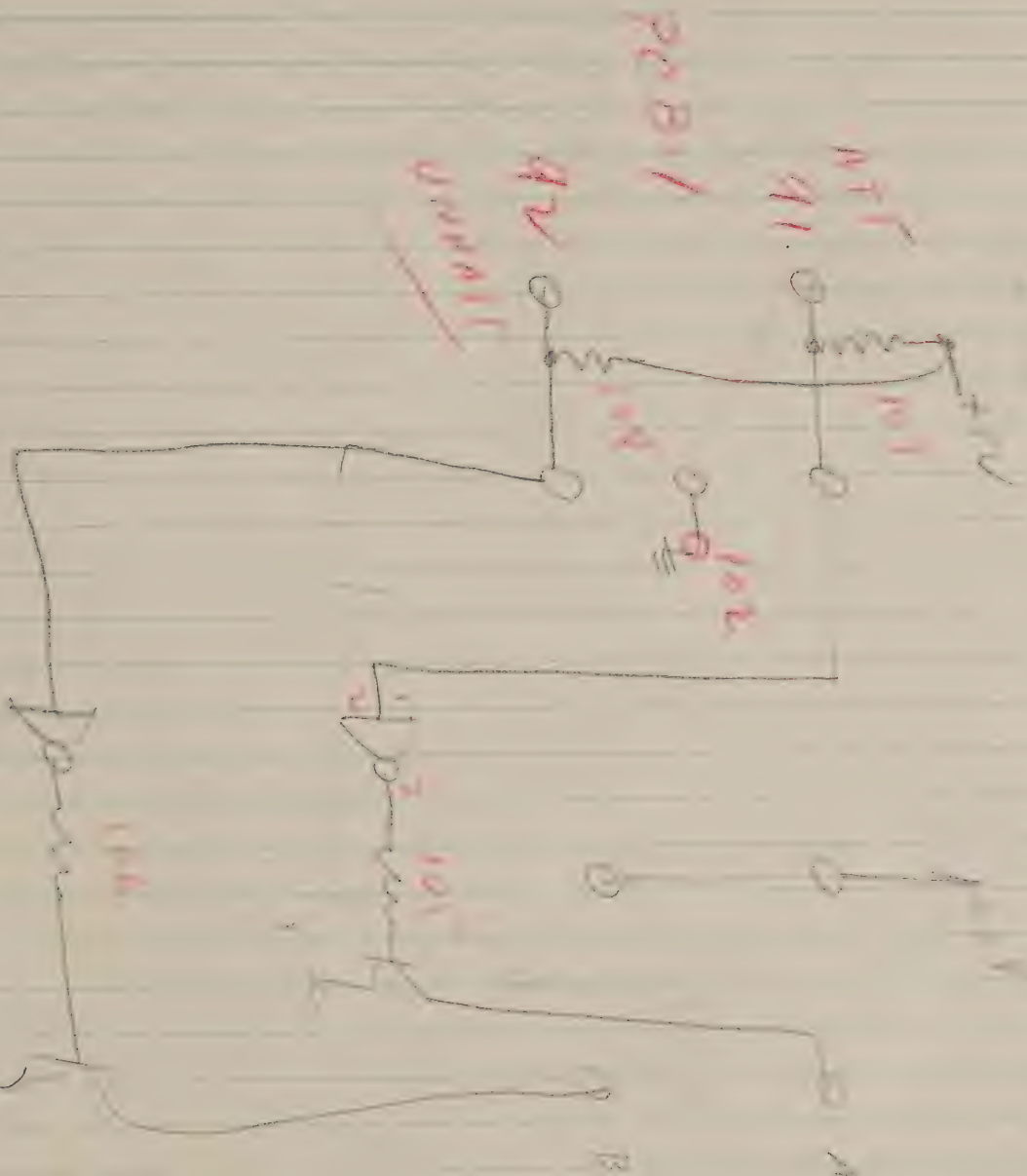
REV

SCALE

SHEET

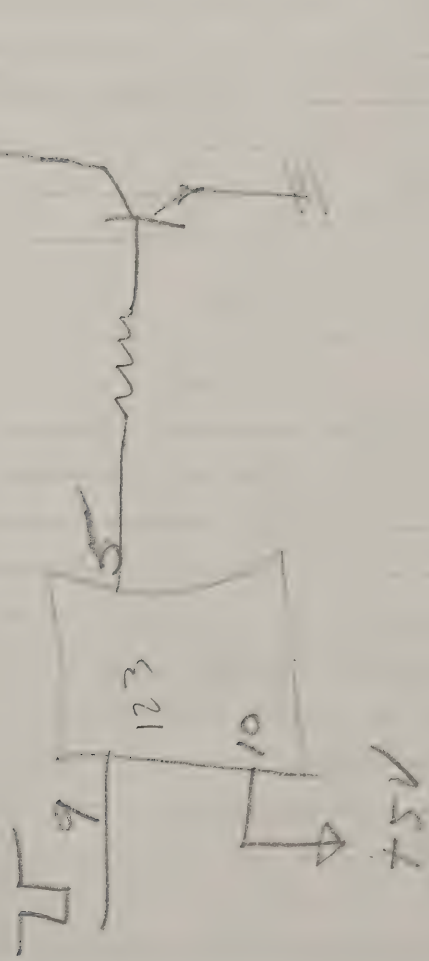
OF

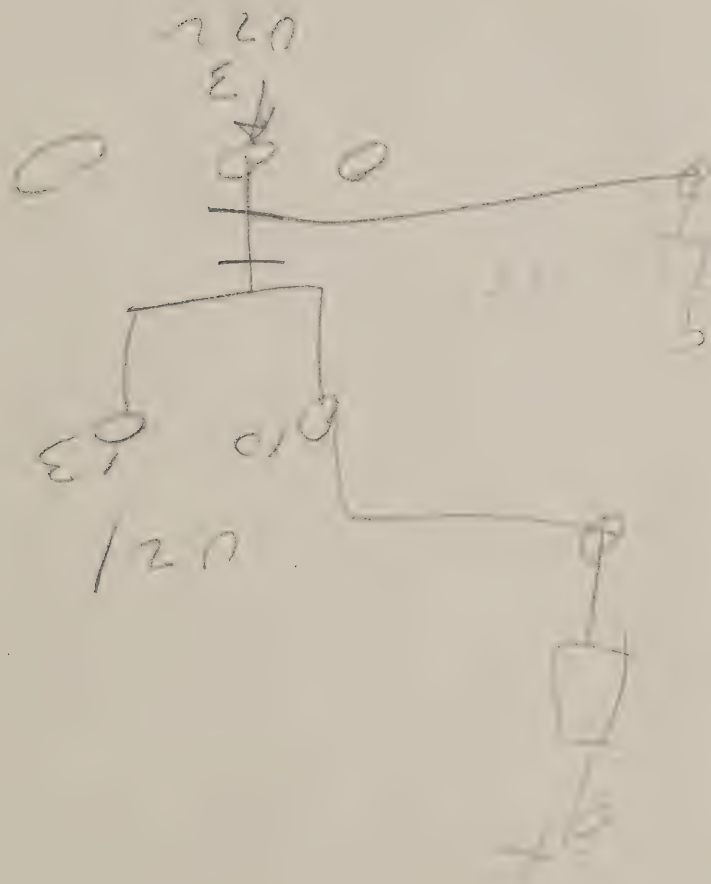
BIT/UNIT



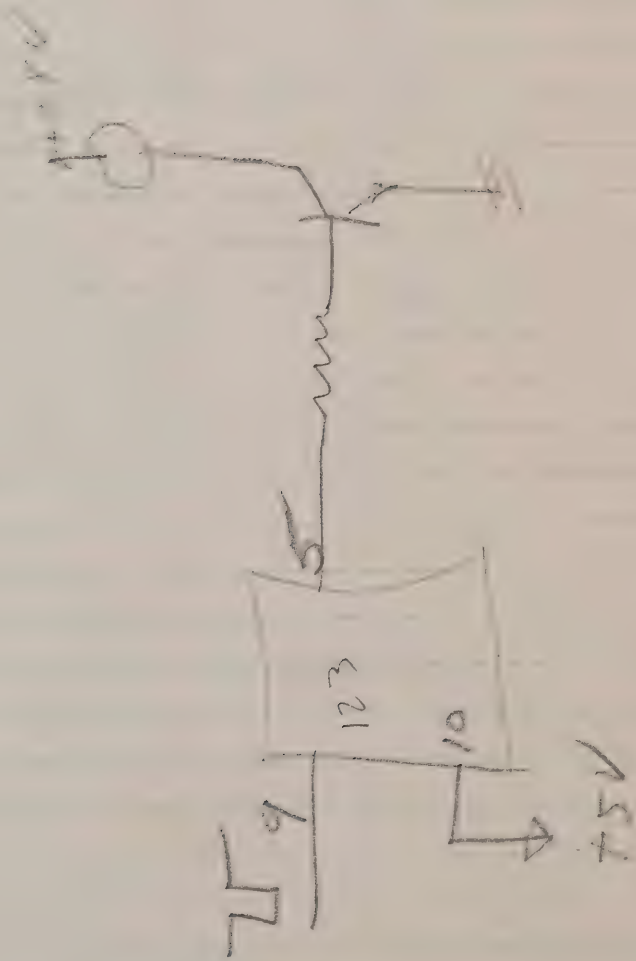
OVER

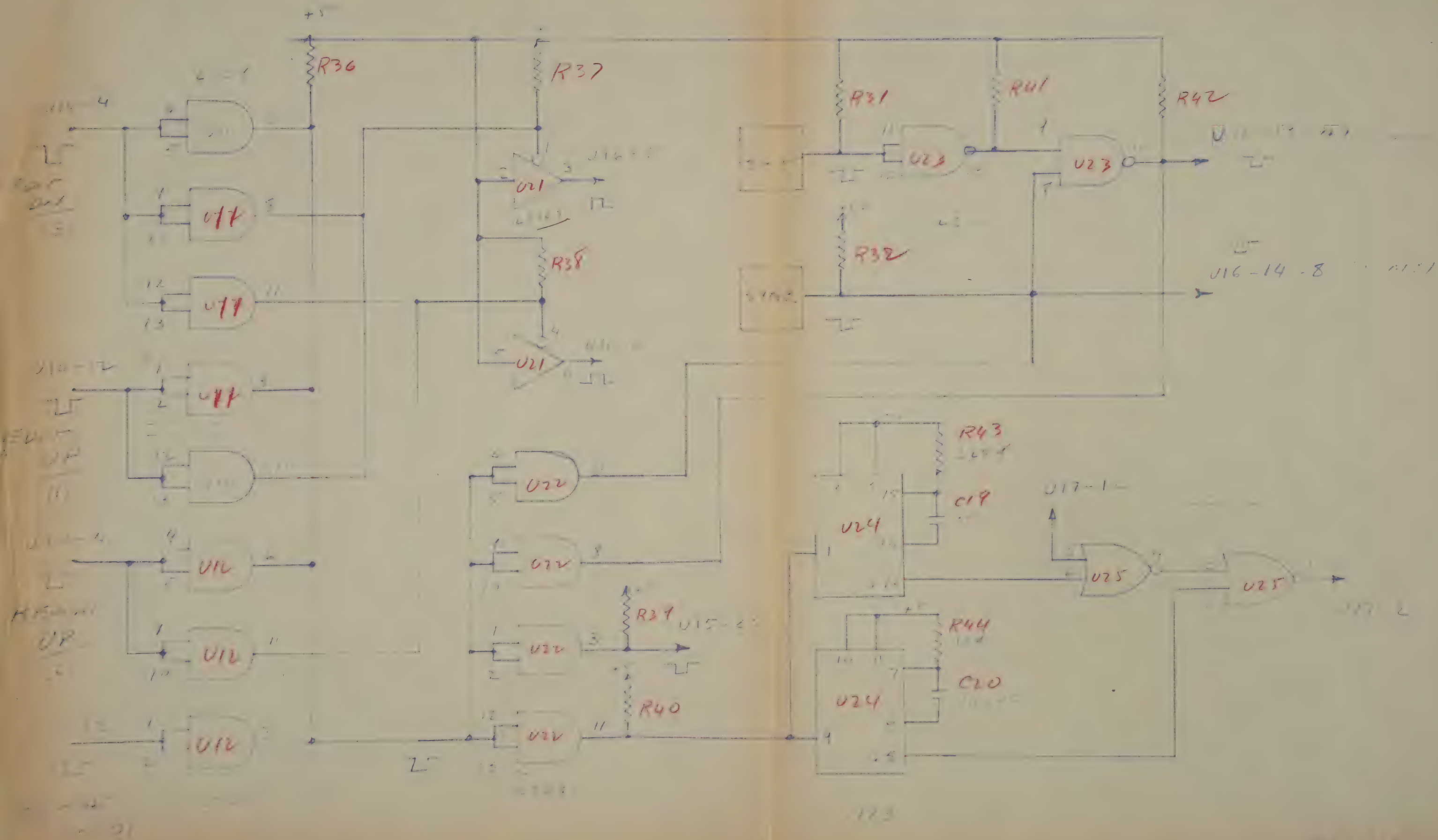
AC AFM



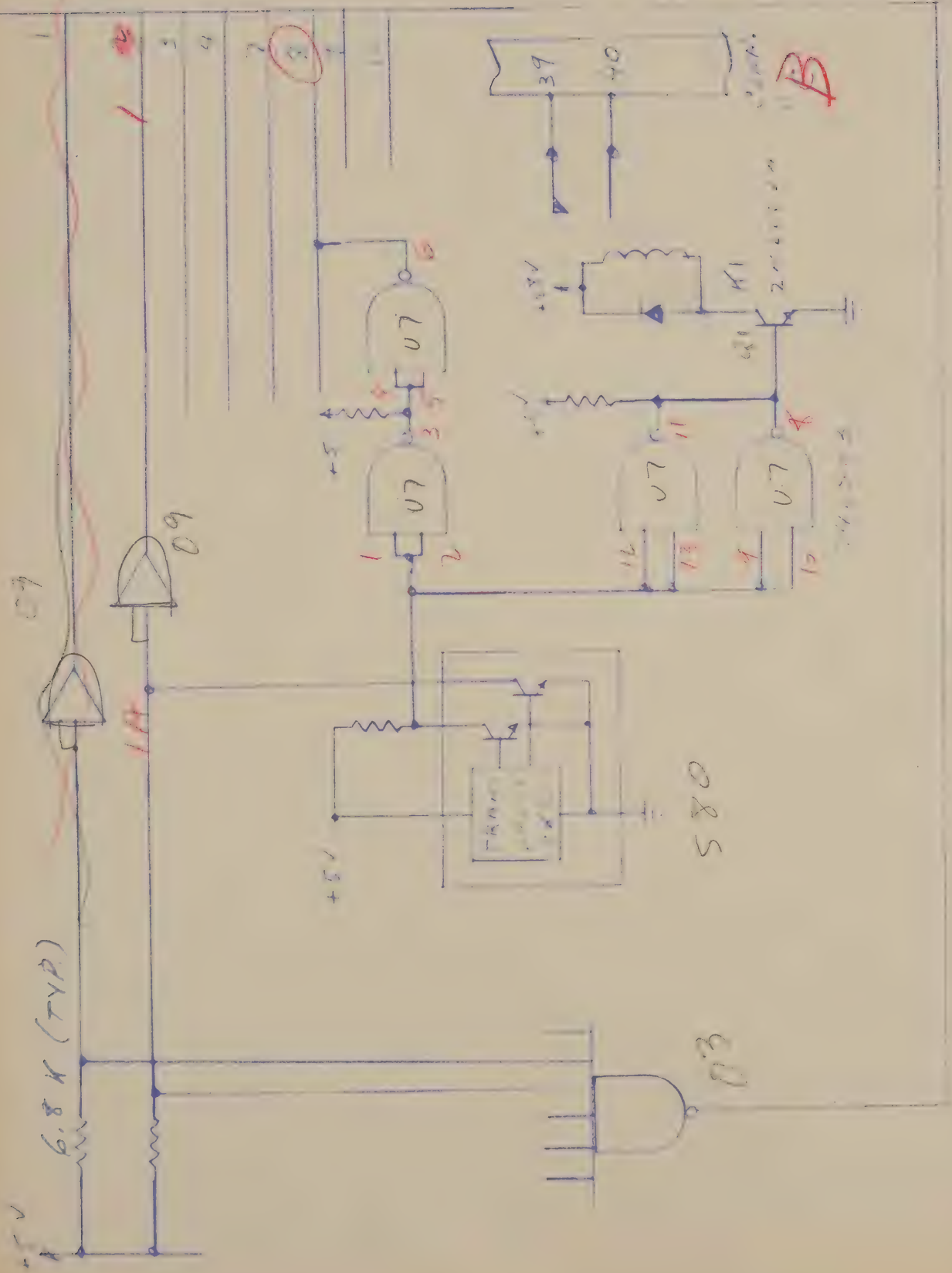


AC 21-22





W 3 20 21 0



COPY AND RELAY DRIVE

GROUP D - MODE C

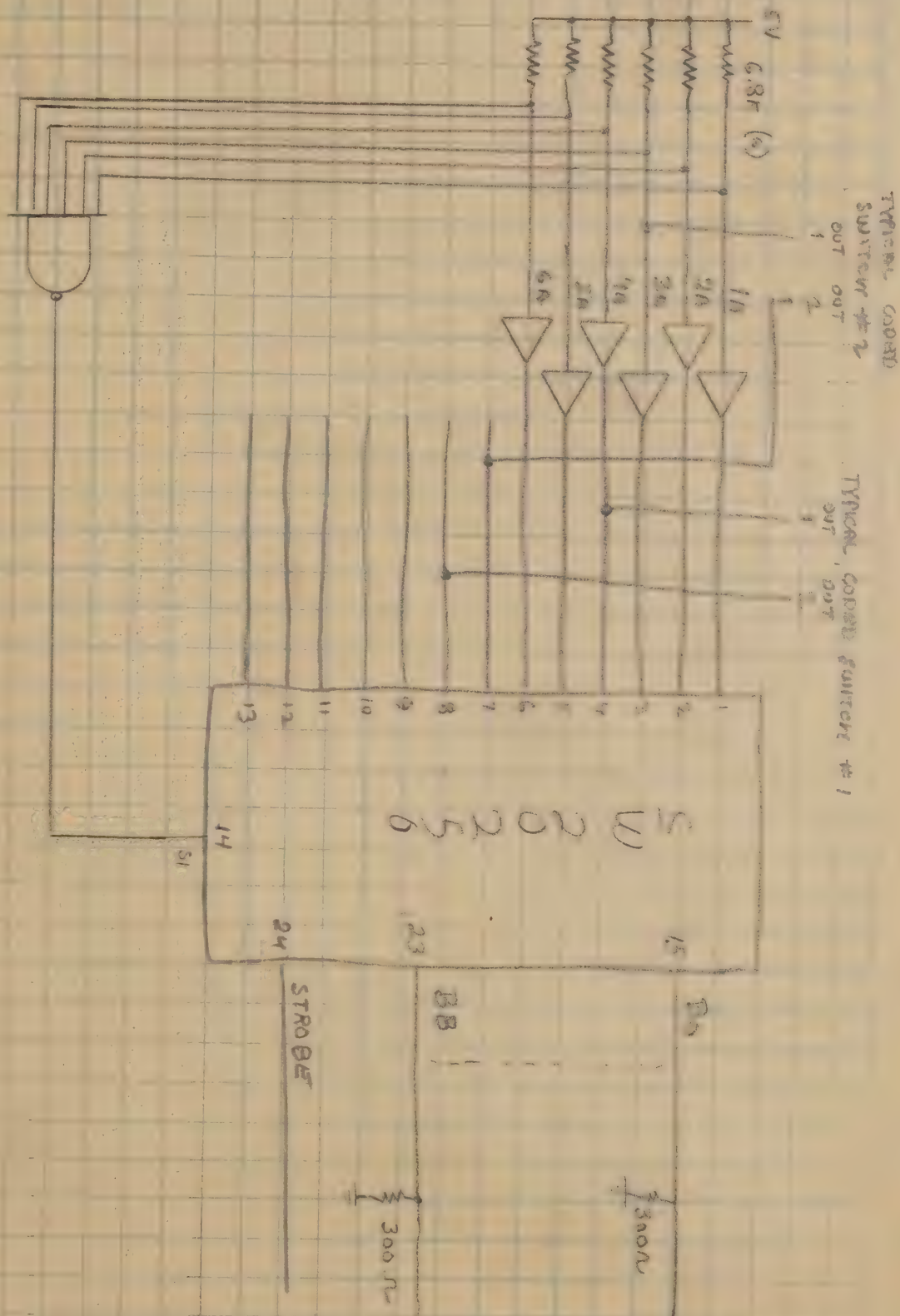
MICRO SWITCH D-DATA SHEET

FO-60634 9

SUBJECT MOS CODING

Page ____ of ____

By D. SCHMERTMAN Date 6/10/77 Title PARKO ELECTRONIC



NOTE: SWITCH #1 CONNECTED TO INPUT LINES 4 & 8 WILL PROVIDE OUTPUT CODE

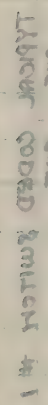
OF 000100101 (MODE 1)

SWITCH #2 CONNECTED TO INPUT LINES 3A & 7 WILL PROVIDE OUTPUT CODE

OF 101011011 (MODE 2)

OUTPUT: LOGIC "1": 3.5 VDC
LOGIC "0": 0.5 VDC @ 1.6 mA SINK

NOTE: This is a copy of the original document and is not a reproduction of the original document.



MICRO SWITCH D-DATA SHEET

SUBJECT

Page _____ of _____

FD-60634 5

By DALE SCHIMERTMAN Date 6/16/72 Title _____

SUGGESTED INPUT PAIRS FOR PARKO ELECTRONICS:

MAIN KEY BOARD

62 KEYS MAX

1 AND 2

1 AND 3

THRU

1 AND 13

2 AND 3

2 AND 4

THRU

2 AND 13

3 AND 4

THRU

3 AND 13

4 AND 5

THRU

4 AND 13

5 AND 6

THRU

5 AND 13

6 AND 7

THRU

6 AND 13

7 AND 8

THRU

7 AND 12

AUXILIARY KEYBOARD

57 KEYS MAX

1A AND 2

1A AND 3

THRU

1A AND 13

2A AND 3

2A AND 4

THRU

2A AND 13

3A AND 4

THRU

3A AND 13

4A AND 5

THRU

4A AND 13

5A AND 6

THRU

5A AND 13

6A AND 7

THRU

6A AND 13

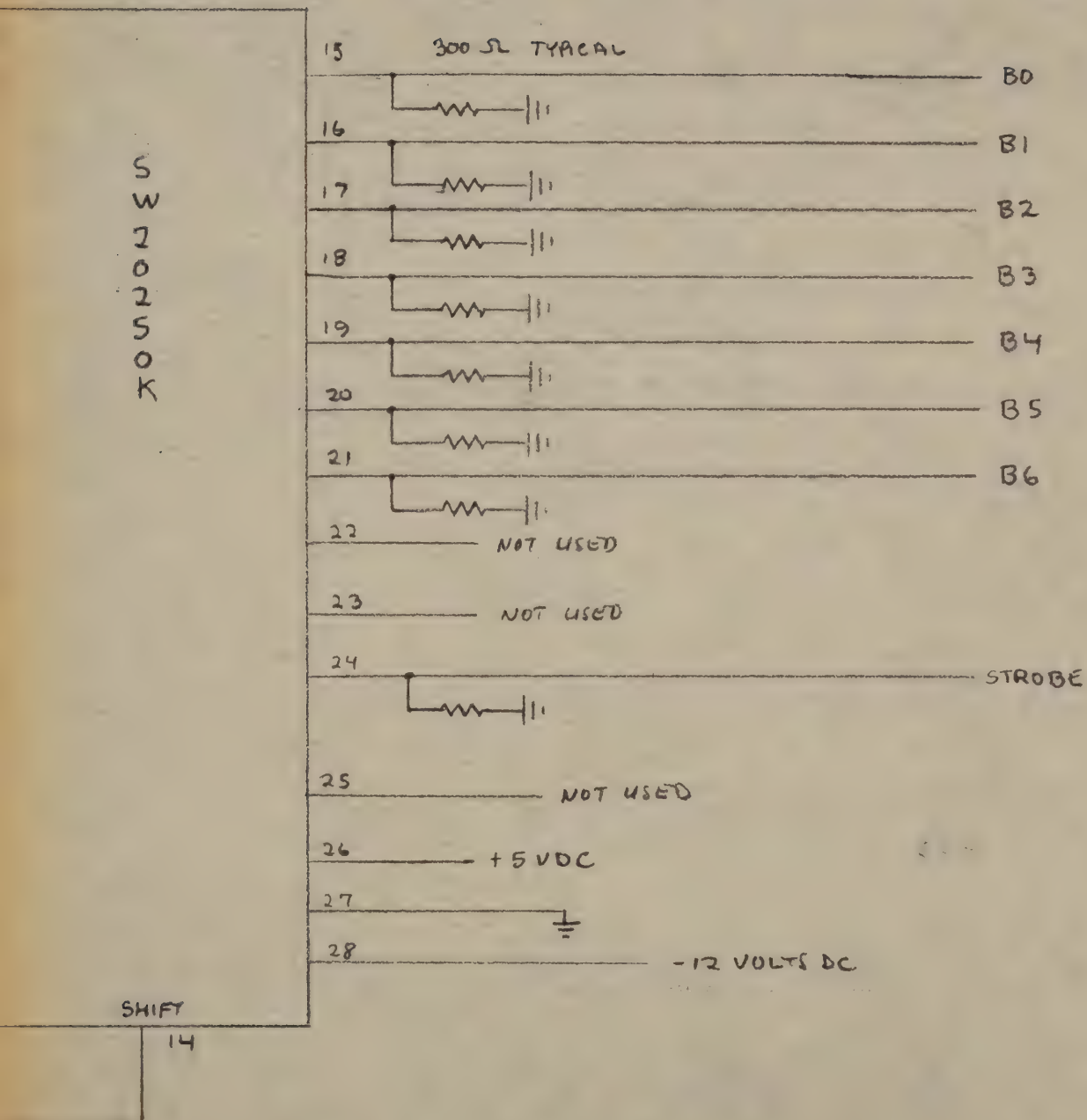
REFER TO ENCLOSED LOGIC DIAGRAM

SEND TO

FRANK MULLIN

1469 ROSEHILL DRIVE

RIVERSIDE, CALIF 92507

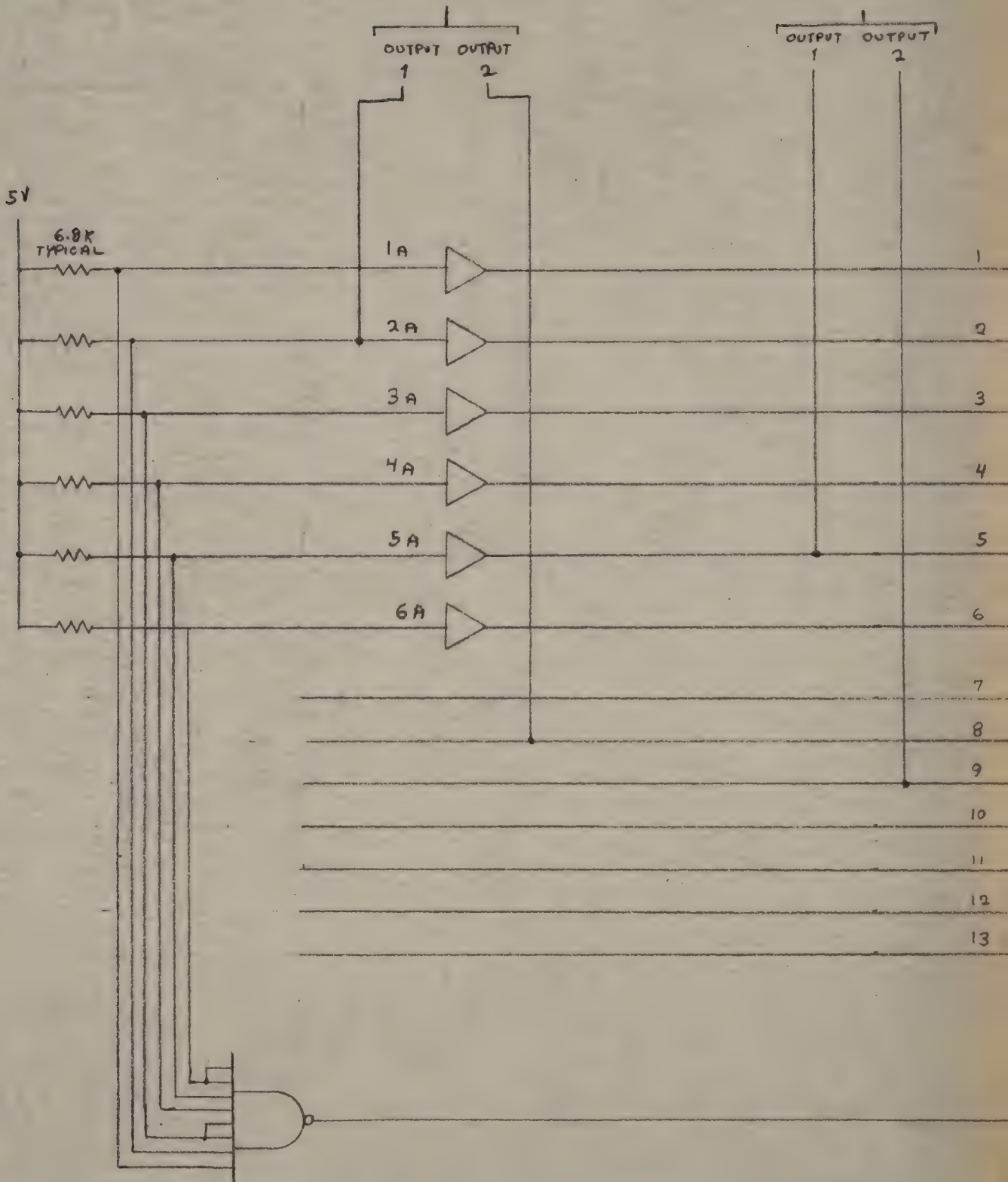


SUGGESTED CIRCUIT FOR PARKO ELECTRONICS

D.E. SCHMERTMAN 6/16/77

TYPICAL DATA
KEY FORCE SHIFT
(B6 = 1) MODE 2

TYPICAL DATA
KEY NON SHIFT
(B6 = 0) MODE 1



FOR MR. PARKER

GROUP A

- 49 - STANDARD VOYS (MODE 1)
4 - SPECIAL SHIFT CONTROLS
"SHIFT", "SHIFT LOCK" & "SYM."
-

GROUP B

- 14 - STANDARD (MODE 2)
-

GROUP C

- 12 - STANDARD (MODE 2)
2 - SPECIAL CODE (MODE 2)
"EDIT" AND "REPEAT"
-

GROUP D

- 6 - STANDARD (MODE 2)
3 SPECIALS: ATTEND/UNATTEND (MODE 2)
COPY w/RECALL (MODE 2)
REMOTE SELECT A & B (MODE 2)
-

DUAL MODE KEYBOARD ENCODER MASK SPECIFICATION	5N-20250
CODING MATRIX	NCARDS 01 - 78"

SN-NO	INPUT PATTERN ABCDEFGHIJKLM	S	MODE 1 876543210	MODE 2 876543210
01	20250 0011111111111	1	100000001	101000001
02	20250 0101111111111	1	000000010	001000010
03	20250 0110111111111	1	000000011	001000011
04	20250 0111011111111	1	000000100	001000100
05	20250 0111101111111	1	000000101	001000101
06	20250 0111110111111	1	100000110	101000110
07	20250 0111111011111	1	100000111	101000111
08	20250 0111111101111	1	000001000	001001000
09	20250 0111111110111	1	000001001	001001001
10	20250 0111111111011	1	100001010	101001010
11	20250 0111111111101	1	100001011	101001011
12	20250 0111111111110	1	000001100	001001100
13	20250 0111111111111	1	100001101	101001101
14	20250 1011111111111	1	000001110	001001110
15	20250 1011111111111	1	000001111	001001111
16	20250 1011111111111	1	000001000	001001000
17	20250 1011111111111	1	000001001	001001001
18	20250 1011111111111	1	000001010	001001010
19	20250 1011111111111	1	000001011	001001011
20	20250 1011111111101	1	000001100	001001100
21	20250 1011111111101	1	000001101	001001101
22	20250 1011111111110	1	000001110	001001110
23	20250 1011111111111	1	000001000	001001000
24	20250 1101111111111	1	000001001	001001001
25	20250 1101111111111	1	000001100	001001100
26	20250 1101111111111	1	000001101	001001101
27	20250 1101111111111	1	100001100	101001100
28	20250 1101111111111	1	100001101	101001101
29	20250 1101111111111	1	000001110	001001110
30	20250 1101111111101	1	000001111	001001111
31	20250 1101111111101	1	000001111	001001111
32	20250 1101111111101	1	000100000	001100000
33	20250 1101111111101	1	000100001	001100001
34	20250 1101111111111	1	000100010	001100010
35	20250 1101111111111	1	000100011	001100011
36	20250 1101111111111	1	000100100	001100100
37	20250 1101111111111	1	000100101	001100101
38	20250 1101111111111	1	000100110	001100110
39	20250 1101111111111	1	100100110	101100110
40	20250 1101111111101	1	100100111	101100111
41	20250 1101111111101	1	100101000	101101000
42	20250 1101111111110	1	100101001	101101001
43	20250 1101111111111	1	000101010	001101010
44	20250 1101111111111	1	000101011	001101011
45	20250 1111011111111	1	000101100	001101100
46	20250 1111011111111	1	000101101	001101101
47	20250 1111011111111	1	000101110	001101110
48	20250 1111011111111	1	000101111	001101111
49	20250 1111011111101	1	000110000	001110000
50	20250 1111011111110	1	000110001	001110001
51	20250 1111011111111	1	000110010	001110010
52	20250 1111011111111	1	000110011	001110011
53	20250 1111011111111	1	100110100	101110100
54	20250 1111011111111	1	100110101	101110101
55	20250 1111011111111	1	100110110	101110110
56	20250 1111011111111	1	100110111	101110111
57	20250 1111011111101	1	100110000	101110000
58	20250 1111	1	000110001	001110001
59	20250 1111100011111	1	000110100	001110100
60	20250 1111100111111	1	100110101	101110101
61	20250 1111101111111	1	100110110	101110110
62	20250 1111101111101	1	100111000	101111000
63	20250 1111101111110	1	010005001	011005001
64	20250 1111110011111	1	010000010	011000010
65	20250 1111111011111	1	010005100	011005100
66	20250 1111111101111	1	010000101	011000101
67	20250 1111111111011	1	010000110	011000110
68	20250 1111111111110	1	010000111	011000111
69	20250 1111111111101	1	010001000	011001000
70	20250 1111111111011	1	010001001	011001001
71	20250 1111111111011	1	010001010	011001010
72	20250 1111111111101	1	010001011	011001011
73	20250 1111111110011	1	010001100	011001100
74	20250 1111111110011	1	010001101	011001101
75	20250 1111111110101	1	010001110	011001110
76	20250 1111111110101	1	010001111	011001111
77	20250 1111111111010	1	010001111	011001111
78	20250 1111111111100	1	010005000	011005000

DUAL MODE KEYBOARD ENCODER MASK SPECIFICATION	5N-20250
CODING MATRIX	NCARDS 01 - 78"

PIN ASSIGNMENTS AND OPTION NOTES			SW-20250
CHIP FUNCTION	CHIP PAD NAME	PIN NO.	NOTES
KEY INPUT	A	1	INPUT RESISTOR CONNECTED TO .45 VOLTS
	B	2	INPUT RESISTOR CONNECTED TO .45 VOLTS
	C	3	INPUT RESISTOR CONNECTED TO .45 VOLTS
	D	4	INPUT RESISTOR CONNECTED TO .45 VOLTS
	E	5	INPUT RESISTOR CONNECTED TO .45 VOLTS
	F	6	INPUT RESISTOR CONNECTED TO .45 VOLTS
	G	7	INPUT RESISTOR CONNECTED TO .45 VOLTS
	H	8	INPUT RESISTOR CONNECTED TO .45 VOLTS
	I	9	INPUT RESISTOR CONNECTED TO .45 VOLTS
	J	10	INPUT RESISTOR CONNECTED TO .45 VOLTS
	K	11	INPUT RESISTOR CONNECTED TO .45 VOLTS
	L	12	INPUT RESISTOR CONNECTED TO .45 VOLTS
SHIFT INPUT	M	13	INPUT RESISTOR CONNECTED TO .45 VOLTS
	N	14	INPUT RESISTOR CONNECTED TO .45 VOLTS
	O	15	FLIP FLOP USED
	P	16	FLIP FLOP USED
DATA OUTPUT	Q	17	FLIP FLOP USED
	R	18	FLIP FLOP USED
	S	19	FLIP FLOP USED
	T	20	FLIP FLOP USED
	U	21	FLIP FLOP USED
	V	22	FLIP FLOP USED
	W	23	FLIP FLOP USED
	X	24	A (DC)
	Y	25	LOGIC 1 TO ENABLE
	Z	26	.45 TO .6.5 VOLTS
	AA	27	20K MOS BIAS
	AB	28	
STROBE OUTPUT	ST	29	
STROBE ENABLE	SE	30	
.45 VOLT SUPPLY	+V	31	
GROUND	OV	32	
-12 VOLT SUPPLY	-V	33	

NOTE--- LOGIC 0 ON SHIFT INPUT CORRESPONDS TO MODE 1 OUTPUT

NOTE --- LOGIC 0 ON SHIFT INPUT CORRESPONDS TO MODE 1 OUTPUT

NOTES:

Leads may egress from top side or bottom of

top, side or bottom of package

Spacing between exposures

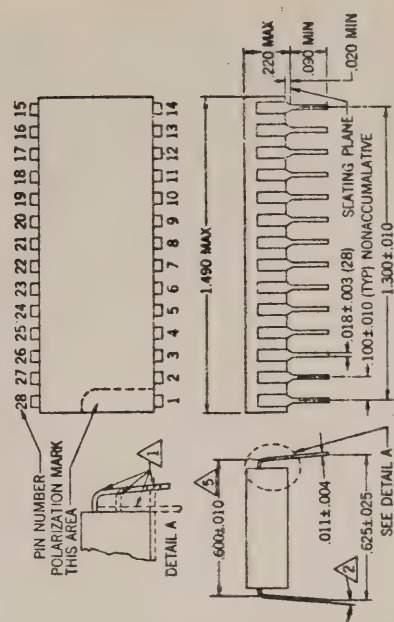
.025 min

Conductive, accessible, areas on top of package

shall be electrically isolated from pins

Dimension between cart

ter line of leads when
formed parallel

[illegible]

ZOOM BOARD

P.C. BOARD
CONNECTOR

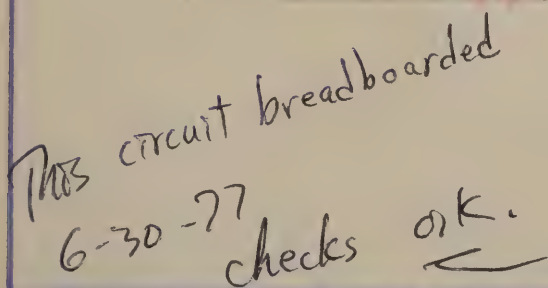
P.C. BOARD
WIRE #



DESTINATION

2 1	—	TO	①	—	TRACK DATA	+X
2 2	—	||	②	||	||	—X
4 3	—	SPARE				
3 4	—	||	③	||	||	GND
6 5	—	SPARE				
5 6	—	||	④	||	||	+Y
8 7	—	||	⑤	||	||	—Y
7 8	—	SPARE				
10 9	—	TO	ZOOM OUTPUT	30	—	
4 10	—	||	||	||	31	✓
12 11	—	||	||	||	32	✓
11 12	—	||	||	||	33	✓
10 13	—	||	||		GND	✓
13 14	—	||	||	||	30PS	✓
10 15	—	||	||	||	GND	✓
16 16	—	SPARE				
17 17	—	SPARE				
17 18	—	SPARE				
18 19	—	POWER GND				
19 20	—	+5 ✓	TO WIRE #6	TRACK DATA	34 ✓	

KEY CODES

0 =	Y1 X1	—	0000	✓
1 =	Y1 X2	—	0001	✓
2 =	Y1 X3	—	0010	✓
3 =	Y1 X4	—	0011	✓
4 =	Y2 X1	—	0100	✓
5 =	Y2 X2	—	0101	✓
6 =	Y2 X3	—	0110	✓
7 =	Y2 X4	—	0111	✓
8 =	Y3 X1	—	1000	✓
9 =	Y3 X2	—	1001	✓
ZOOM =	Y3 X3	—	1010	✓
HOME =	Y3 X4	—	1011	✓



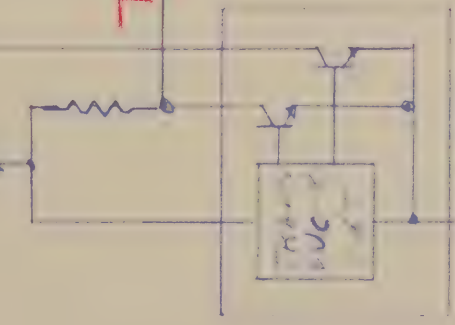
DIMENSIONS ARE IN INCHES AND AFTER PLATING	DR		 Parko ELECTRONICS COMPANY INC., SANTA ANA, CALIF.
	CHK		
TOLERANCES (unless otherwise specified)	DSGN		Final Drawing - Zoom Keyboard
	PROJ		
X $\pm .1$.XX $\pm .03$.XXX $\pm .010$ ANGLES $\pm 0.5^\circ$	REL		
	APPROVED		CODE IDENT NO
MACH SURF 	APPROVED		SIZE
	DO NOT SCALE DRAWING		13979 A
		SCALE	REV
		SHEET	OF

+5V

6.8K (TYP.)

60K

+5V



74LS04

5V

20K



-5

74LS123

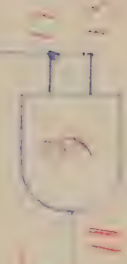


74LS04

20K



6A



03

DEE AND REE

GROUP 2 - 1000

10/10

10/10

10/10

2 2 0 2 5 0

2 2 2 5 0

Instruction Sheet

SD SOLID STATE SWITCH MODULE REPLACEMENT AND RECOMMENDED WAVE SOLDERING TECHNIQUE

SWITCH BUTTON REMOVAL

1. Remove the button from the module being replaced and as many adjacent buttons as required to furnish adequate work space. The buttons can be removed by pulling upward or by prying upward, with a padded tool, from their under surface.

We recommend using our "Keytop Puller." Refer to figure 1. This unique device makes the job of pulling buttons off the keyboard plungers easier. Order as SW-11485.

NOTE

Remove buttons from alternate action modules only when they are in the free position. Failure to do this will result in damage to the module.

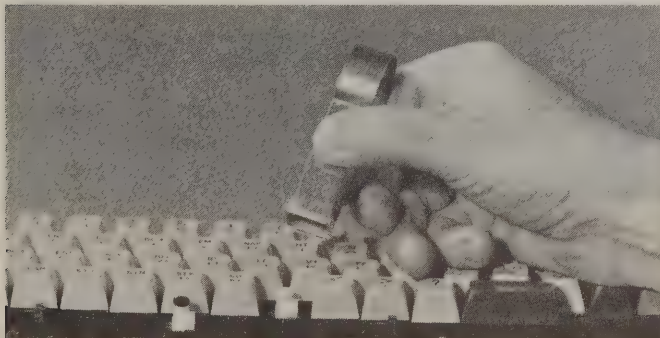


Figure 1
BUTTON REMOVAL

SWITCH MODULE REMOVAL

2. Refer to figure 2. Unsolder the four terminals of the lead frame package from the termination board, using a 750°F controlled temperature iron. When unsoldering the terminals, use a solder removal tool to remove all solder from the pin holes in the printed circuit board.



Figure 2
UNSOLDERING TERMINALS

3. Refer to figure 3. Insert module removal tools (Order as SD-10101) at each end of the module.



Figure 3
INSERTING REMOVAL TOOLS

4. Refer to figure 4. With the module removal tools in position, grip the switch module with a pair of pliers and pull straight out.

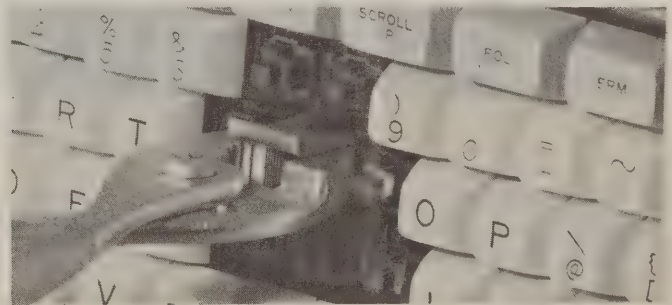


Figure 4
MODULE REMOVAL

SWITCH MODULE INSTALLATION

5. Replace with new module. Take care to orient switch properly and observe that solder terminals are through the printed circuit board prior to snapping in place.
6. Solder the new switch terminals using 60/40 rosin core solder employing a 750°F controlled temperature 1/8" chisel tip soldering iron.

CAUTION: The solder tip should *never* be held on the terminal for over 4 seconds.

7. The solder connections may be cleaned with a mild solvent. However, take care not to contact the switch with the solvent.
8. Reassemble the buttons on the switch modules. When work has been completed, perform a visual check to see that the correct buttons are returned to the correct modules.

TECHNIQUE FOR WAVE SOLDERING SD SWITCH MODULES

1. No attempt should be made to wave solder any SD module into a P.C. board without the support of a rigid panel. See Figure 5 for an example of a panel we recommend. It is constructed of .050", half-hard steel and is designed especially for the insertion of SD modules.

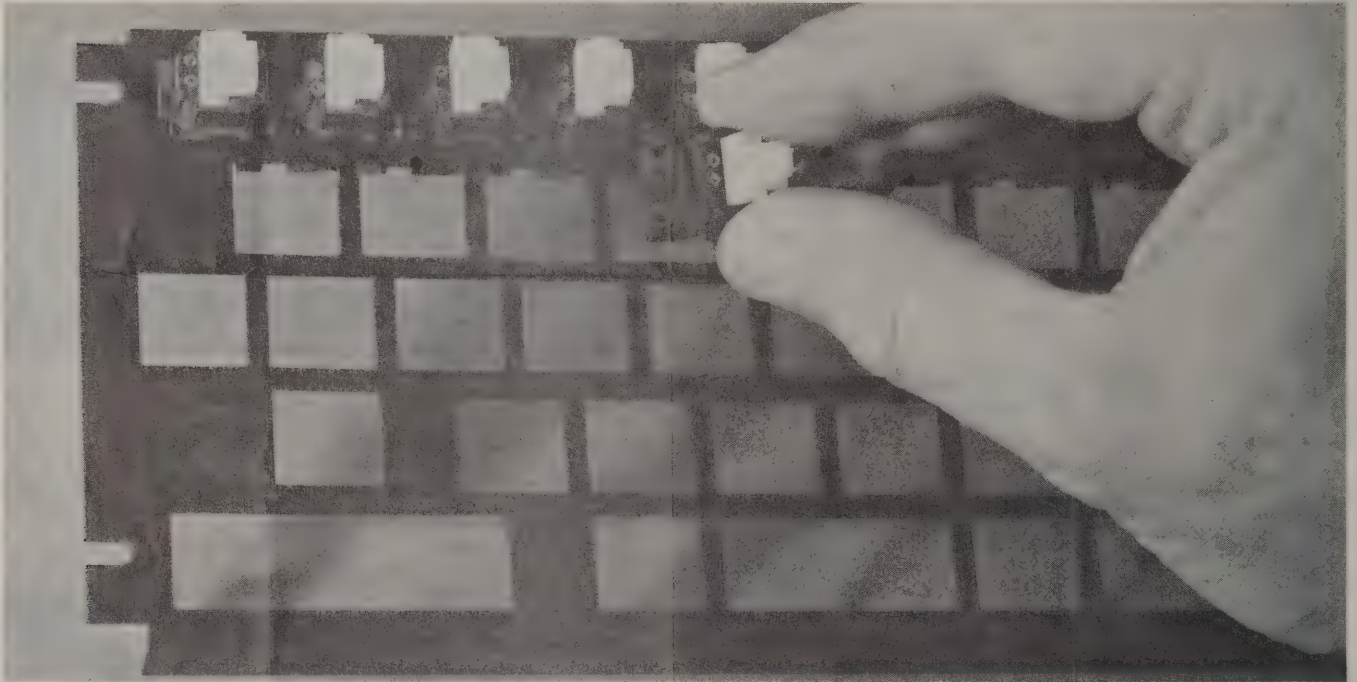


Figure 5
RECOMMENDED MODULE SUPPORT

2. Wave soldering should be accomplished using **only** a mildly activated water white rosin flux. **Do not** use water soluble fluxes.
3. Pre-heat . . . the temperature on the top (component) side of the P.C. board should be 200°F prior to the actual wave soldering operation.
4. The solder temperature of the wave solder pot should be maintained at 500°F.
5. Maintain a **minimum** conveyor speed of 4 feet per minute. Select the conveyor speed that will give full solder fillets and a minimum of solder bridging and icicles.
6. We recommend using Loncoterge 446, manufactured by the London Chemical Company, in the aqueous cleaning system. Loncoterge 446 is a liquid concentrate that is added to water to remove the **flux residue**.
7. The average field-use concentrations of 446 by application are:
 - 4-8% by volume in water in automatic "in-line" spray cleaners. Solution temperature 130-150°F.
 - 5-10% by volume in water in dip tanks heated to 130-150°F.
 - 5-10% by volume in water in converted dishwaters.
8. A thorough water rinsing is necessary for complete removal of all contaminants from the printed circuit assemblies. We recommend a spray water rinse at 120 psi pressure.
9. Dry the printed circuit assembly (without buttons) after cleaning in an oven at 160°F for 2 hours min.
10. **CAUTION:** If other cleaning methods are selected that use Fluorocarbons or Trichlorethelene for the removal of flux residue, all precautions should be taken to prevent the liquid from coming in contact with the SD switch modules.

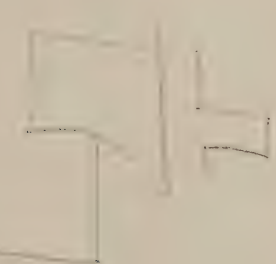
MICRO SWITCH

FREEPORT, ILLINOIS 61032

A DIVISION OF HONEYWELL

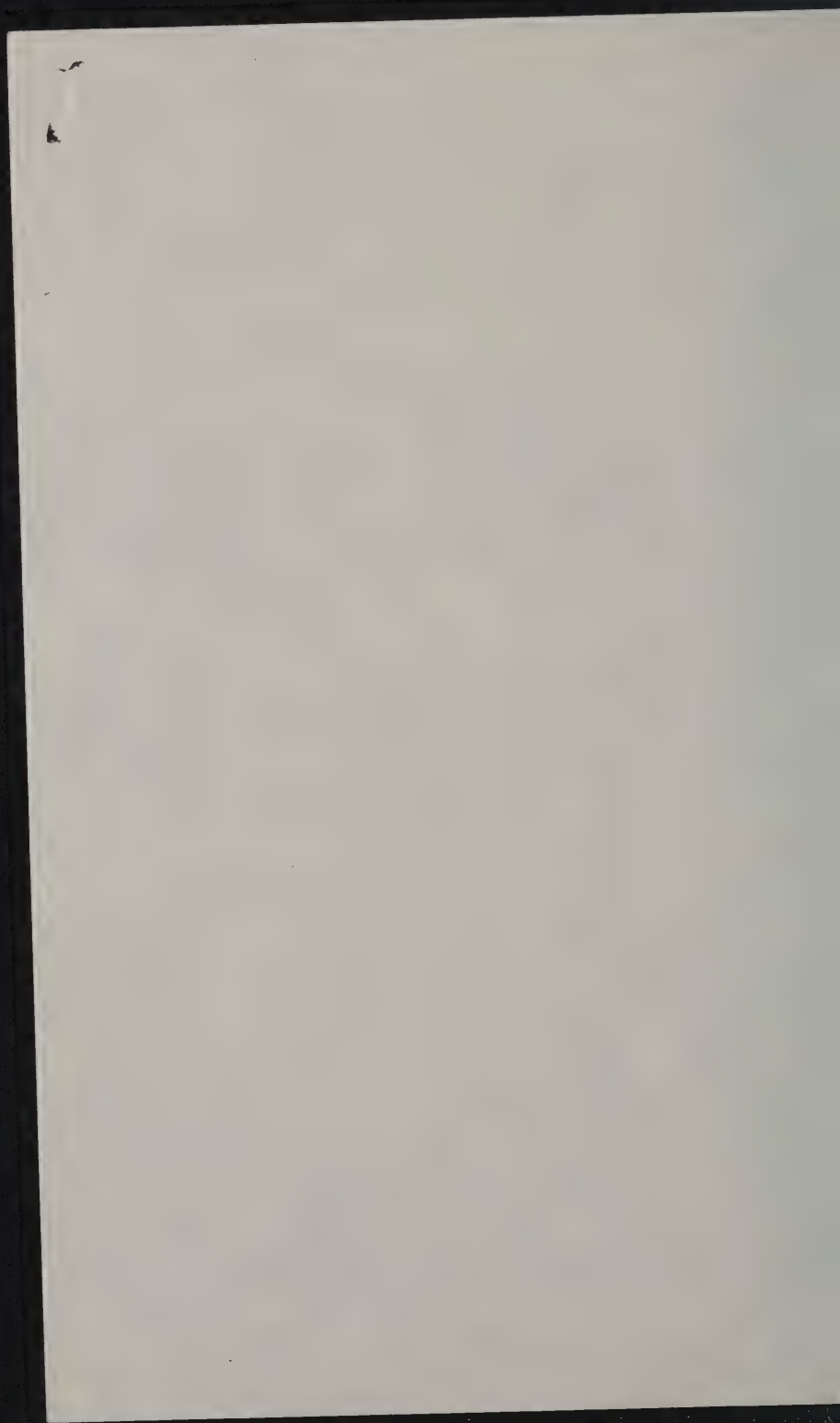
IN CANADA: 740 Ellesmere Road, Scarborough, Ontario.**HONEYWELL INTERNATIONAL:** Sales and service offices in all principal cities of the world.

car



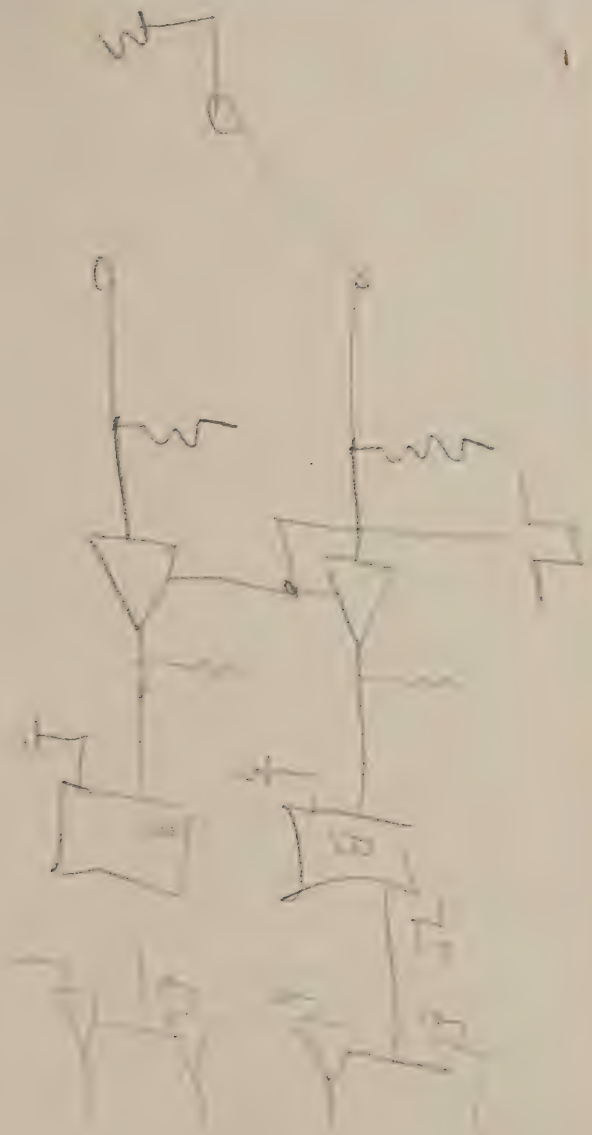
10/10/11

P1/E

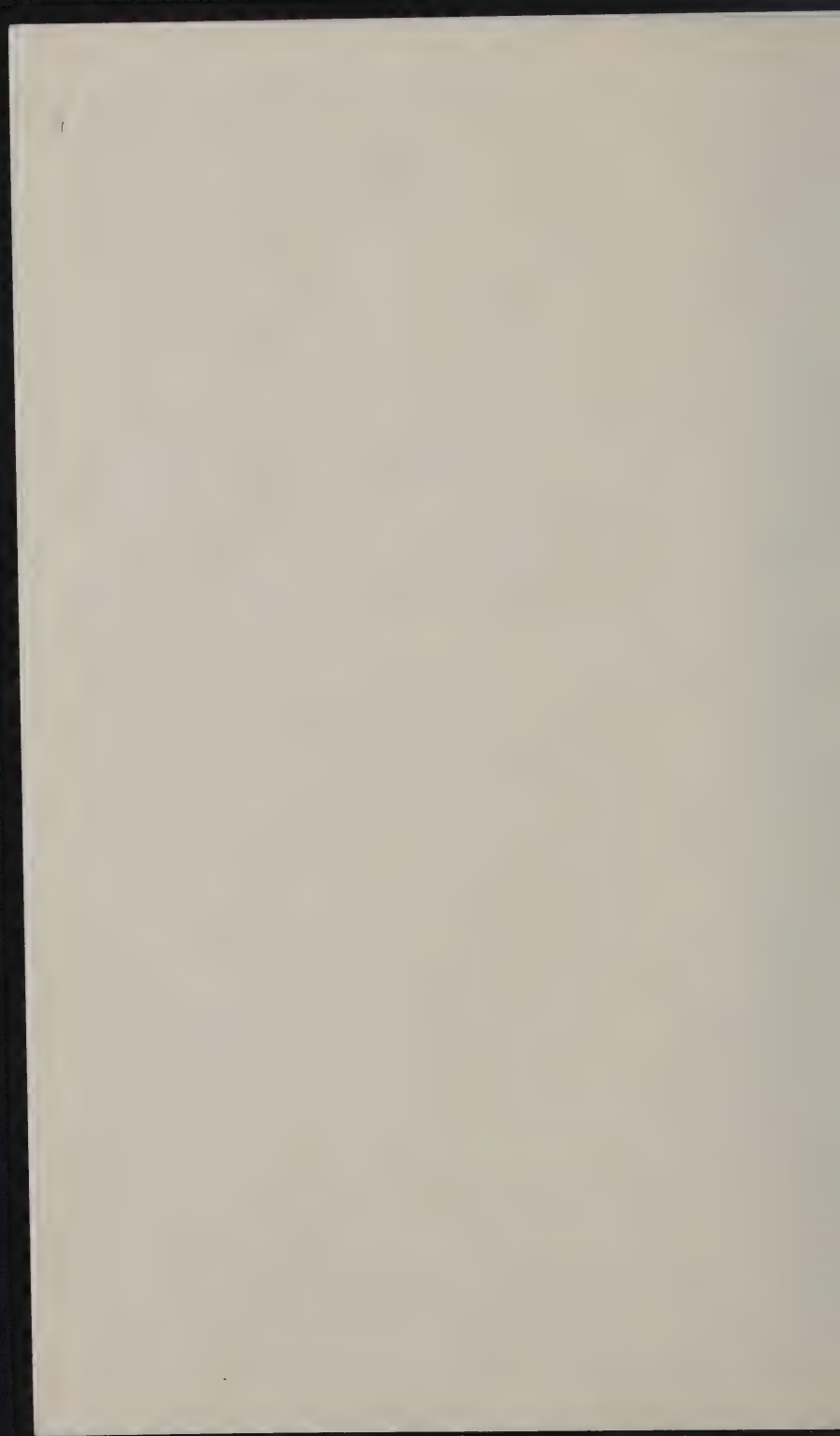


1000 MLE

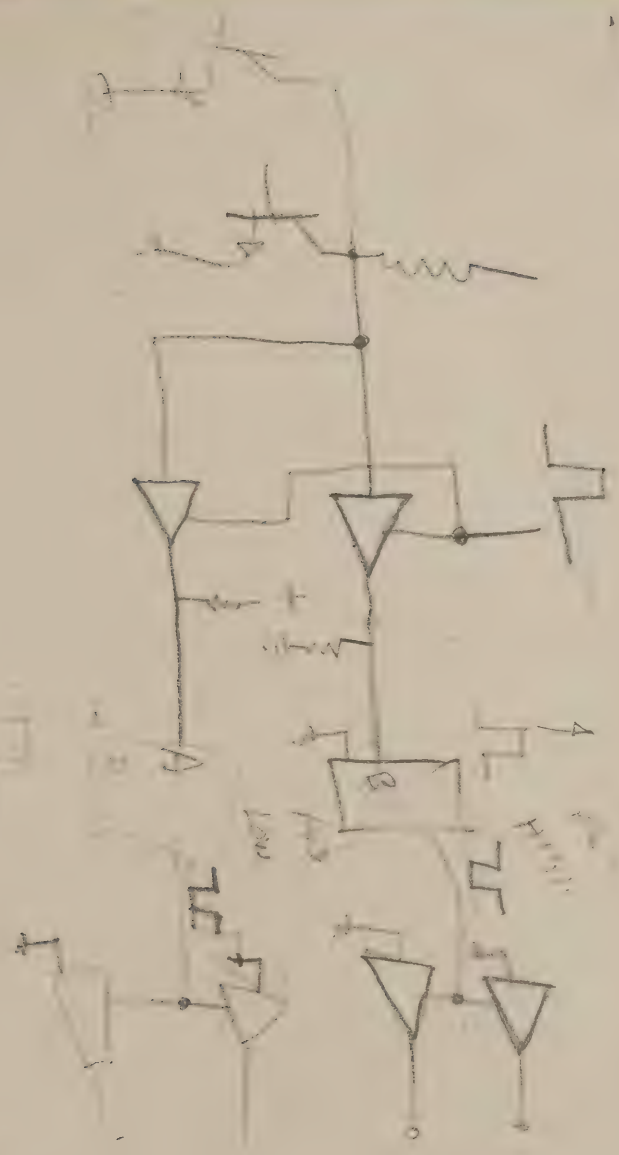
V



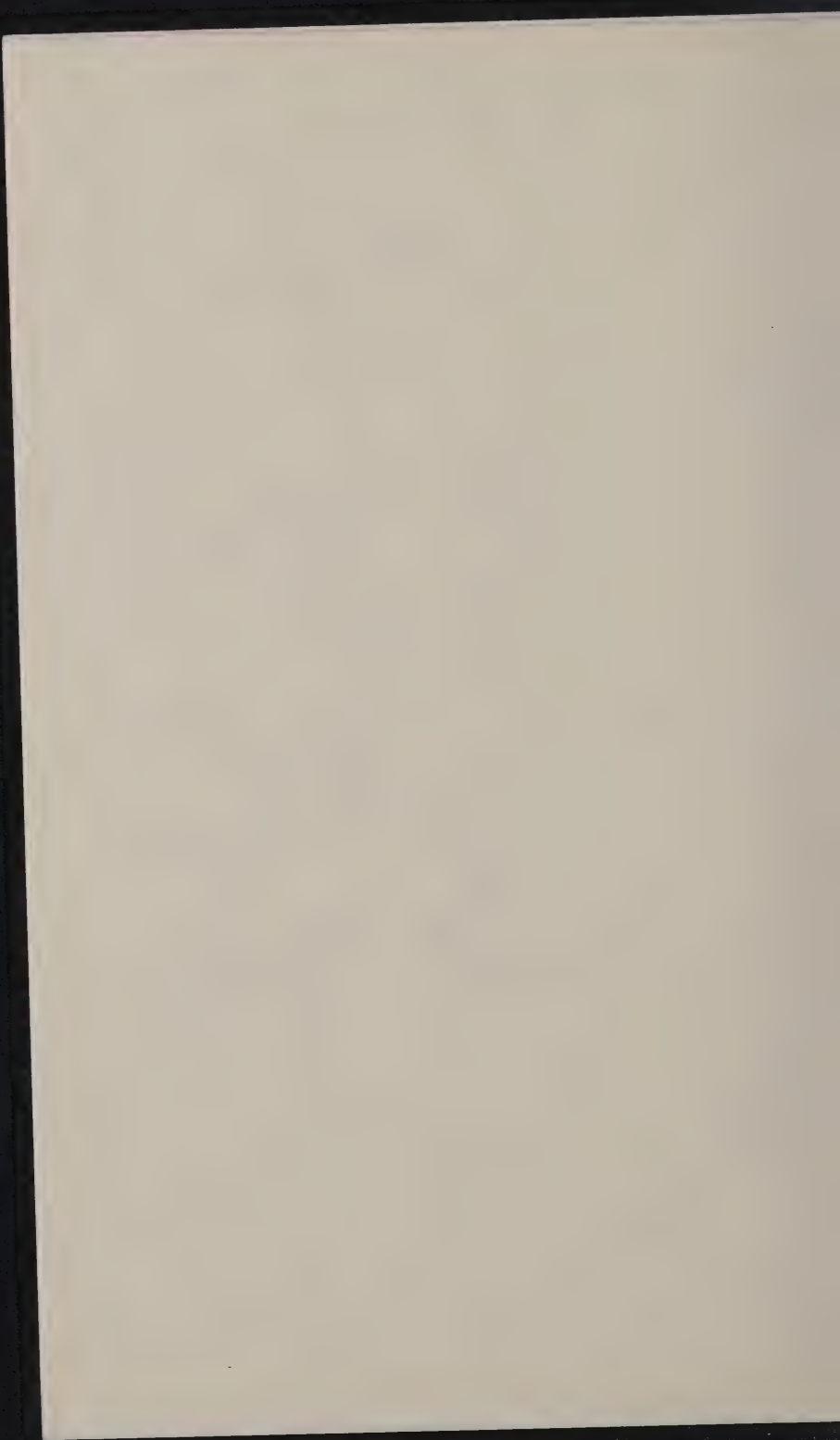
7465120



7465128



7465128



Q.1 .11

12.00

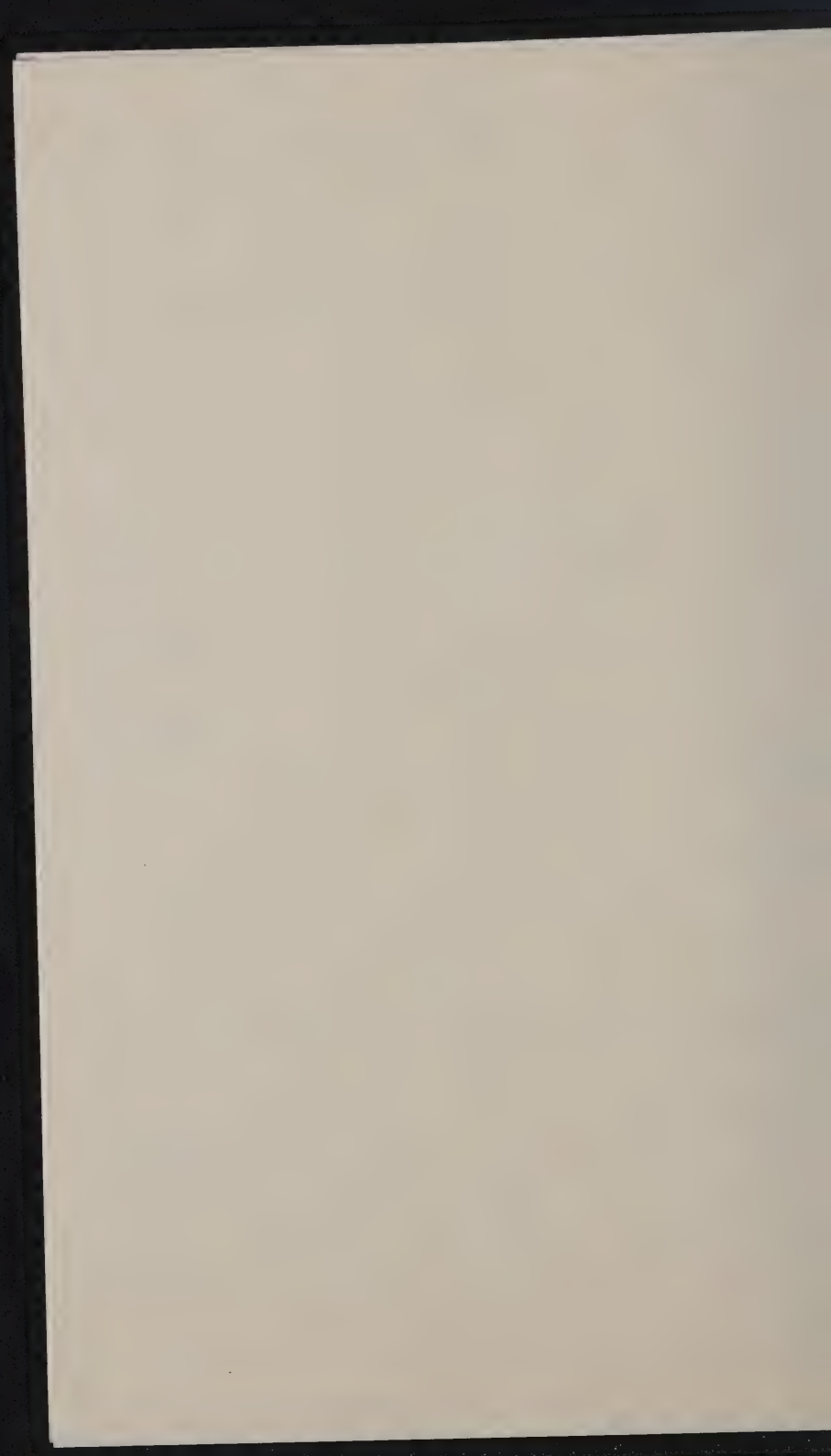
0.760

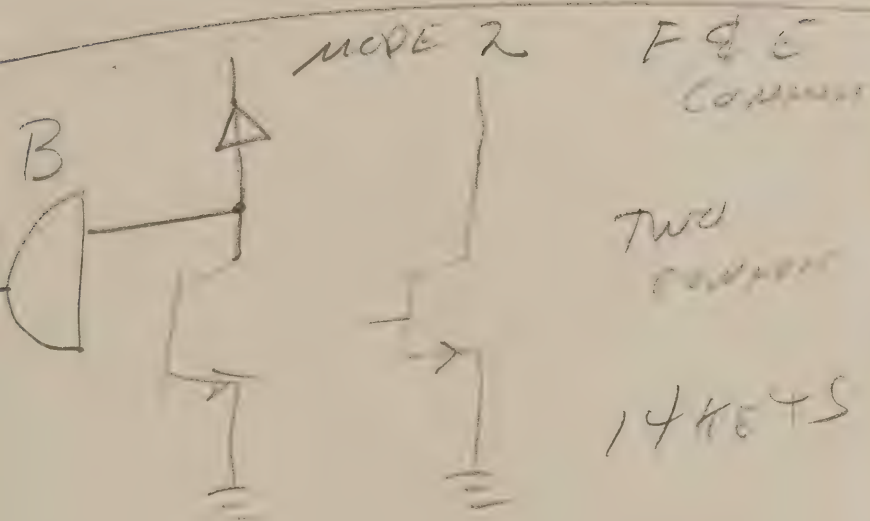
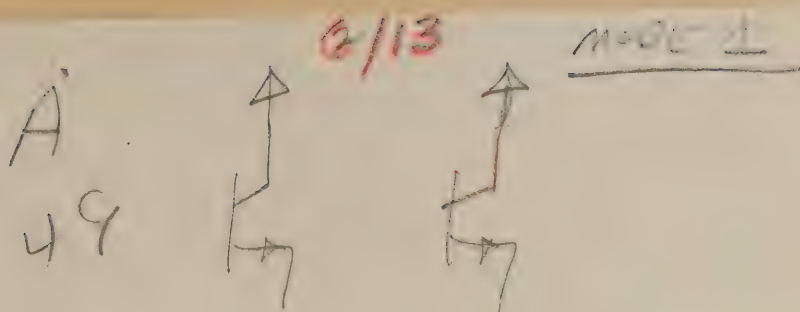
3.84

0.574

2.32

7.0.66

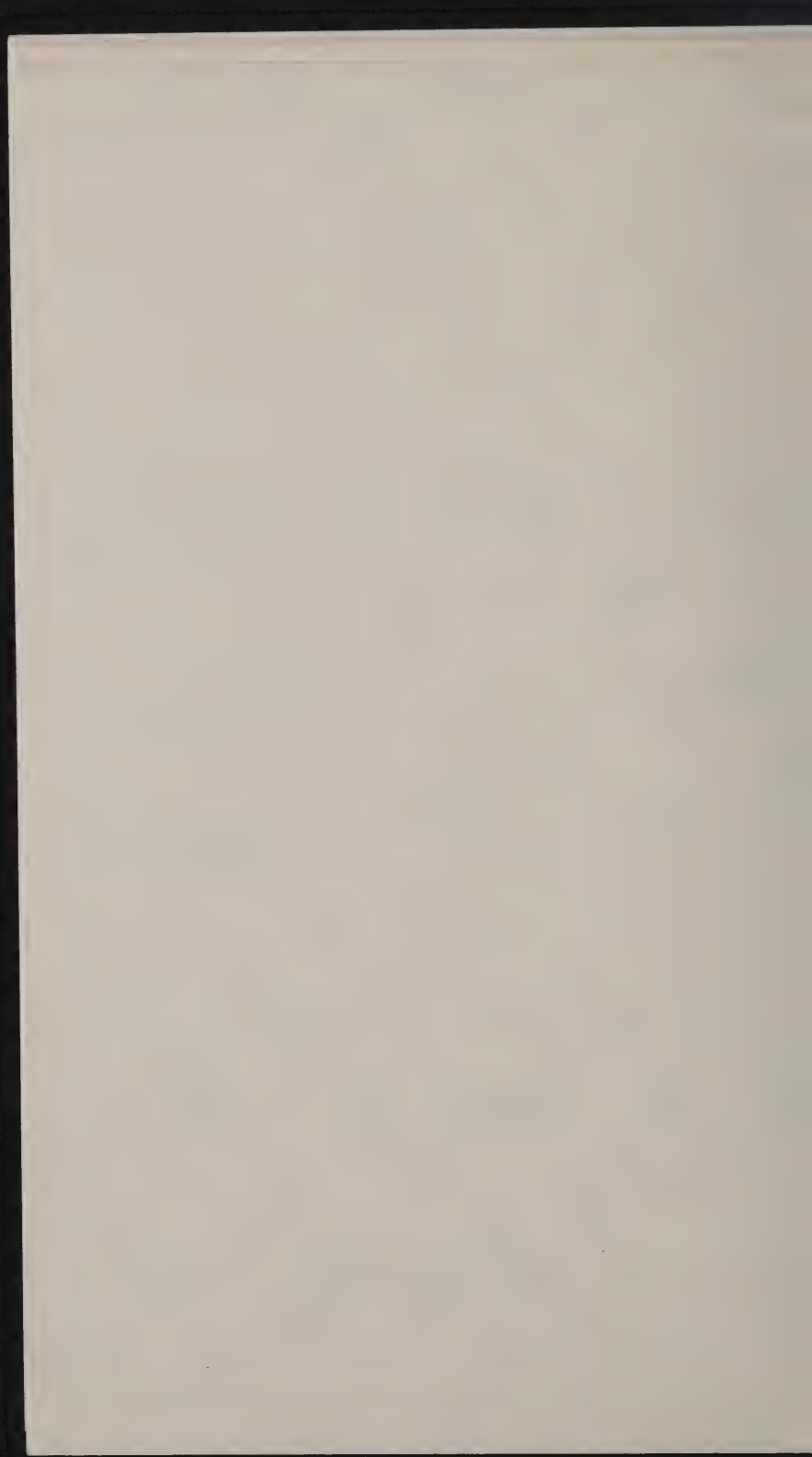


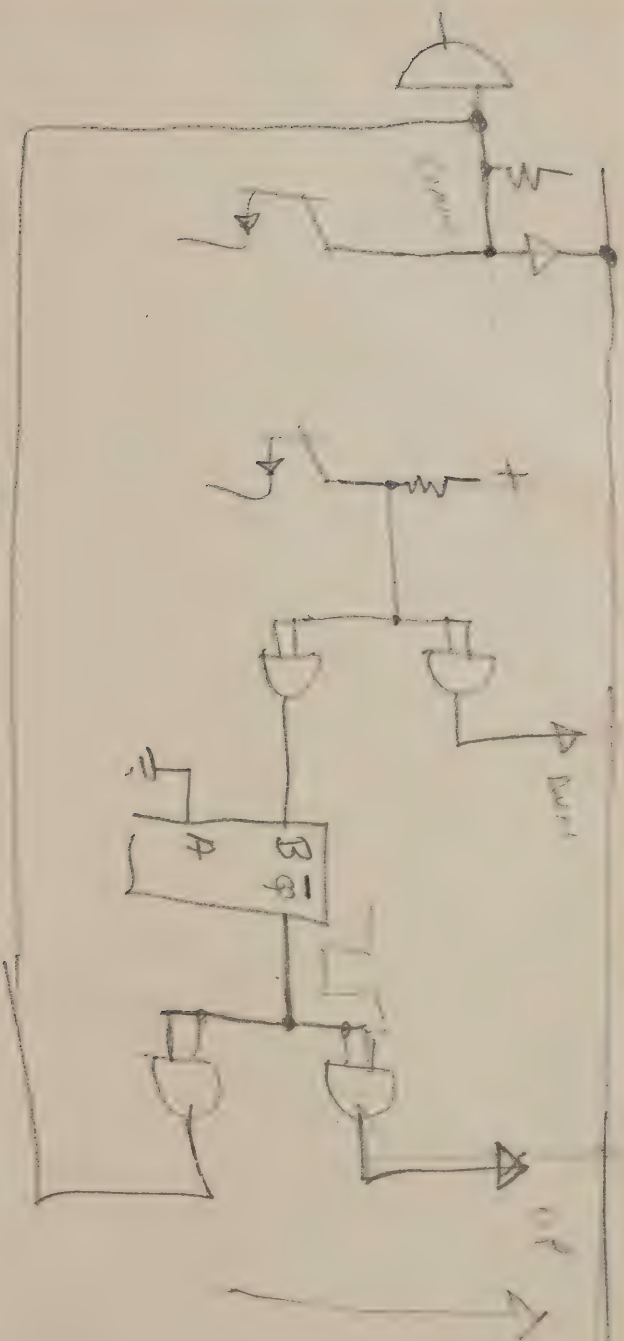


C 12 SAME AS B

SWITCHES

MODE 2





MODE 2

EDIT

C

RESET

D 6 SWITCHES SAME
AS B
MOD 2

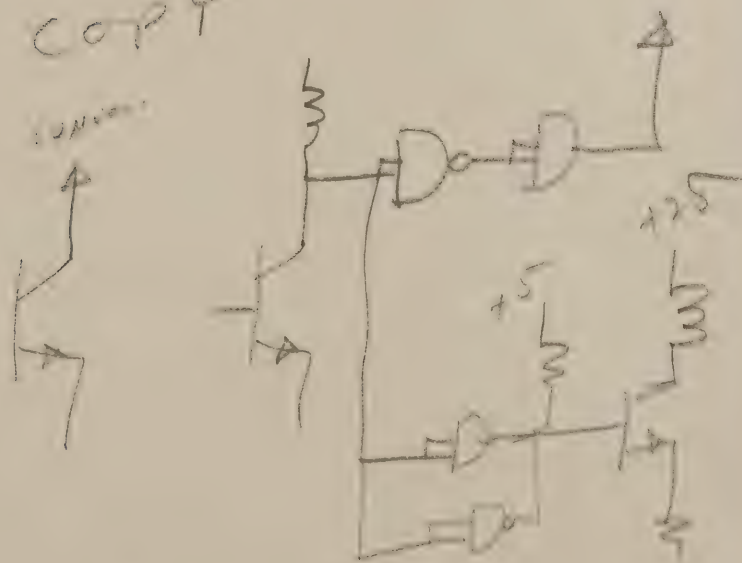
REMOTE SELECT SEE

SEPARATE PAGE

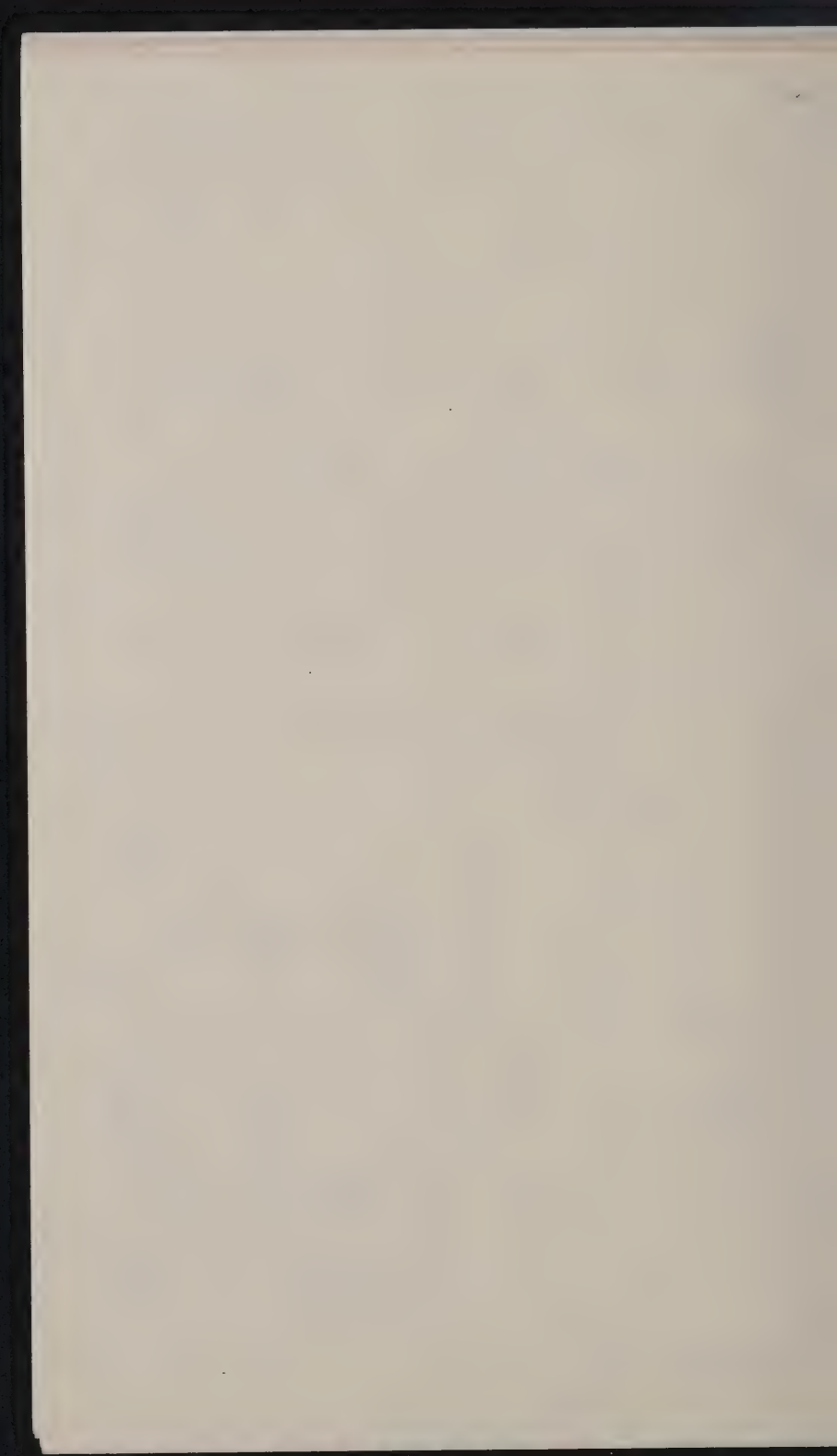
ATTEND / UNATTEND SW

SEPARATE PAGE

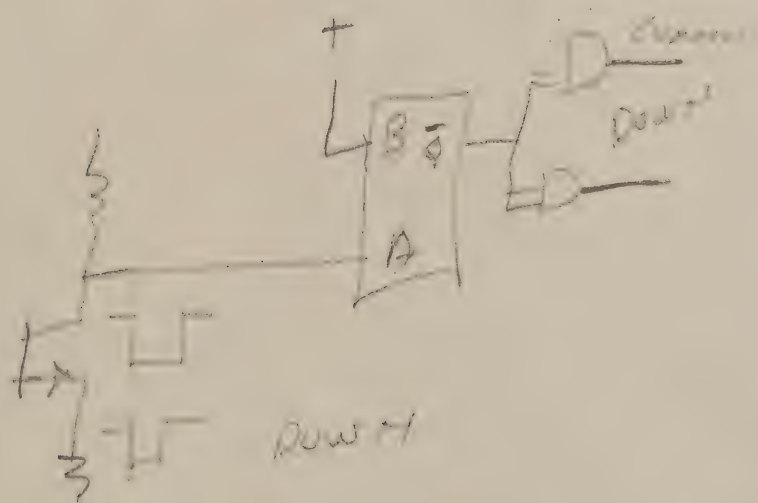
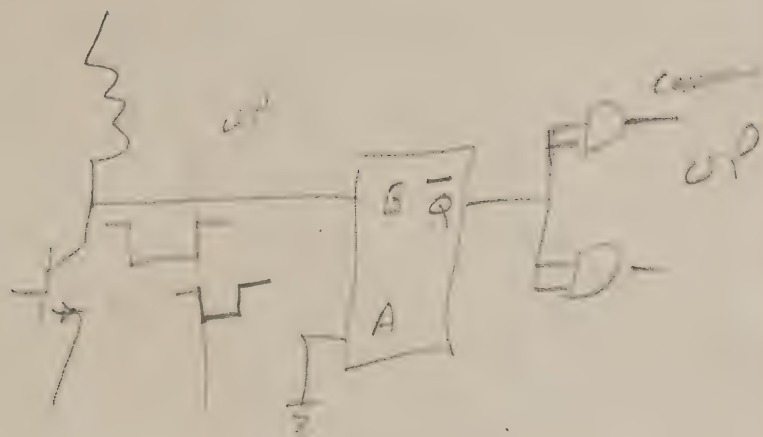
COPY



MODE 2



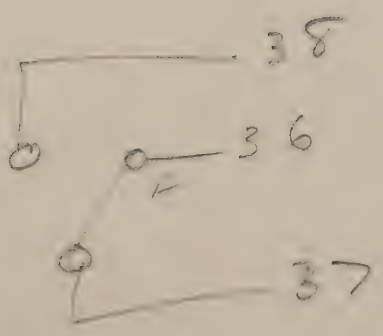
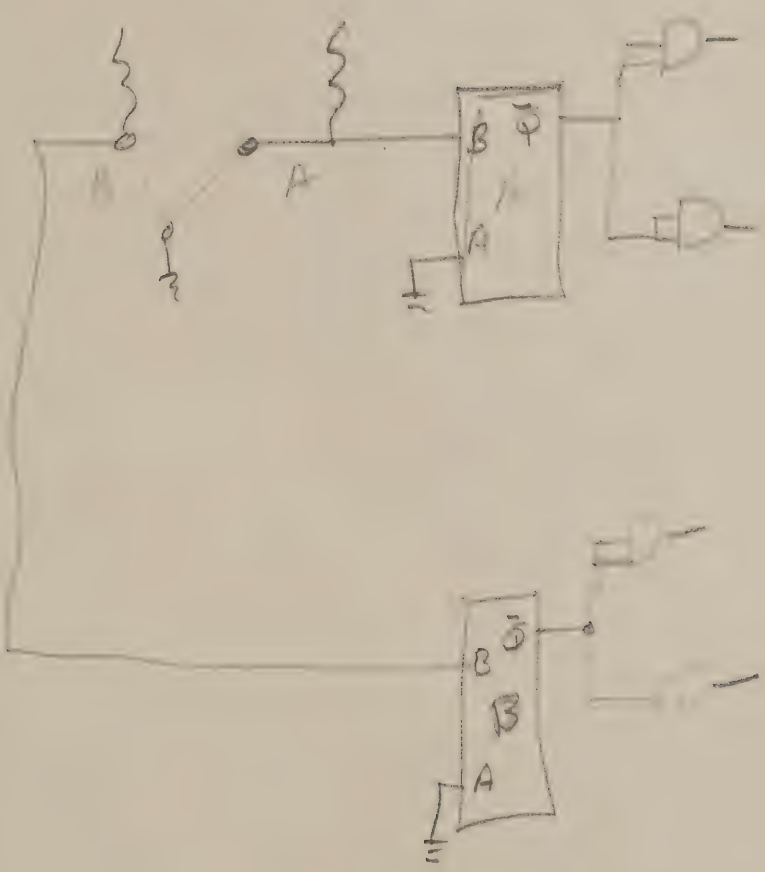
RTN/01 00101010



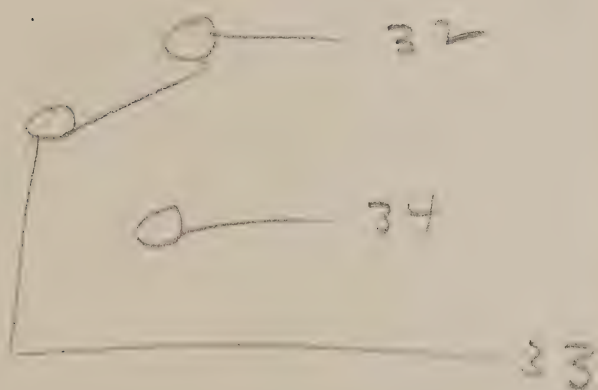
MODE 2

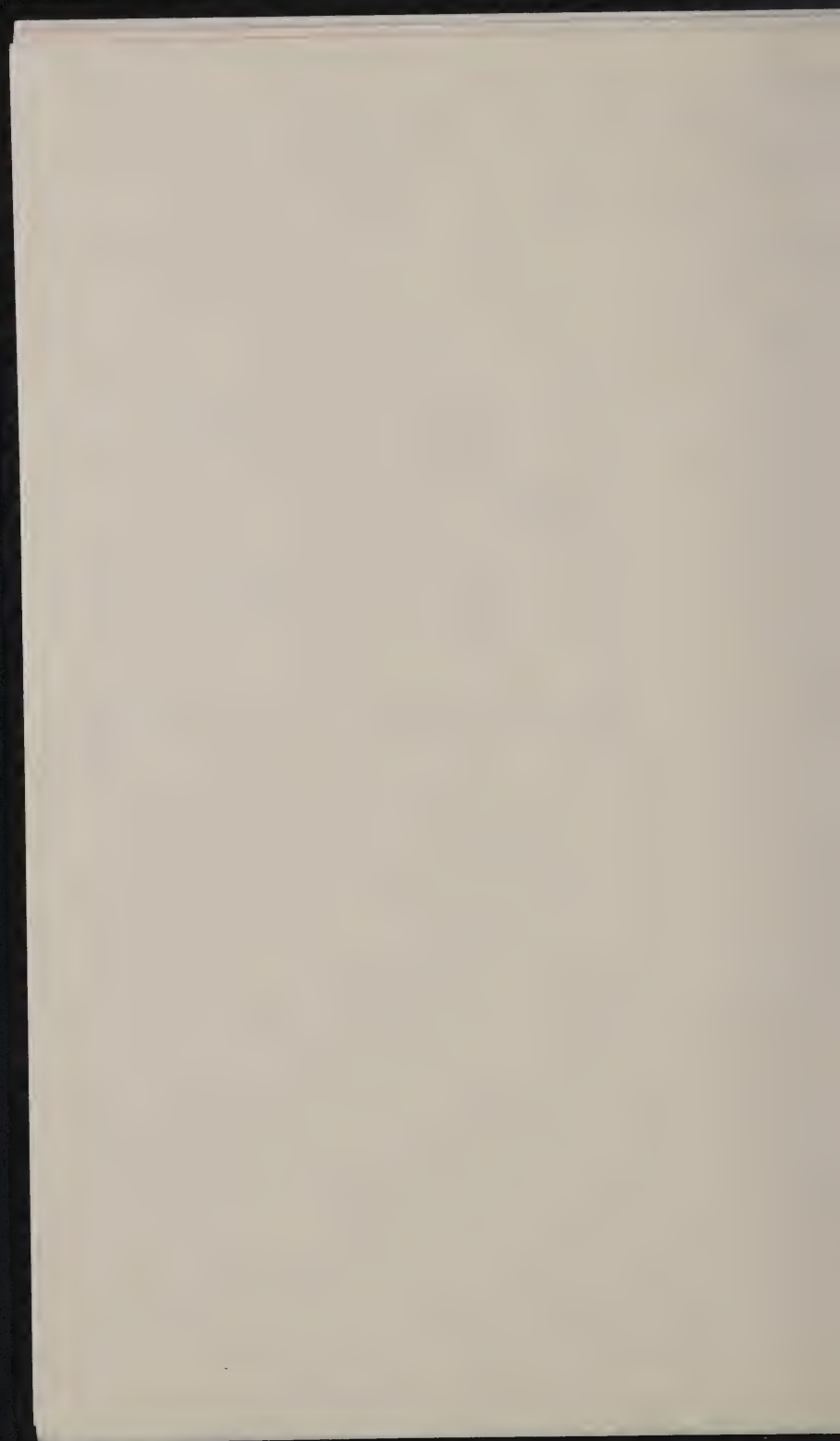


ДИСТАНЦИЯ
 А / В
 МОДУЛЬ 2



D. REMOTE CONTROL
LC TV INT. SW.





$$PMS = .198$$

12 cat model 1360

PCUG - 03-04-2121

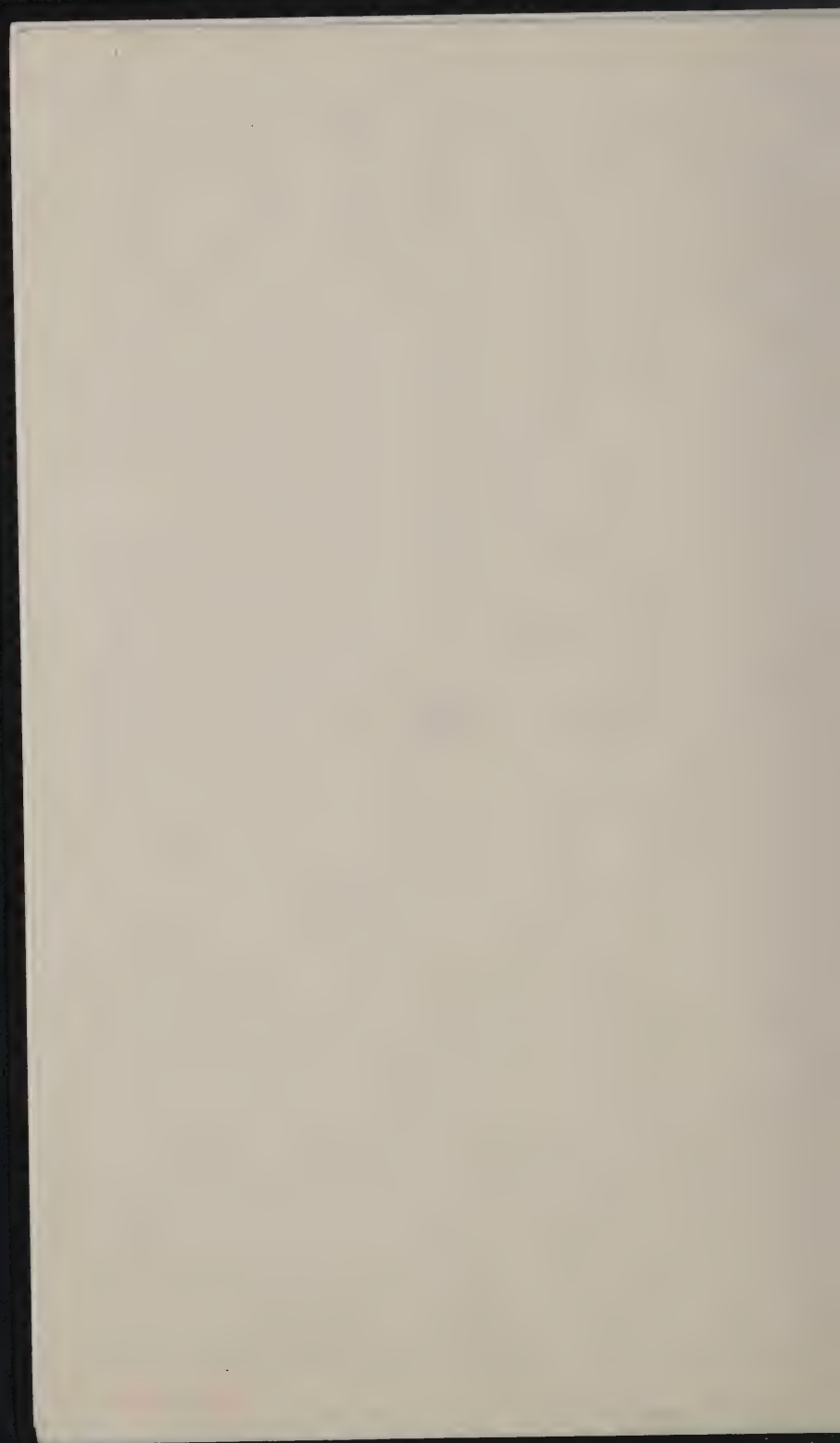
800-00

PCUG - 03-04-1176

0475 x 0737

MOB

2000/12



J12

1 $\frac{7}{2} + 38$ W

3 +28 OUT REMOTE 2nd

4 $\frac{2}{5} + 28$ RET

6 +28 RET-REMOTE 2nd

7 +5V

8 +5V RET.

10 -12 RET.

11 -12 RET.

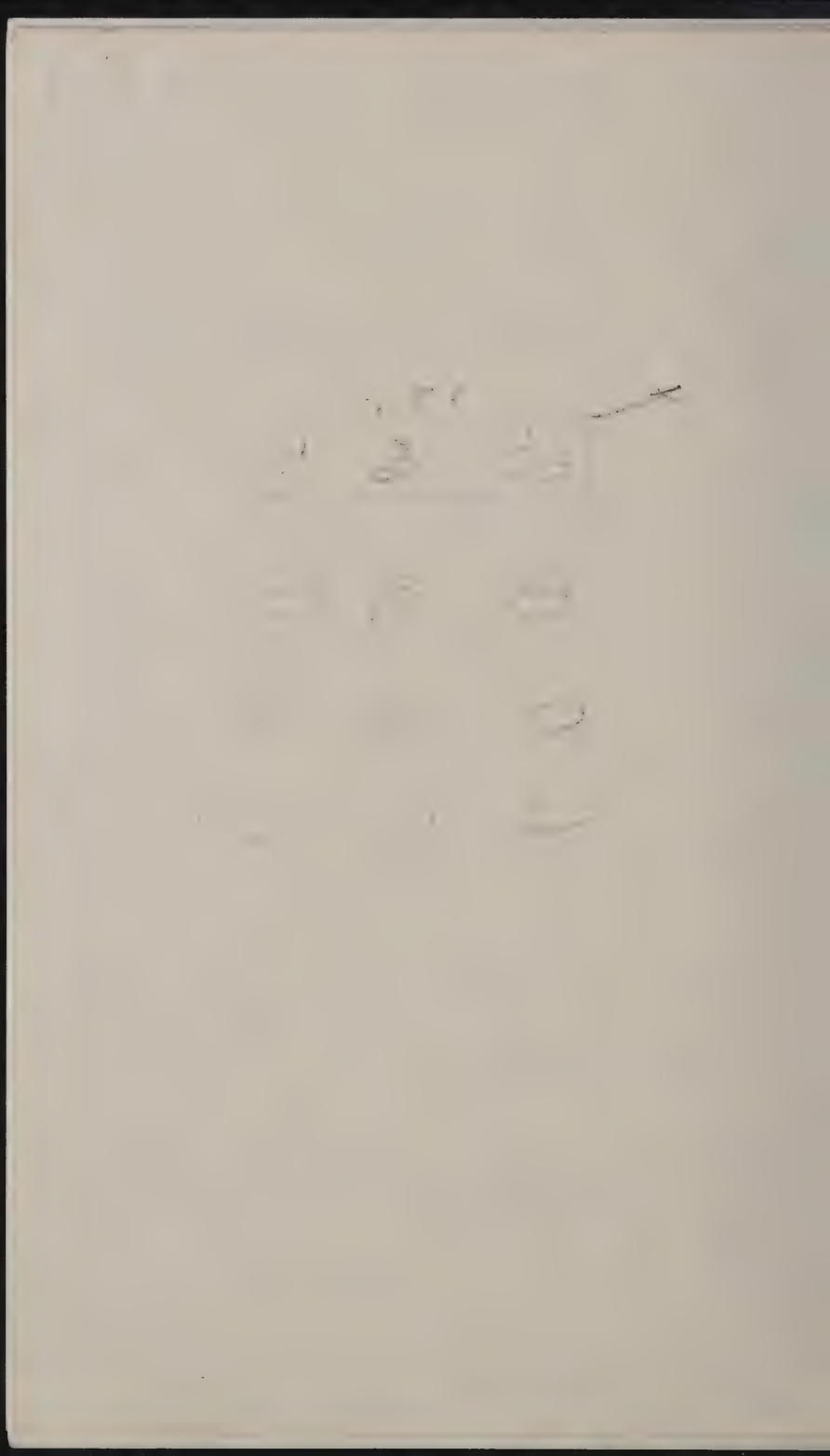
9 A MONITOR RET. 4th

12 B

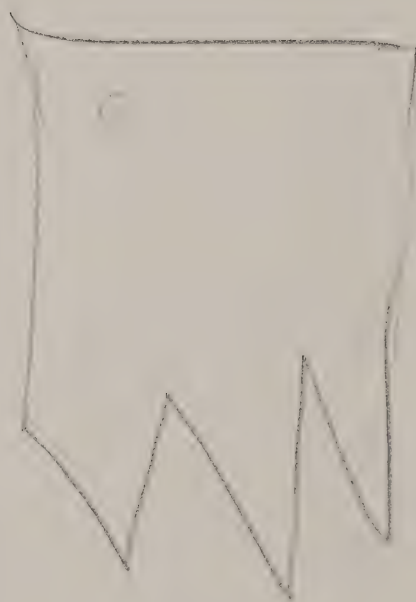
03-10-50

635-7210

6452



	3	2	1
4	0	0	0
5	0	0	0
6	0	0	0
7	0	0	0



VISIT TO INTERSTATE.

DISTANCE BETWEEN P.C. TAPERS .5"

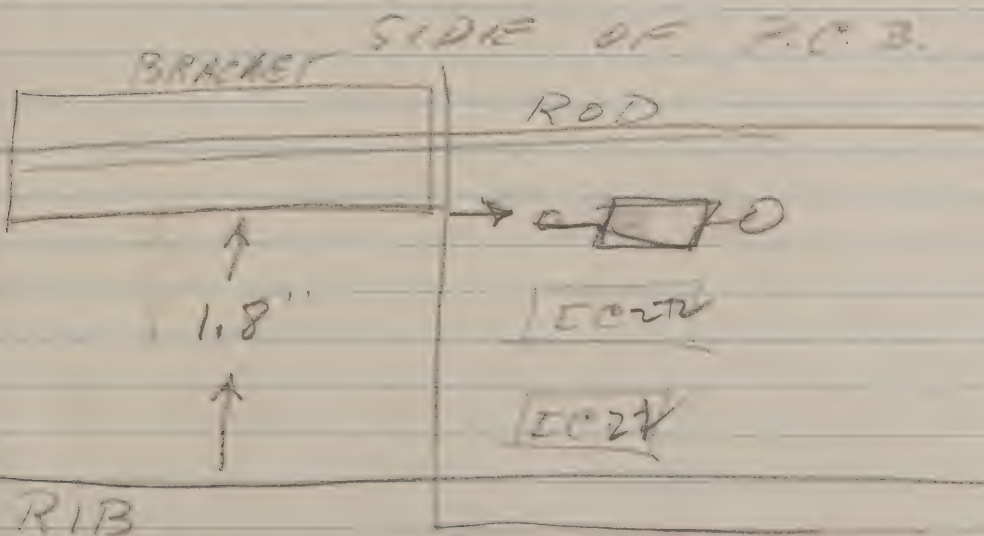
CLEARANCE BETWEEN PCB AND DISTANCE OF CASE - 1.00.

CONNECTORS AT END OF PC TAPERS
.75" HIGH

CLEARANCE TO DISTANCE .25"

CONNECTORS AT .6 FROM END OF BOARD

CONNECTORS ARE 40PIN 3M SERIES
WITH SCREW MOUNTS



✓ DEBOUNCE ATT/UNATT AND REMOTE SELECT

✓ DEBOUNCE BOTH ENCODERS FOR SWIT/INDIC.

✓ INCORPORATE EDIT & REPEAT CAT CHANGE

$$\begin{array}{r}
 1.500 \\
 8.00 \\
 \hline
 7.20
 \end{array}$$

P.C. BOARD #1

WIRE #

DESTINATION

1 -	CONN C - 21	
2 -	22	} +5VDC
3 -	23	
4 -	18	} GND
5 -	19	
6 -	20	
7 -	17	-12VDC
8 -	CONN A - 1	AS4
9 -	2	AS1
10 -	3	AS2
11 -	4	AS3
12 -	5	AS4
13 -	6	AS5
14 -	7	AS6
15 -	8	SYM
16 -	9	GND
17 -	10	CORR
18 -	11	GND
19 -		+28VDC
20 -		GND (28VDC)
21 -	CONN B - 39	} 555
22 -	40	
23 -	REMOTE SELECT - A	
24 -	REMOTE 11	GND
25 -	11	B
26 -	ATT	} 557
27 -	UNATT	
28 -	MCLR - PCB-2	ATT

Conn - C

P.C.B. #2

1

1 - I ϕ	- 1 ✓
2 - I ₁	- 2 ✓
3 - I ₂	- 3 ✓
4 - I ₃	- 4 ✓
5 - I ₄	- 5 ✓
6 - I ₅	- 6 ✓
7 - KEY G/F	- 7 ✓
8 - GND	- 8 ✓
9 - NDRDY	- 9 ✓
10 - GND	- 10 ✓
38 - GND	- 11 ✓
39 - MCLR	- 12 ✓
40 - GND	- 13 ✓
11 - +5V	- 14 ✓
12 - +5V	- 15 ✓
13 - +5V	- 16 ✓

Conn - A

12 - FF ϕ	- 17 ✓
13 - FF1	- 18 ✓
14 - FF2	- 19 ✓
15 - FF3	- 20 ✓
16 - GND	- 21 ✓
17 - FFORS	- 22 ✓
18 - GND	- 23 ✓
19 - CF ϕ	- 24 ✓
20 - CF1	- 25 ✓
21 - CF2	- 26 ✓
22 - CF3	- 27 ✓
23 - TH ϕ	- 28 ✓
24 - TH1	- 29 ✓
25 - TH2	- 30 ✓
26 - TH3	- 31 ✓
27 - GND	- 32 ✓
28 - CFORS	- 33 ✓
29 - GND	- 34 ✓

THUMB WHEEL

TB 2

A	—	—	35	✓
B	—	—	36	✓
C	—	—	37	✓
D	—	—	38	✓

SEE WIRE 97 FOR GND ✓

CHA-FUNT-SW-

Y1	—	—	39	✓
Y2	—	—	40	✓
Y3	—	—	41	✓
Y4	—	—	42	✓
X1	—	—	43	✓
X2	—	—	44	✓
X3	—	—	45	✓
X4	—	—	46	✓

THUMB WHEEL DECODED

OUT TO CF INDICATORS

BIT				
0	—	47	RIGHT	✓
1	—	48	↓	✓
2	—	49	↓	✓
3	—	50	↓	✓
4	—	51	↓	✓
5	—	52	TO	✓
6	—	53	↓	✓
7	—	54	↓	✓
8	—	55	↓	✓
9	—	56	LEFT	✓

CHA-FUNC.

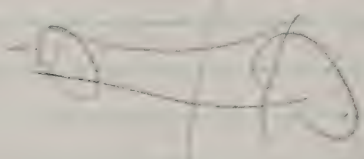
INDICA. FROM RIGHT TO LEFT

TB 2

OF		ON (AMB)		OFF (CYAN)
0	—	57	✓	58
1	—	59	✓	60
2	—	61	✓	62
3	—	63	✓	64
4	—	65	✓	66
5	—	67	✓	68
6	—	69	✓	70

28000

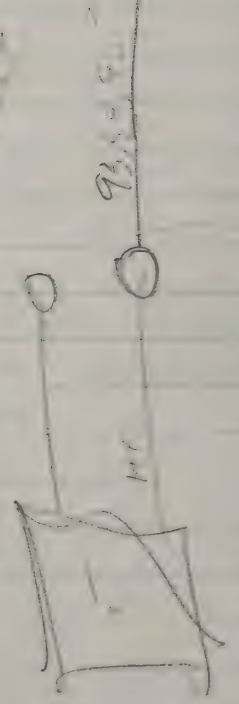
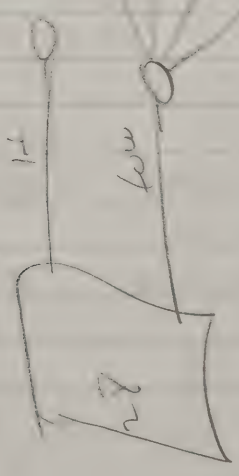
48
98
10



96

96

T.B.



CHAN - FUNC - (PORT)

3

C.F	ON	OFF
7 -	71 -	72 -
8 -	73 -	74 -
9 -	75 -	76 -
10 -	77 -	78 -
11 -	79 -	80 -
12 -	81 -	82 -
13 -	83 -	84 -
14 -	85 -	86 -
15 -	87 -	88 -

MON. A - 89 ✓

11 B 90 ✓

ATT. SWITCH 91 ✓

UNATT. 92 ✓

COM C

14 GND - 93 ✓ TEL

15 GND (+5) - 94 ✓

16 GND - 95 ✓

GND (COM 28) - 96 ✓

THUMBWHEEL

SW-GND - 97 ✓

GND FOR 28V SYSTEM - 98 ✓

11 11 11 99 ✓

11 11 11 100 ✓

28V POWER 101 ✓

761 (Circuit Board)

+ 5

- 12

Net for 1000

+ 28

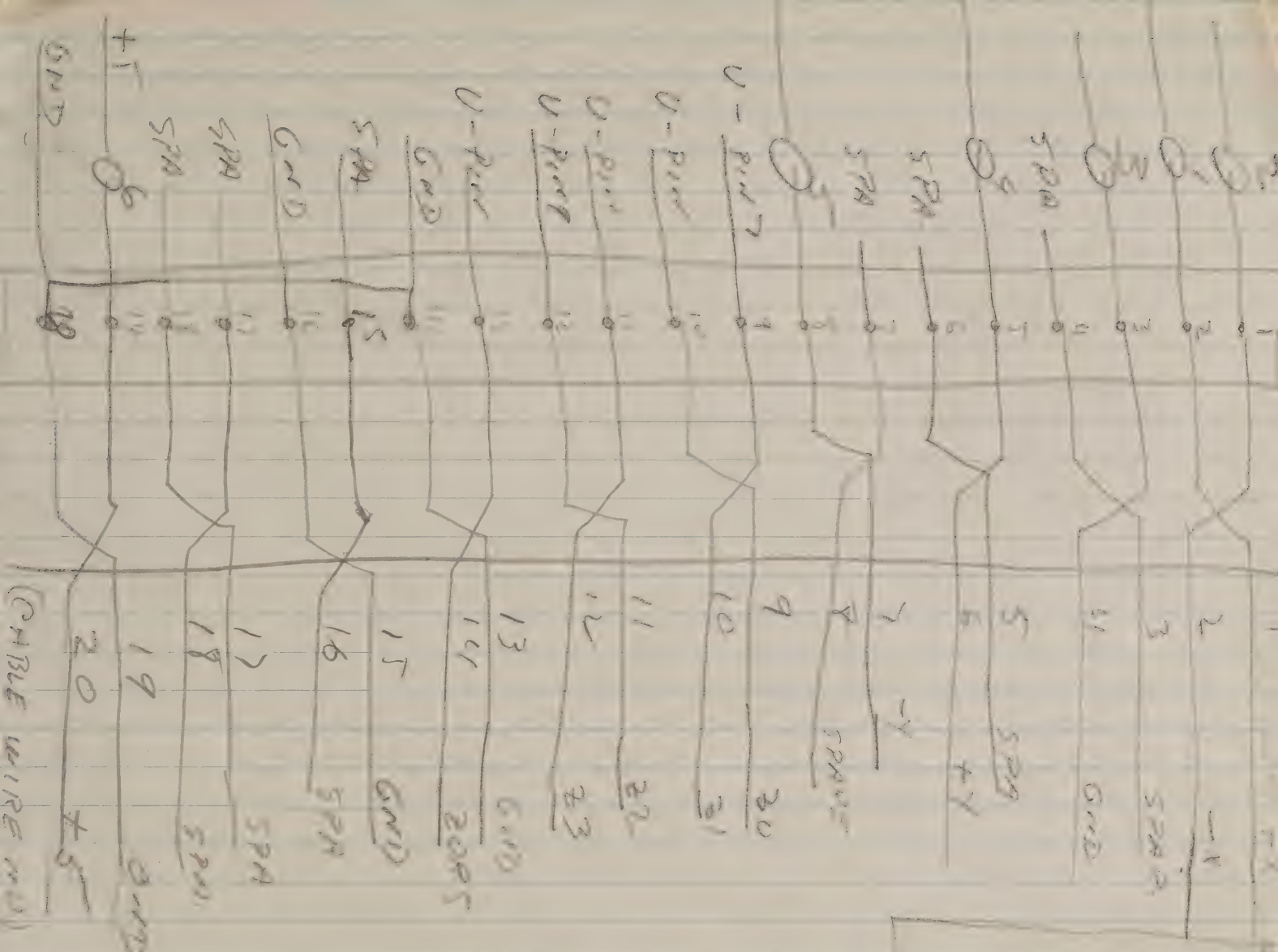
23400

1000

1000

1000

14920



200 14

00	0+
	00
	01

10	
00000	
+0	0

CAROL

3.155

1.210

CAROL
500

4.505

.050

.24

1.211

1.211

1.211

5.315

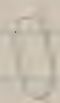
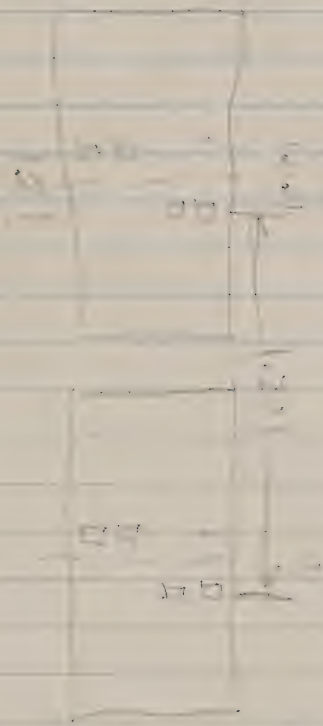
.495

.24

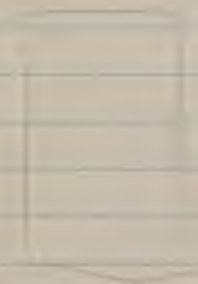
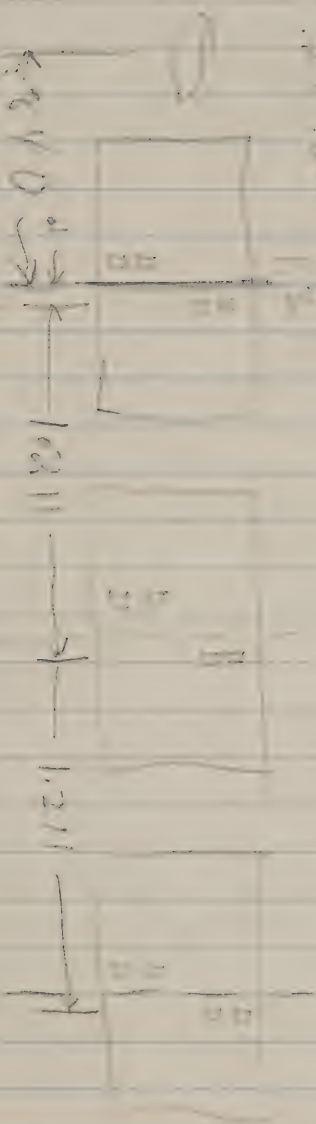
.5

cl

20



2.4.600





ADDITION INFORMATION (continued)

Printed Circuit Board Mount

TERMINAL SITS OF TERMINAL LOCATION

SWITCHES



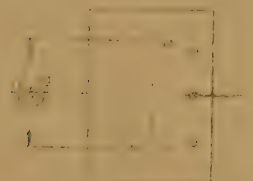
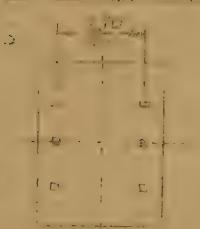
AML13/14/15/16



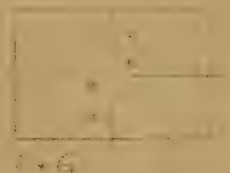
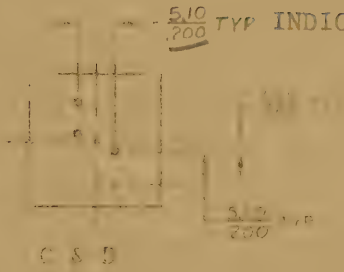
AML17/18



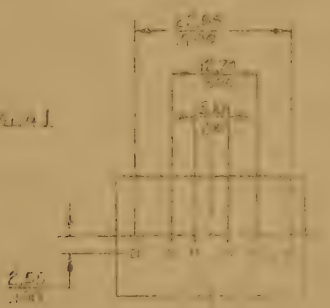
AML19/20/21/22/23/24/25/26



5.10 TYP INDICATORS



AML41



J, K, L

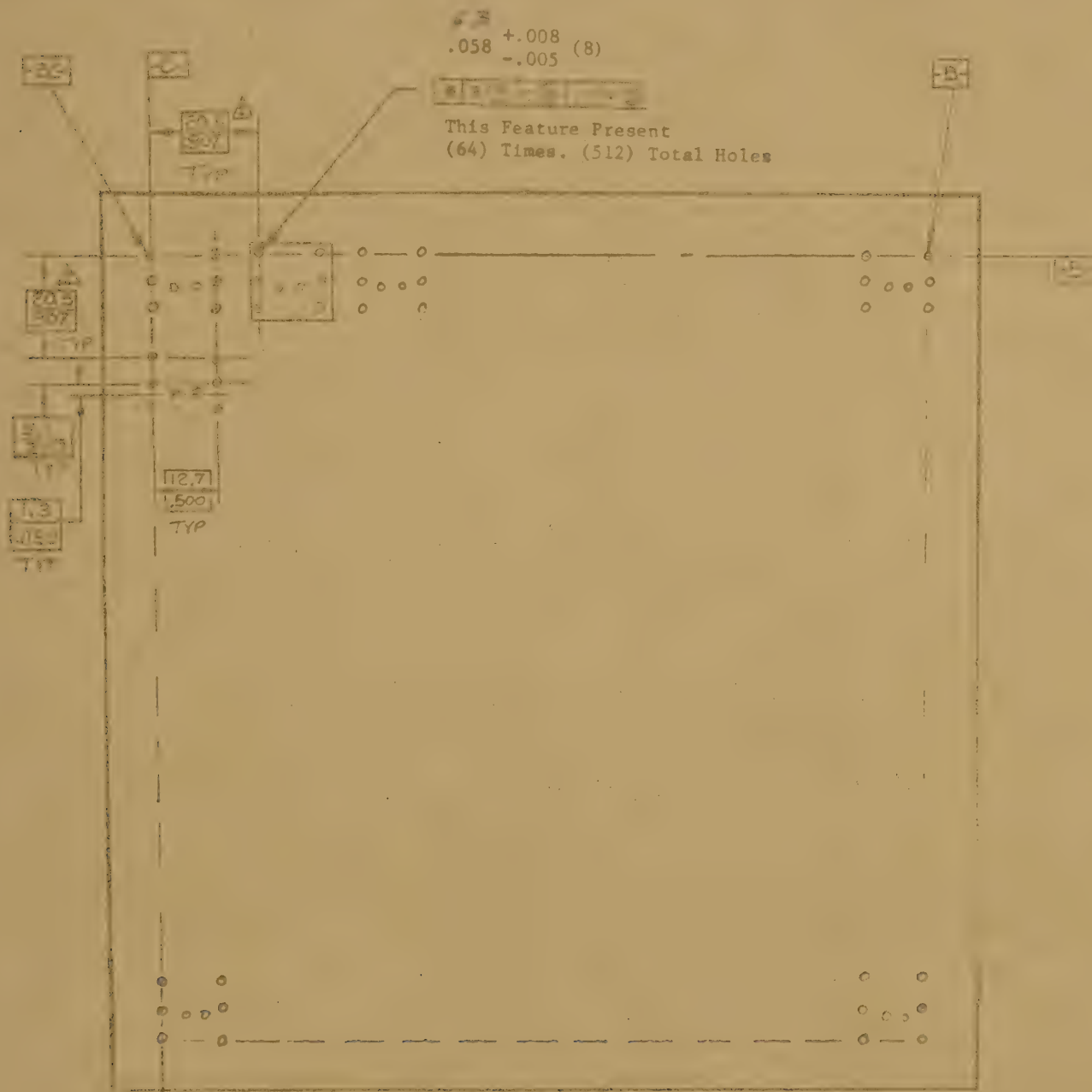


MOUNTING INFORMATION (continued)

Printed Circuit Board Mount

AML21C 8 X 8 UNIT MATRIX

The .058" dia. holes are true positioned with respect to B and C datums.



NOTES:

1. Component Side For Sub Panel Mounting.
2. Rectangular Units: Width Dimension = 20,55/.810 BSC
Length Dimension = 20,75/1.211 BSC
3. AML 21C Type Unit Is Illustrated.

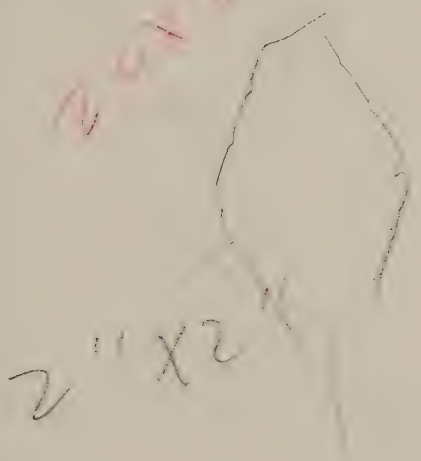
2.120
050

2.11

2.15

2.070

2.070



2.12
2.11
2.11

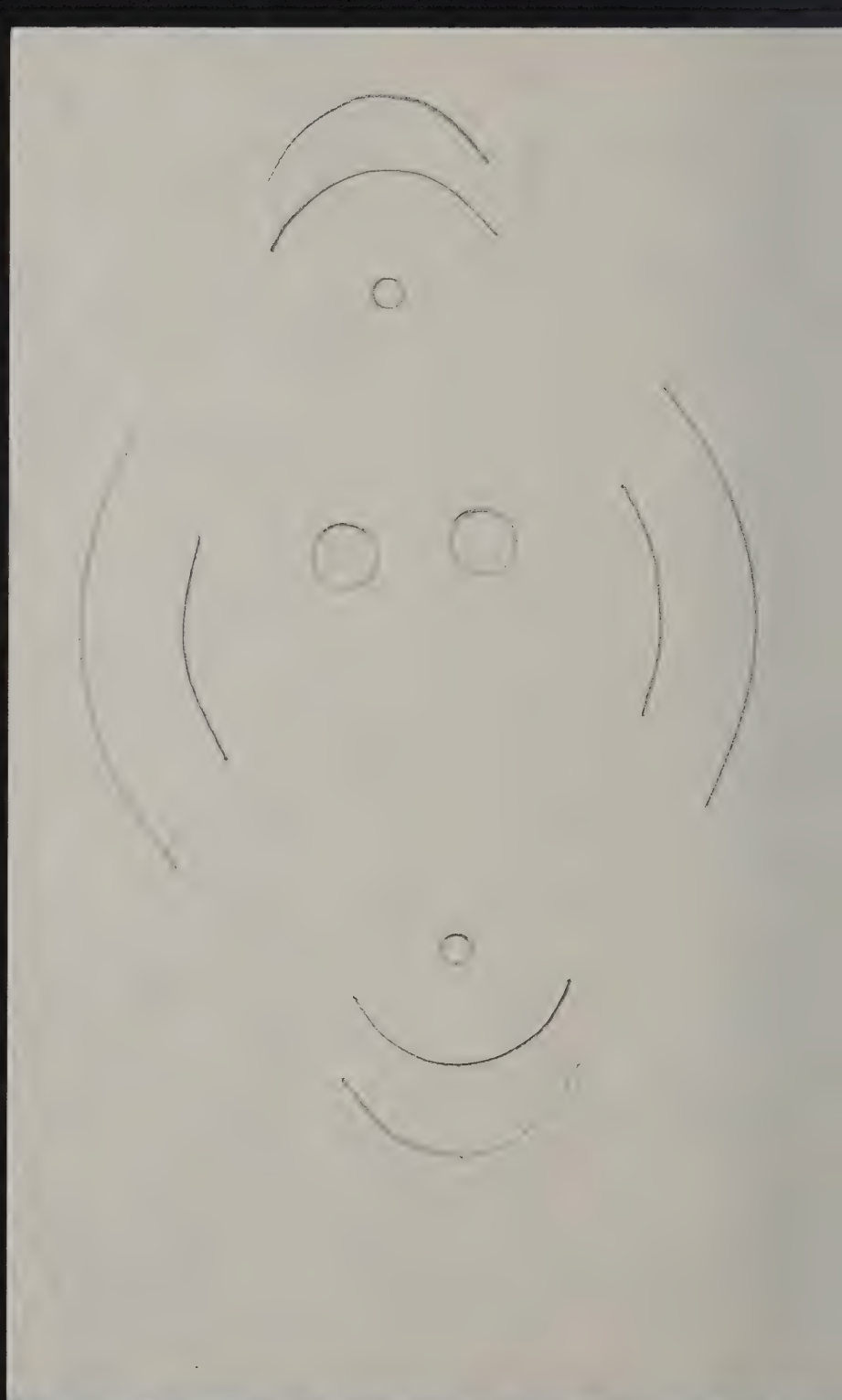
2.2

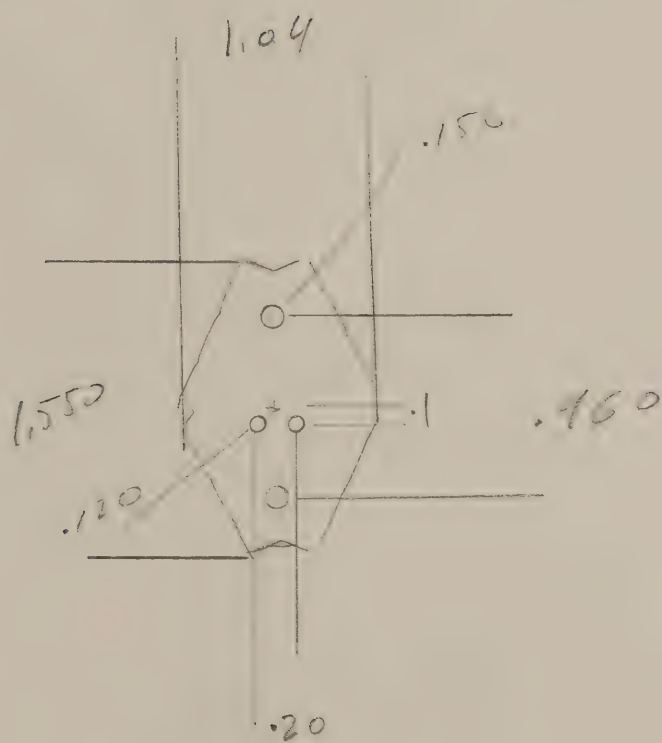
2.14

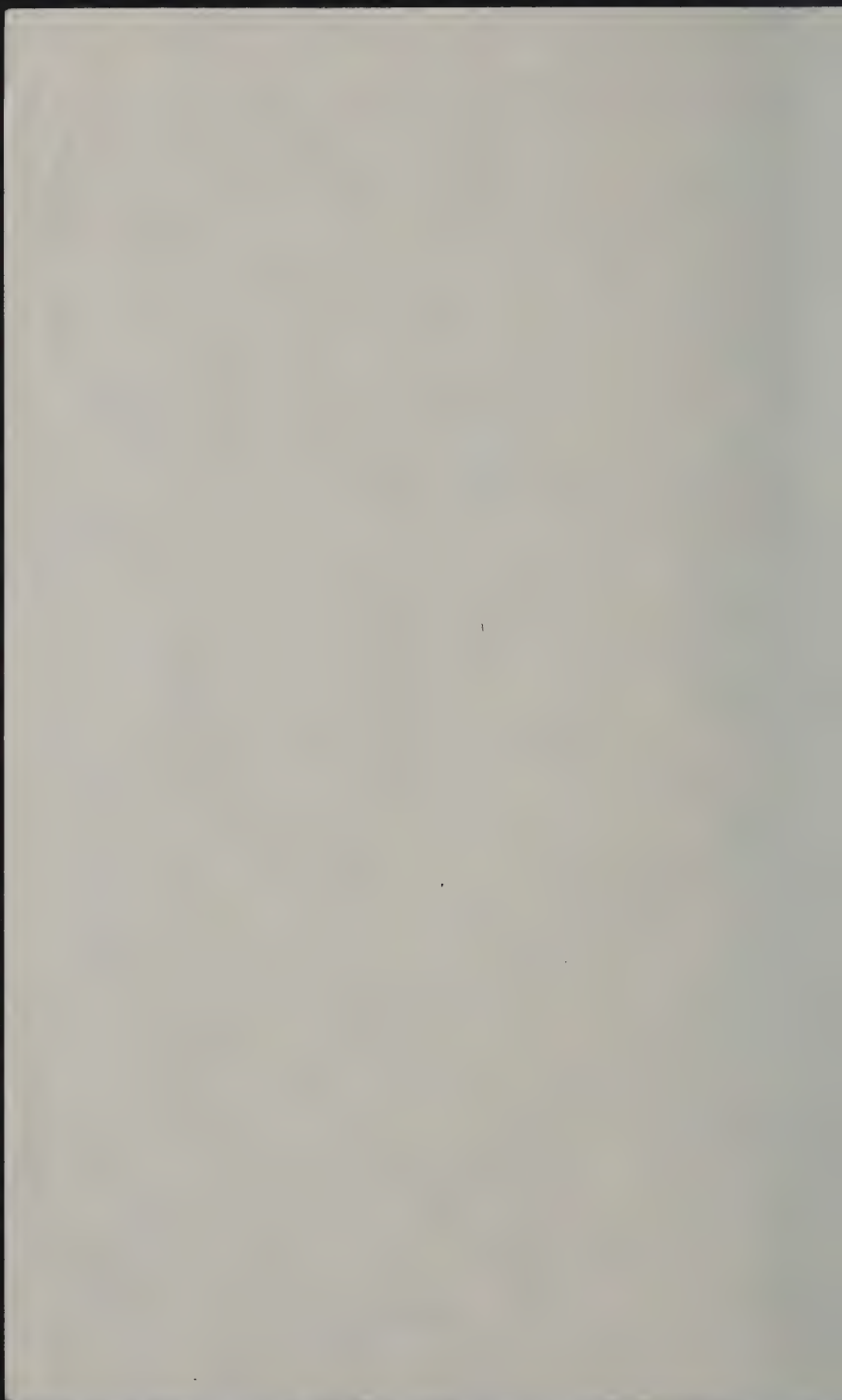
4/

2.29

1.00







$\frac{1.47}{1.47}$
 $\frac{5.27}{5.27}$

$\frac{5.94}{5.94}$
 $\frac{5.94}{5.94}$

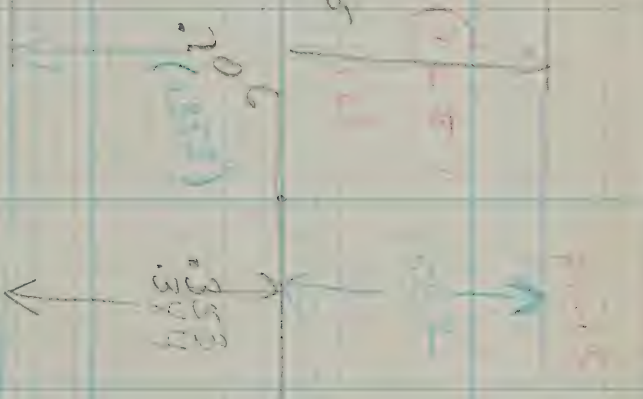
$\frac{1.27}{1.27}$
 $\frac{1.27}{1.27}$

682

282

615

620



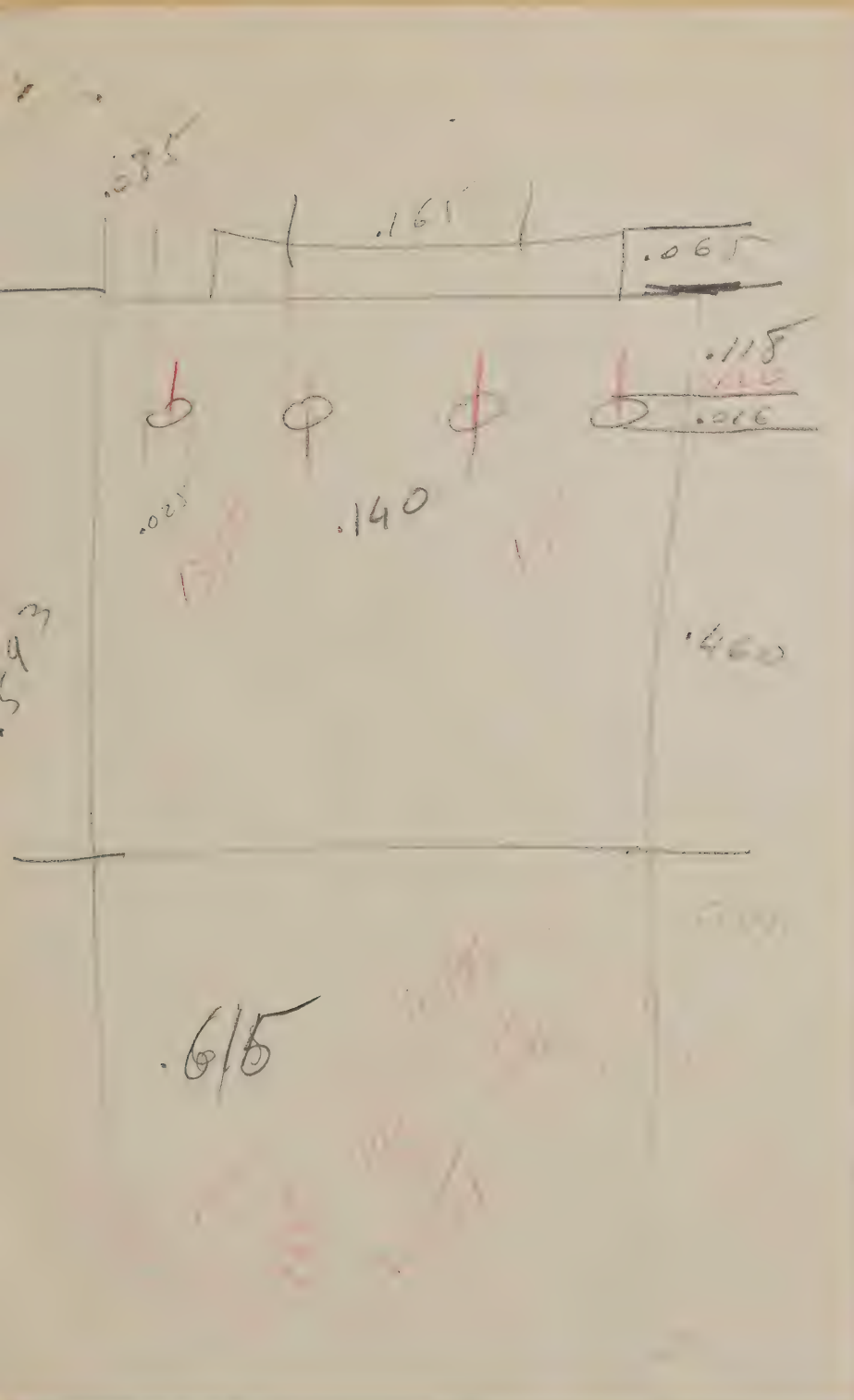
0.353

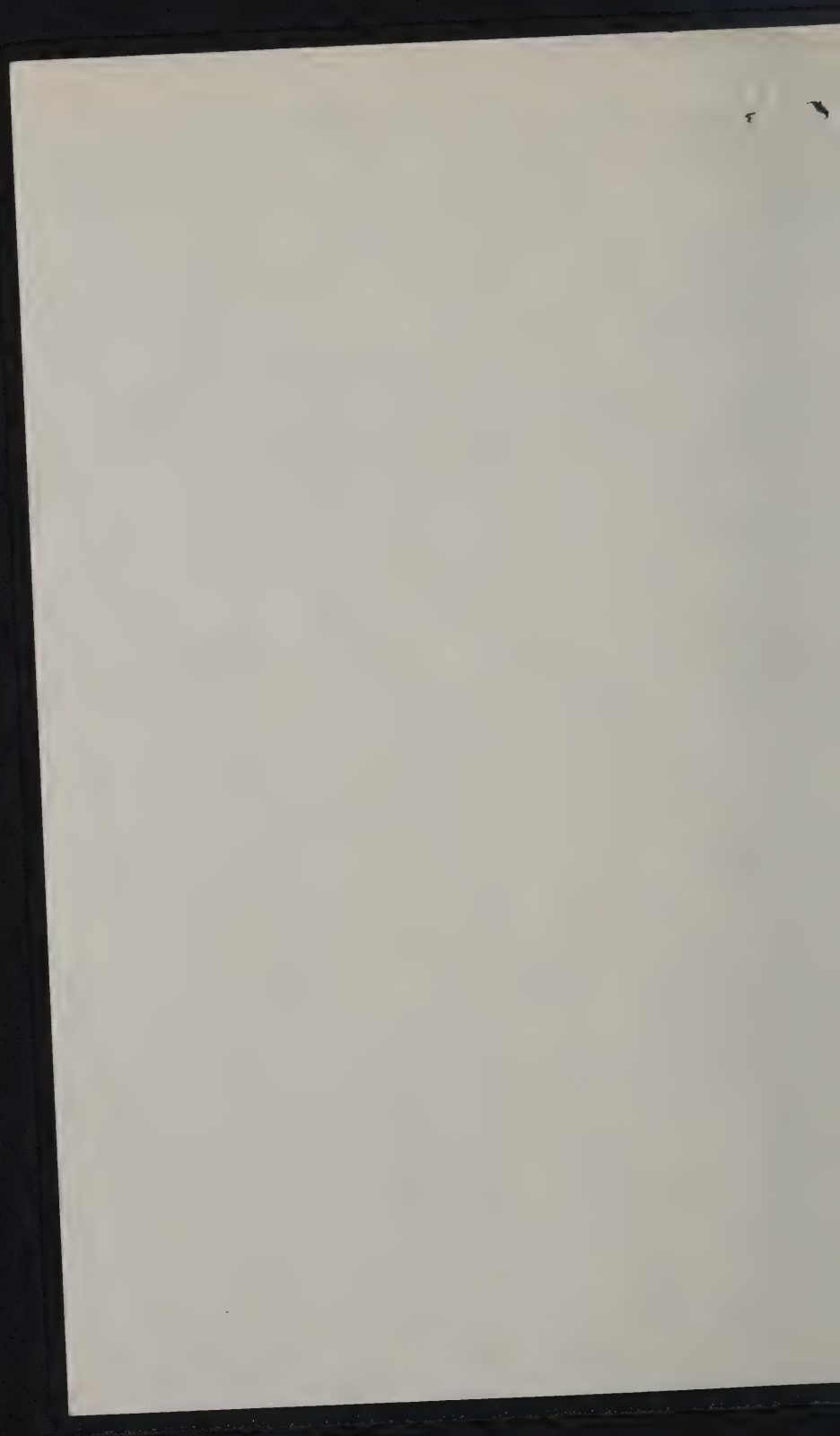
0.353

0.344

0.353

0.344





706 .710

615 .85 .085

OP	7	11
	.165	.025

115
16
460
599

.590

113

2000	.118
	.016
	460

5

22


7.

✓ V.A. LANE ~~4-17~~ ✓
CORRECTIONS PER ~~DATE~~

8R

Pull down resistors ~~(2000)~~ on
output pins 15 thru 21, & 24/4-15 to gnd. -
8

+ change 4-8 & 4-9 to 74LS09 -

✓ Change 4-1 to operate on  master clear ✓

Add .01 capacitors ✓

To 4-11 & 4-12 (pins 15 & 16 to gnd.)

Change switch wiring

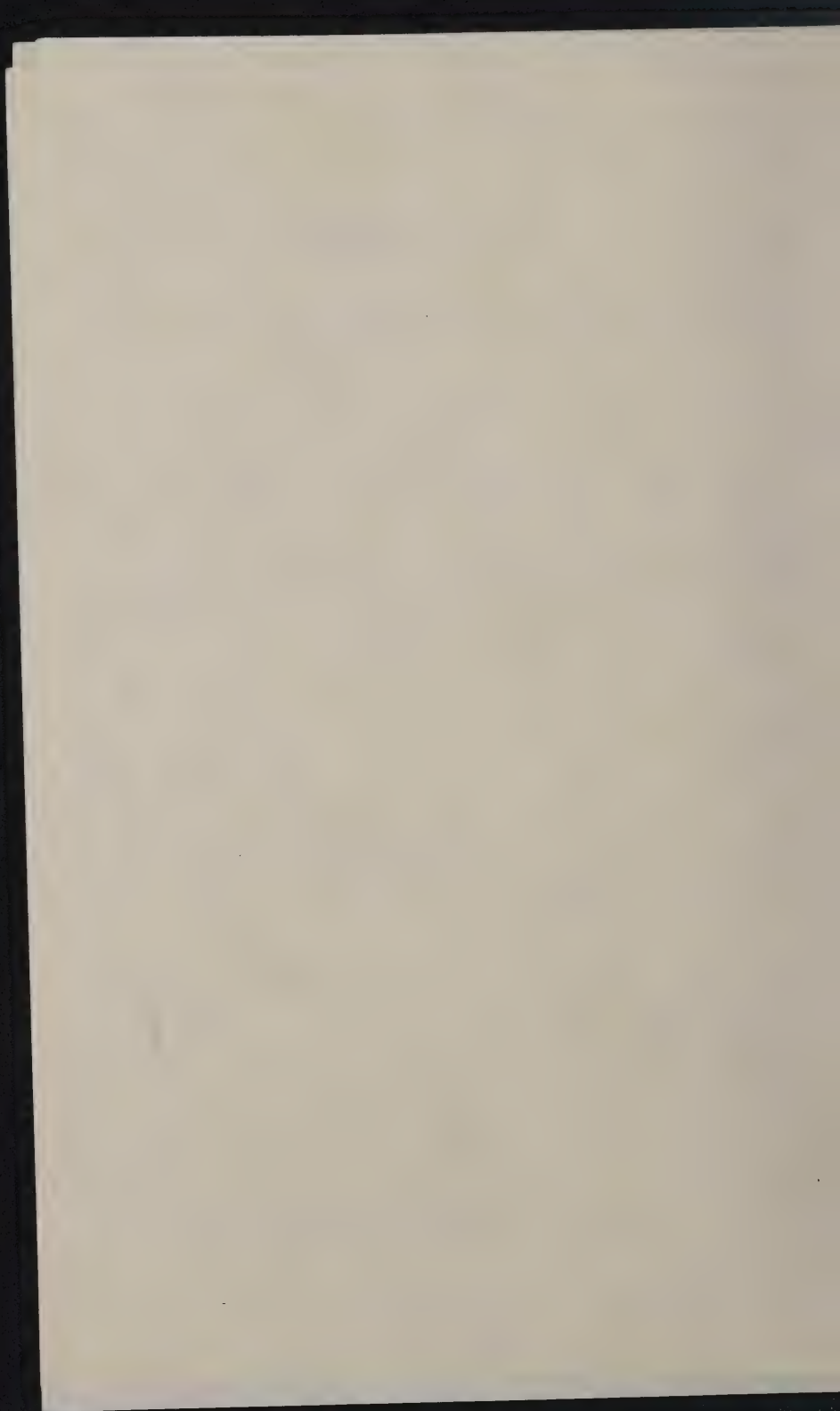
✓ S-56 - 3A-8 (was 3A-5) ✓

✓ S-65 - 4A-11 (was 4A-1) ✓

~~S-86~~ 3A-9 (was 3A-6) ✓ ?

✓ Gnd for S-12, S-25, S-38, S-80 ✓

Strobe enable ?

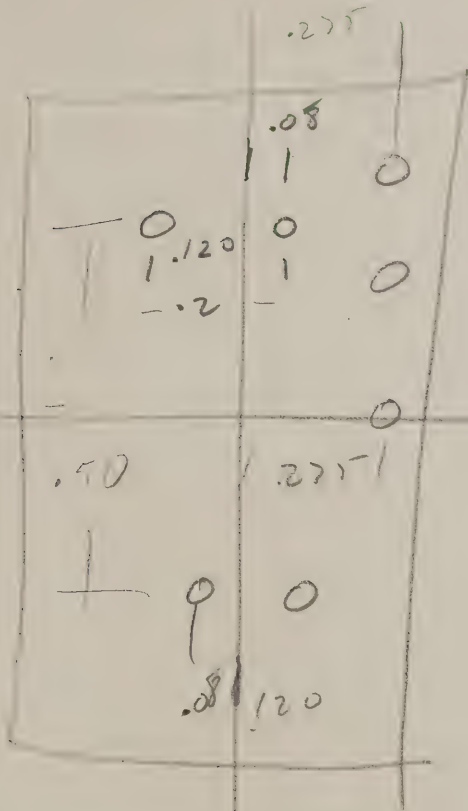


(714) 754-6111

(213) 558-2345

(714) 754-6000

(213) 558-2543



1005



SIGNETICS

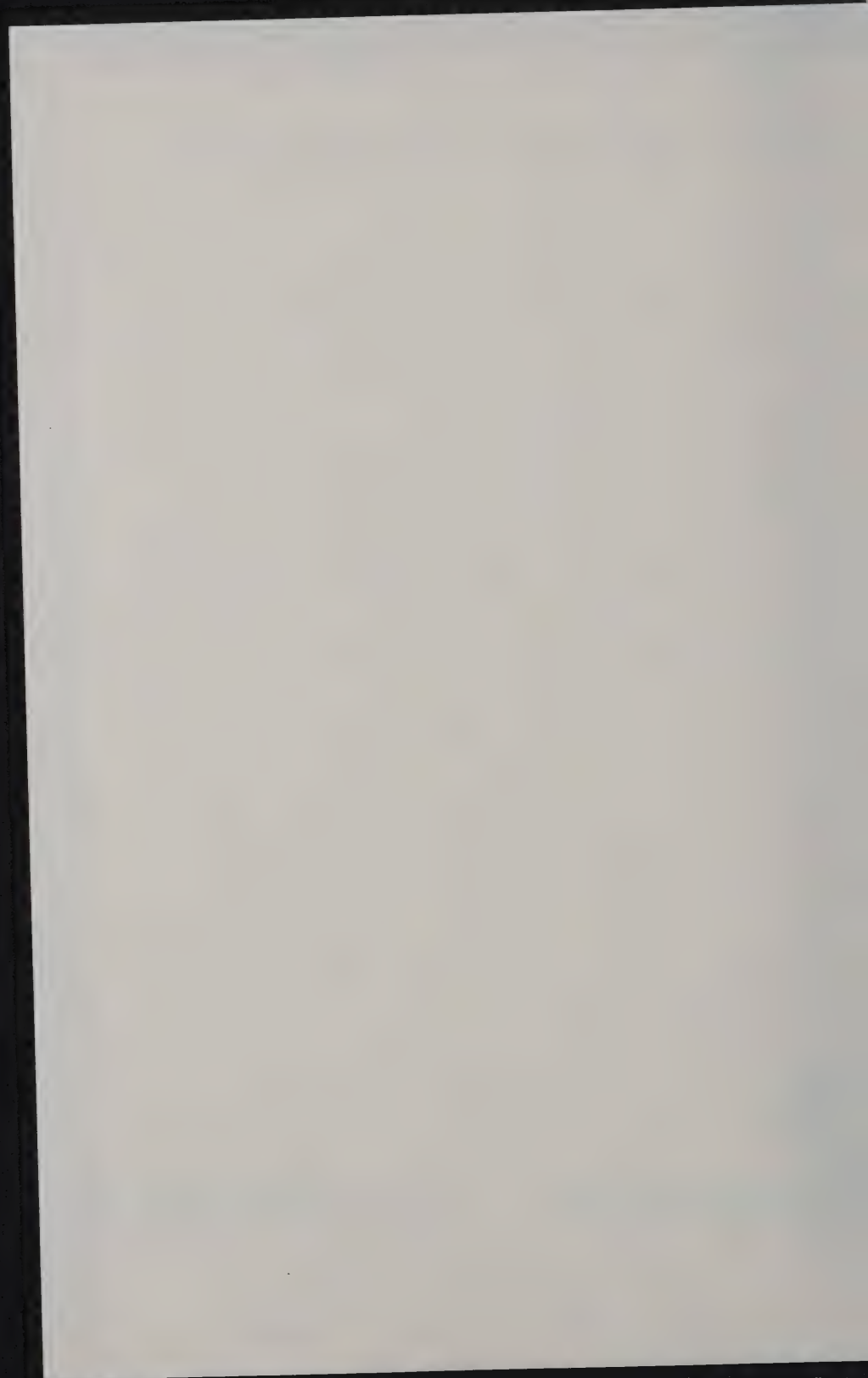
From



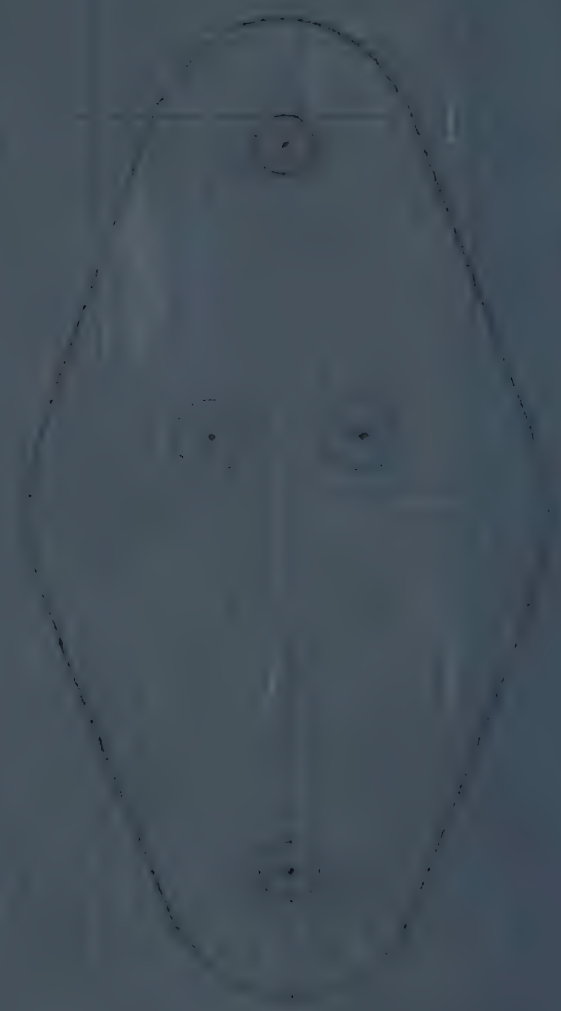
AVNET

ELECTRONICS

350 McCORMICK AVENUE
COSTA MESA, CALIF. 92626







121

11

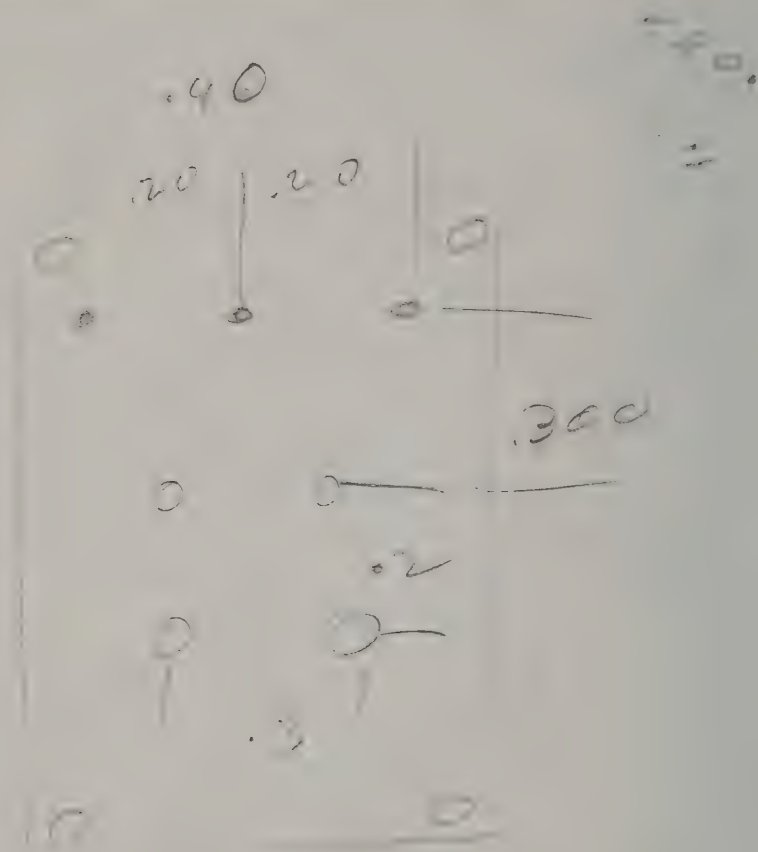
1

1

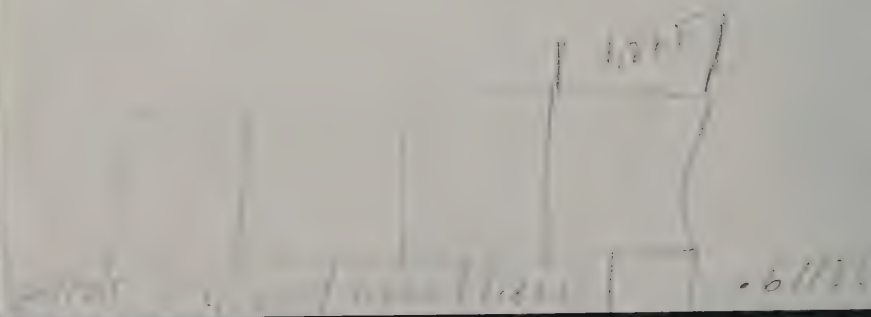
1

1

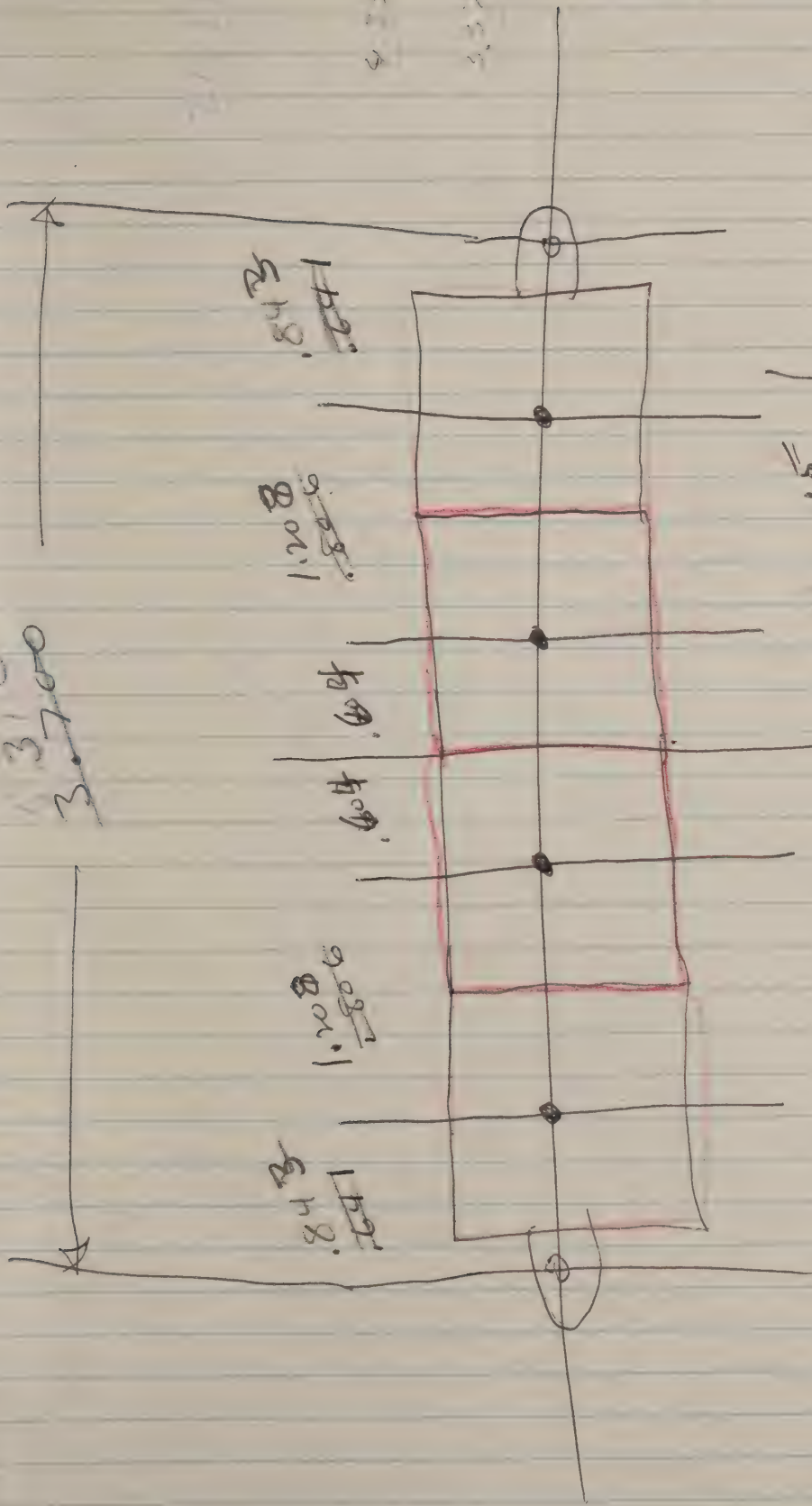
95



4.840 11200

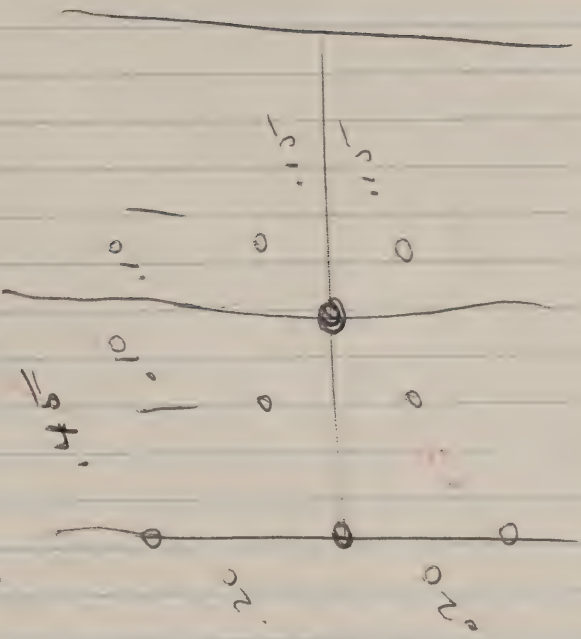


3.3700



$$\frac{1.685}{1.707} = 477/2 = 239 + 63 = 842$$

$$\frac{12.550}{1.685} = 1.207 / 2 = 603$$



1.11
3.227

100

25.050

100

100

100

100

0
1
3
6
2
5
2
0

18.86

0
0
0
0

TECHNIQUE FOR WAVE SOLDERING SD SWITCH MODULES

1. No attempt should be made to wave solder any SD module into a P.C. board without the support of a rigid panel. See Figure 5 for an example of a panel we recommend. It is constructed of .050", half-hard steel and is designed especially for the insertion of SD modules.

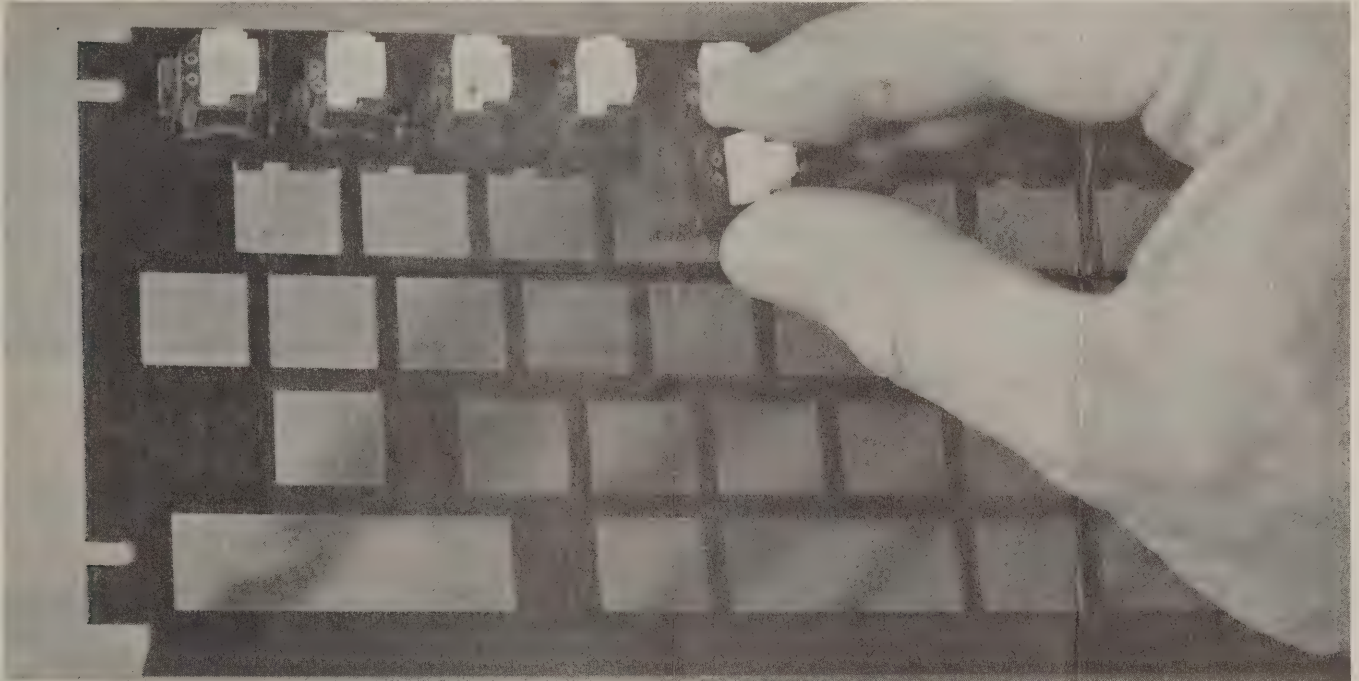


Figure 5
RECOMMENDED MODULE SUPPORT

2. Wave soldering should be accomplished using **only** a mildly activated water white rosin flux. **Do not** use water soluble fluxes.
3. Pre-heat . . . the temperature on the top (component) side of the P.C. board should be 200°F prior to the actual wave soldering operation.
4. The solder temperature of the wave solder pot should be maintained at 500°F.
5. Maintain a **minimum** conveyor speed of 4 feet per minute. Select the conveyor speed that will give full solder fillets and a minimum of solder bridging and icicles.
6. We recommend using Loncoterge 446, manufactured by the London Chemical Company, in the aqueous cleaning system. Loncoterge 446 is a liquid concentrate that is added to water to remove the **flux residue**.
7. The average field-use concentrations of 446 by application are:
 - 4-8% by volume in water in automatic "in-line" spray cleaners. Solution temperature 130-150°F.
 - 5-10% by volume in water in dip tanks heated to 130-150°F.
 - 5-10% by volume in water in converted dishwaters.
8. A thorough water rinsing is necessary for complete removal of all contaminants from the printed circuit assemblies. We recommend a spray water rinse at 120 psi pressure.
9. Dry the printed circuit assembly (without buttons) after cleaning in an oven at 160°F for 2 hours min.
10. **CAUTION:** If other cleaning methods are selected that use Fluorocarbons or Trichlorethelene for the removal of flux residue, all precautions should be taken to prevent the liquid from coming in contact with the SD switch modules.

MICRO SWITCH

FREEPORT, ILLINOIS 61032

A DIVISION OF HONEYWELL

IN CANADA: 740 Ellesmere Road, Scarborough, Ontario.
HONEYWELL INTERNATIONAL: Sales and service offices in all principal cities of the world.

Instruction Sheet

SD SOLID STATE SWITCH MODULE REPLACEMENT AND RECOMMENDED WAVE SOLDERING TECHNIQUE

SWITCH BUTTON REMOVAL

1. Remove the button from the module being replaced and as many adjacent buttons as required to furnish adequate work space. The buttons can be removed by pulling upward or by prying upward, with a padded tool, from their under surface.

We recommend using our "Keytop Puller." Refer to figure 1. This unique device makes the job of pulling buttons off the keyboard plungers easier. Order as SW-11485.

NOTE

Remove buttons from alternate action modules only when they are in the free position. Failure to do this will result in damage to the module.



Figure 1
BUTTON REMOVAL

SWITCH MODULE REMOVAL

2. Refer to figure 2. Unsolder the four terminals of the lead frame package from the termination board, using a 750°F controlled temperature iron. When unsoldering the terminals, use a solder removal tool to remove all solder from the pin holes in the printed circuit board.



Figure 2
UNSOLDERING TERMINALS

3. Refer to figure 3. Insert module removal tools (Order as SD-10101) at each end of the module.

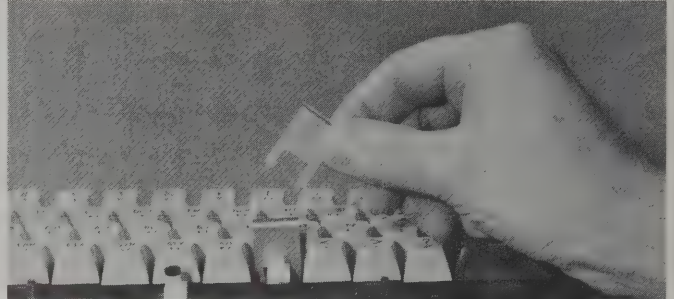


Figure 3
INSERTING REMOVAL TOOLS

4. Refer to figure 4. With the module removal tools in position, grip the switch module with a pair of pliers and pull straight out.

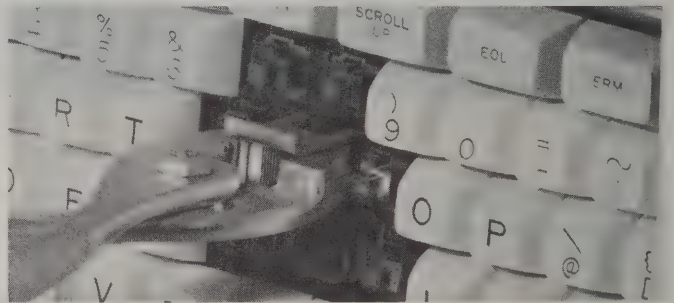


Figure 4
MODULE REMOVAL

SWITCH MODULE INSTALLATION

5. Replace with new module. Take care to orient switch properly and observe that solder terminals are through the printed circuit board prior to snapping in place.
6. Solder the new switch terminals using 60/40 rosin core solder employing a 750°F controlled temperature 1/8" chisel tip soldering iron.

CAUTION: The solder tip should *never* be held on the terminal for over 4 seconds.

7. The solder connections may be cleaned with a mild solvent. However, take care not to contact the switch with the solvent.
8. Reassemble the buttons on the switch modules. When work has been completed, perform a visual check to see that the correct buttons are returned to the correct modules.

MICRO SWITCH

DATA SHEET DUAL MODE STATIC MOS ENCODER

GENERAL DESCRIPTION

This data sheet contains information to help you understand Static Encoding for MICRO SWITCH Solid State Keyboards. With this information all that is necessary is to define the two input pins for each keystation (to agree with your PC board layout) and the individual code for each key. Refer to figure 4 for the Pin Layout.

MICRO SWITCH Static MOS Encoder is a programmable, dual mode device consisting of an MOS integrated circuit in a dual-in-line package. The package consists of:

1. An input decoder (addressed from the two isolated outputs from each key switch).
2. An output encoder (addressed by the input decoder and a mode selection input).
3. A control logic section.
4. An output buffer (driver) compatible with bipolar logic levels.

Figure 1 illustrates the Block Diagram for the MOS circuit.

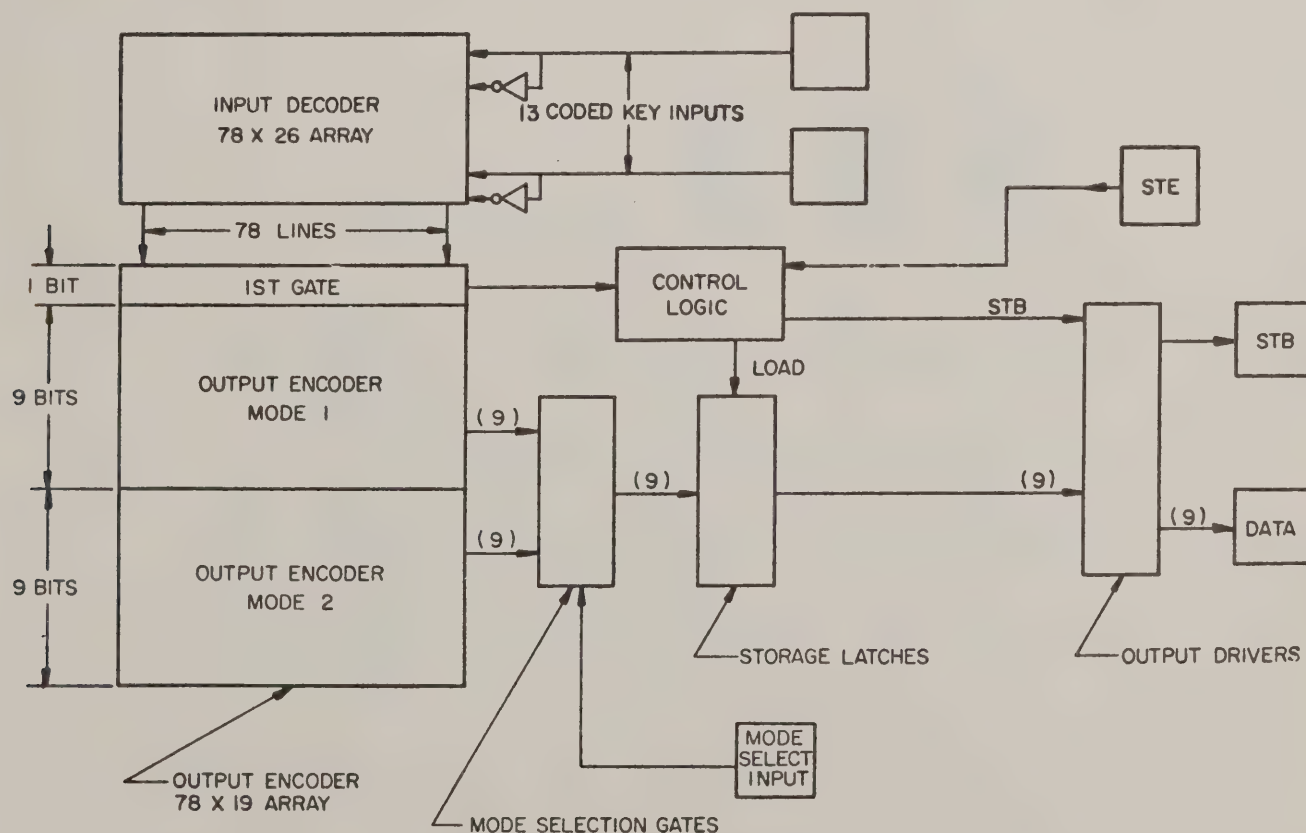


FIGURE 1 - BLOCK DIAGRAM

MICRO SWITCH's Dual Mode Static MOS circuit is capable of accepting input from up to 78 data keys and can generate two nonrelated codes of nine bits each per encoded key. The determination of which of these two codes is to be presented to the output is controlled by the shift keys and in some cases, by a system shift input.

Static MOS encoding can generate any code specified. Totally unrelated codes can be generated by the same keys. For instance, a keyboard can be specified that generates two modes of USASCII or two modes of EBCDIC. Since we do not have to logically pair our encoding for multi-mode operation, you can pair characters in any way you choose.

INPUT DECODER

Inside the MOS package the first stage of logic is the decode matrix. The function of decoding is to convert the 2 out of 13 inputs to 78 separate lines. Each of these lines identifies a specific encoded key.

The input decoder consists of an array of gates addressed by 13 inputs derived from keys on the keyboard. The 13 inputs are first inverted, then the 13 original and 13 inverse signals are used to drive the array. The array consists of 78 AND gates, each of which may be programmed to identify any specified input pattern of 13 bits. The programmed pattern will usually consist of a 2 of n combinatorial code in either positive or negative logic. The 78 outputs of the AND gates are used to drive the output encoder.

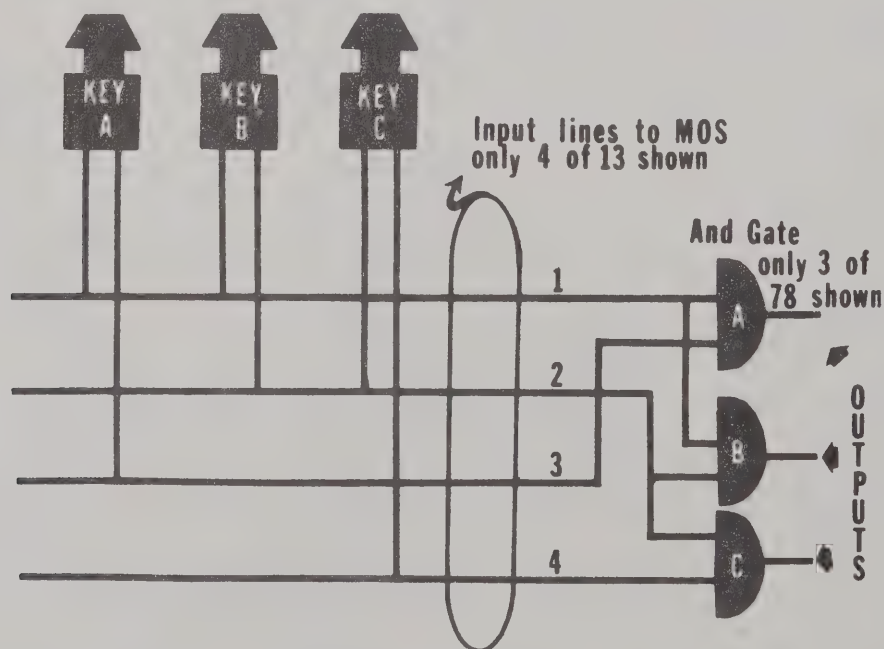


Figure 2

Figure 2 illustrates that if key "A" were operated, input lines 1 and 3 would be on, and gate "A" would produce an output. Likewise, if key "B" were operated, gate "B" would be on. If both keys were operated, both gates would be on, which is undesirable, as the output encoder which follows would attempt to generate both codes and the results would be an erroneous code. In order to eliminate this problem, special decoding circuitry is used as illustrated in figure 3.

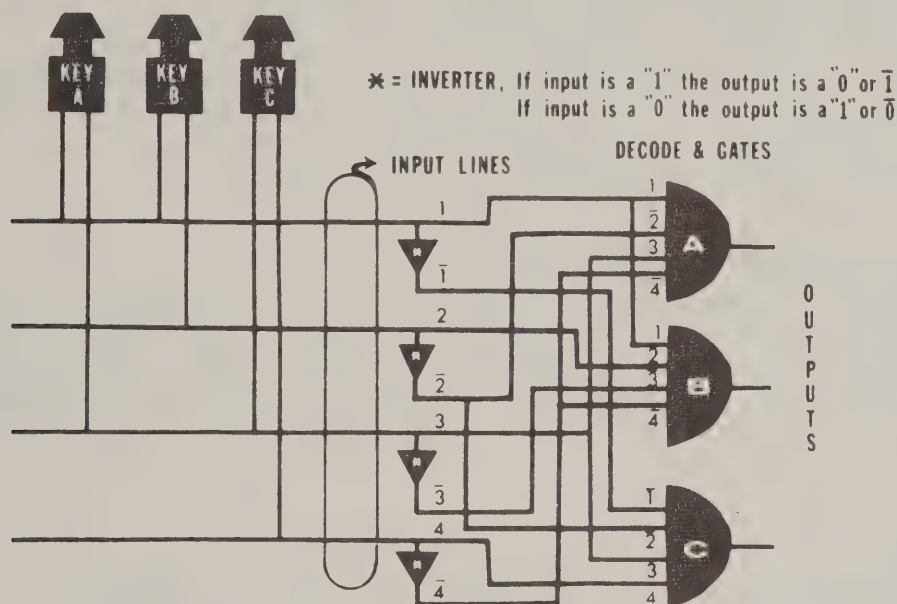


Figure 3

Two-Key Rollover

Within the input decoder section there is two-key rollover logic that compares all 13 inputs, detecting that two and only two are on. The two inputs represent one key down. If more than one key is down there would be more than two inputs present. If the condition of more than two inputs is present the logic prevents change in data and blocks strobe.

The circuit in Figure 3 has been oversimplified, in reality, there are not 4 inputs but 13, and there are also 13 inverters.

Two-Key rollover logic is included in all our Static MOS encoded keyboards regardless of the fact that "n" key rollover may be the primary electrical interlock. Since there is a remote possibility of having the pulsed outputs from two keys on a "n" key rollover keyboard appear on the address lines at the same time, the two-key rollover network prevents strobe generation and appearance of garbled data.

Two-key-rollover insures the encoded bits and strobe are not generated when 2 or more keys are actuated. The sequence is as follows:

- 1st key depressed. Encoded output and strobe generated.
- 2nd key depressed. Encoded output from first key is held in the flip-flops and strobe is blocked.
- 1st key released, 2nd key still depressed. Encoded output from 2nd key and strobe are generated once and the first key is released.

OUTPUT ENCODER

The output encoder is an array of 19 OR gates, each having 78 inputs corresponding to the 78 outputs from the input decoder (refer to figure 1). Each input of each gate is programmable so that each gate may perform the OR function or any subset of the 78 decoder outputs.

One of the 19 gates will usually be programmed to be driven by all of the 78 decoder outputs to generate an internal timing reference. The remaining 18 gates are arranged in two groups (modes) of 9, with one of the two groups selected by a mode select input. These will be programmed to generate the output codes assigned to each device input address pattern. Since the 9 bits for each mode are coded directly rather than being derived from the lower case code by logic, we are not concerned whether the code has logic or nonlogical bit paired shifts.

OUTPUT BUFFER AND MODE SELECTION

The two modes of 9 code outputs from the output encoder are used to drive one of two inputs of 18 AND gates (refer to figure 1). The other inputs are driven by two lines, each connected to 9 gates, derived from the original and inverted mode select input. The 9 pairs of gate outputs drive 9, 2-input OR gates, whose outputs drive a set of storage latches. The outputs of the latches are used to drive the output stages.

Output Flip-Flops

The outputs of the mode selection gates, (refer to figure 1) are connected to 9 flip-flops, called "one character storage." Data is held in the flip-flops until the next data key is depressed. Flip-flops were incorporated because in some applications it is not possible for the system to read the keyboard data bits the instant the strobe appears at the output.

The design of the decode, strobe, and flip-flop circuits is such that the data of the first key in a two-key down condition is held in the flip-flop until the first key is released. At that time, a new strobe is generated which sets the second key data into the flip-flops. It will stay there until the second key is released and the next key is operated.

Strobe Enable

An optional input to the MOS chip is a STROBE ENABLE (STE) input (refer to figure 1). This option allows control of the flip-flops from an external source to the keyboard. An example is a system requirement for the keyboard data bits to remain in storage until an "acknowledge" signal is received from the system. This option also allows control of the strobe signal from a source external to the keyboard. As an example, this input could be used in conjunction with an external repeat circuit.

INPUTS

1. Inputs from coded keys and shift input: These 14 inputs shall be provided with resistors that are connected between inputs and Vcc. Resistor values are 2.5 K ohm min., 7.5 K ohm max.
2. Strobe Enable Input: This input shall be provided with a resistor connected to Vcc. Value as in 1.

3. Input Levels: These apply to all inputs as follows:

Logic "1": ($V_{cc} - 1.5$) Volts Minimum

Logic "0": ($V_{dd} + 0.8$) Volts Maximum

OUTPUTS

1. The ten outputs of the device (nine data and one strobe) shall be capable of providing the following logic levels:

Logic "0": 10 microamperes Maximum (leakage from V_{cc})

Logic "1": 2.6 volts Minimum (referred to $V_{DD} = 0V$) at 10.0 milliamperes (current source from V_{cc})

POWER SUPPLY

1. The device shall operate with the following power supply requirements. All voltage referred to bipolar ground, to be equivalent to V_{dd} .

$V_{ss} = V_{cc}$: 4.5 to 6.5V at 50 mA max. with no external load connected

$V_{dd} = \text{Ground}$: 0V

$V_{gg} = \text{MOS load gate bias}$: -12V $\pm 20\%$ at 5 mA. max.

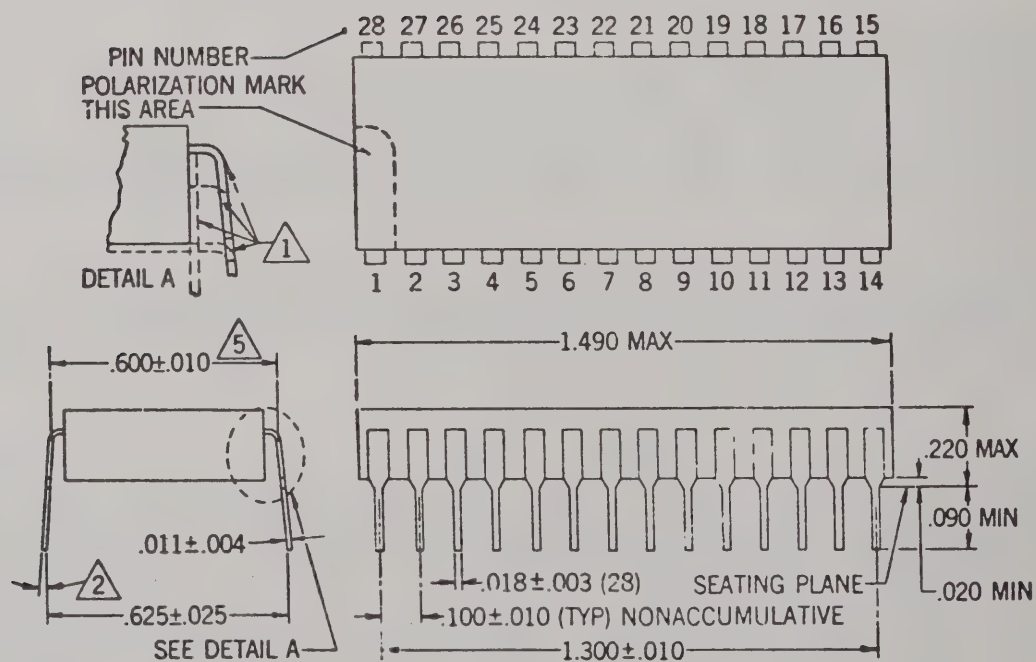
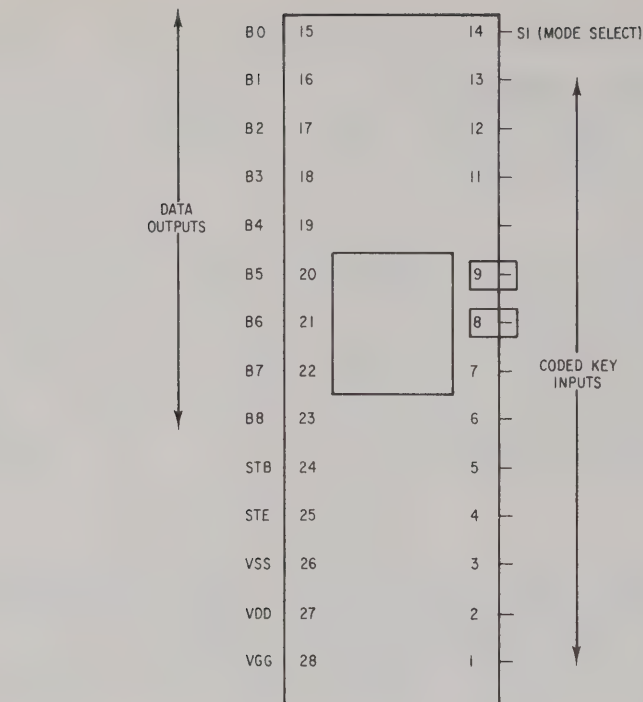
PACKAGE AND ENVIRONMENTAL

1. For pin layout and mounting dimensions, refer to figure 4:

The package shall be ceramic or plastic dual in line with leads on .100" center and .600" between rows. The package shall have 28 pins arranged as shown in Figure 4.

The plastic package will be identified by a -K suffix to the part no. The K suffix must be included in plastic device part number marking.

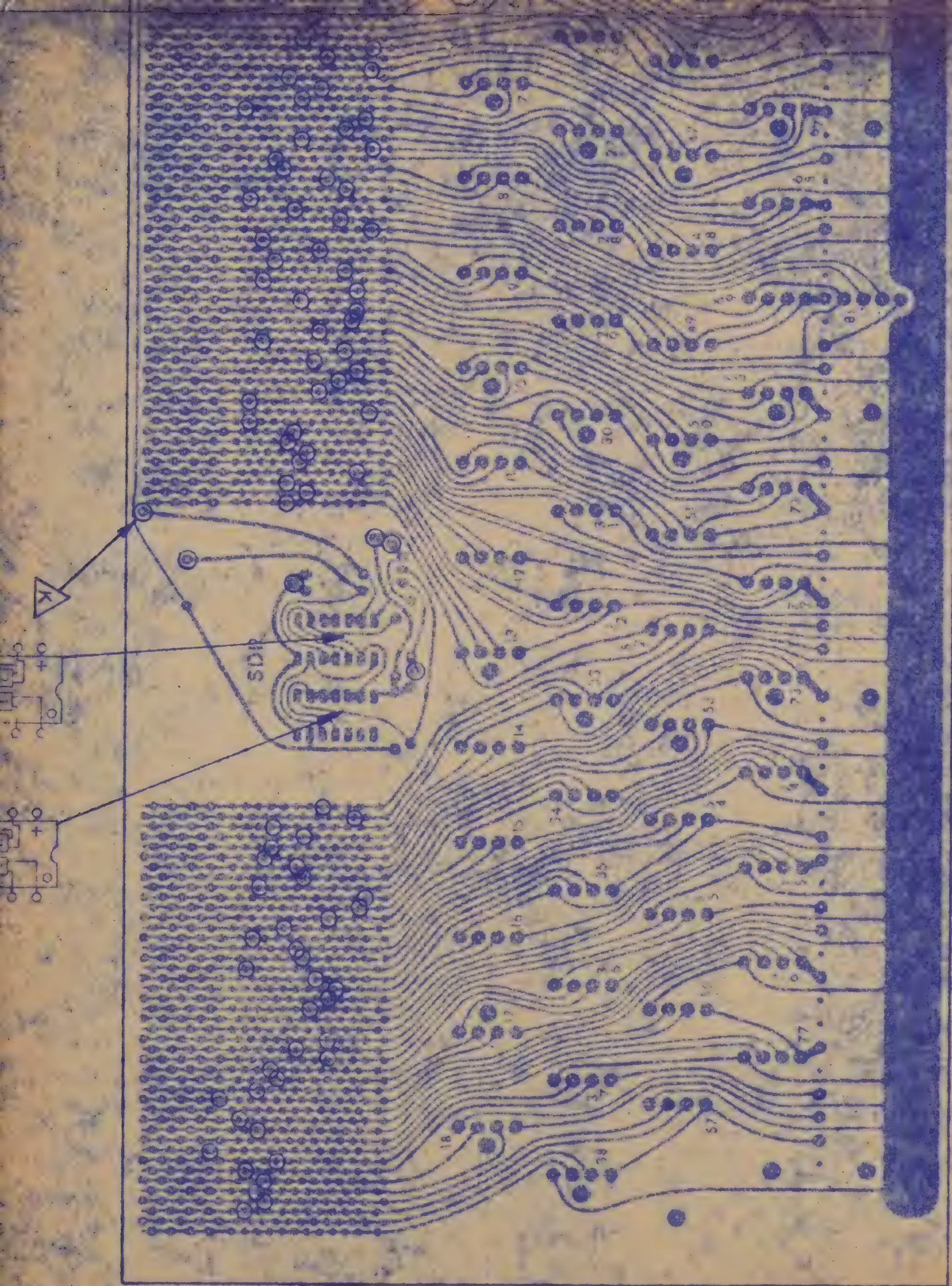
2. Operating temperature range: 0°C to 75°C
3. Storage temperature range: -55°C to +150°C
4. The package pins shall conform to the solderability criteria of MIL-STD-883 method 2003 as amended by notices 1 through 4.



NOTES:

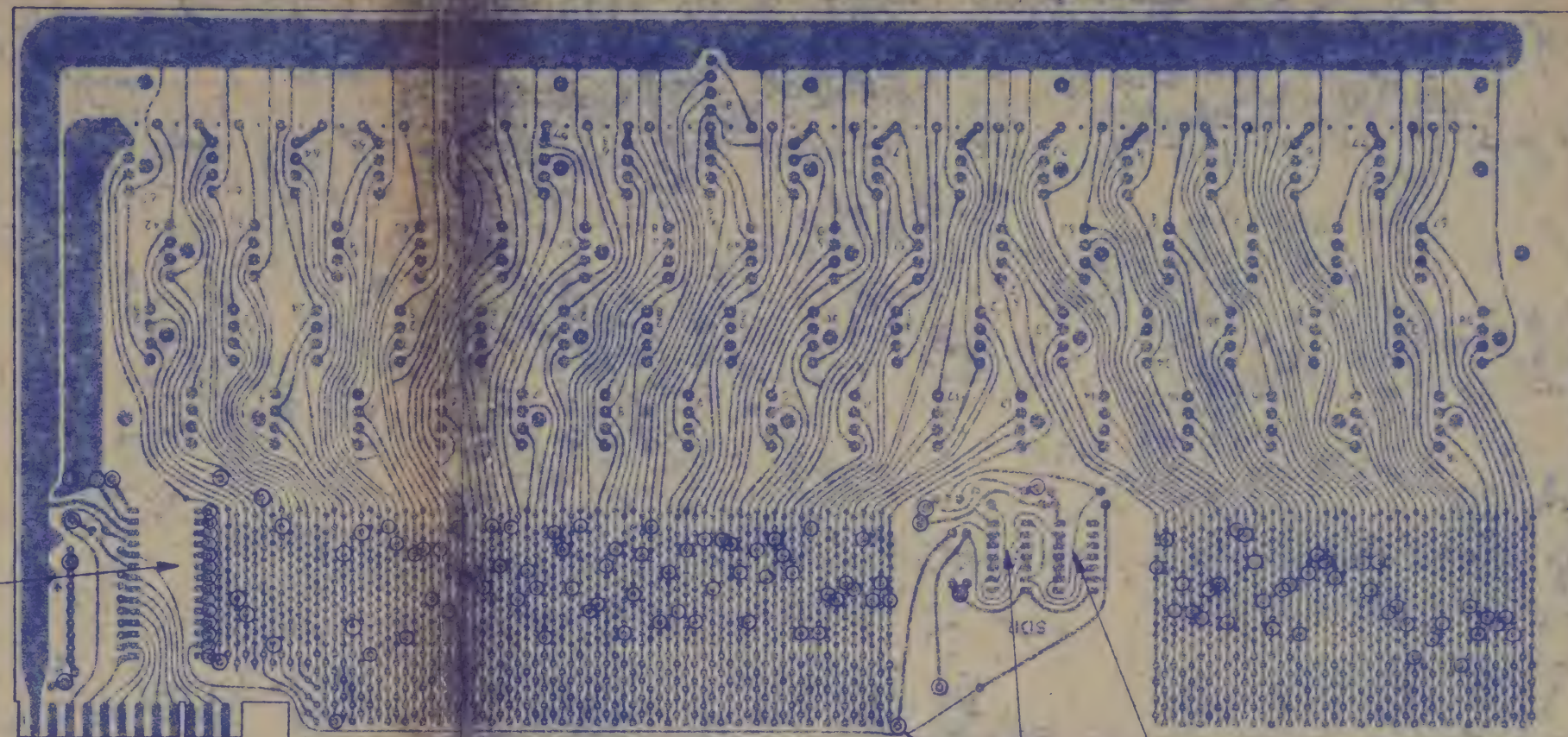
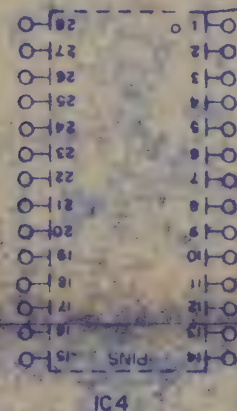
- ① Leads may egress from top, side or bottom of package
- ② Angle may be 0° to 15°
- 3 Spacing between exposed conductors shall be .015 min
- 4 Conductive, accessible, areas on top of package shall be electrically isolated from pins
- ⑤ Dimension between center line of leads when formed parallel

Figure 4

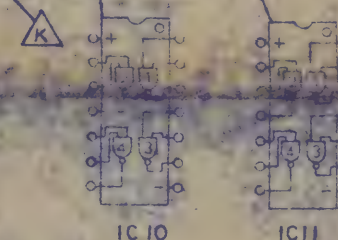


PARTS LIST

LOCATION NO.	DESCRIPTION	
1	15 MFD 35 WVDC	C1
2	1 MFD 16 WVDC	C2
3	2N5139 20416R	Q1
4	MICRO SWITCH SW-2	IC4
5	2N4123	Q2
6	390	R6
7	390	R7
8	220	R8
9	750	R9
10	MOTOROLA MC846P	IC10
11	MOTOROLA MC846P	IC11
12	250	R12
13	750	R13
14	350	R1



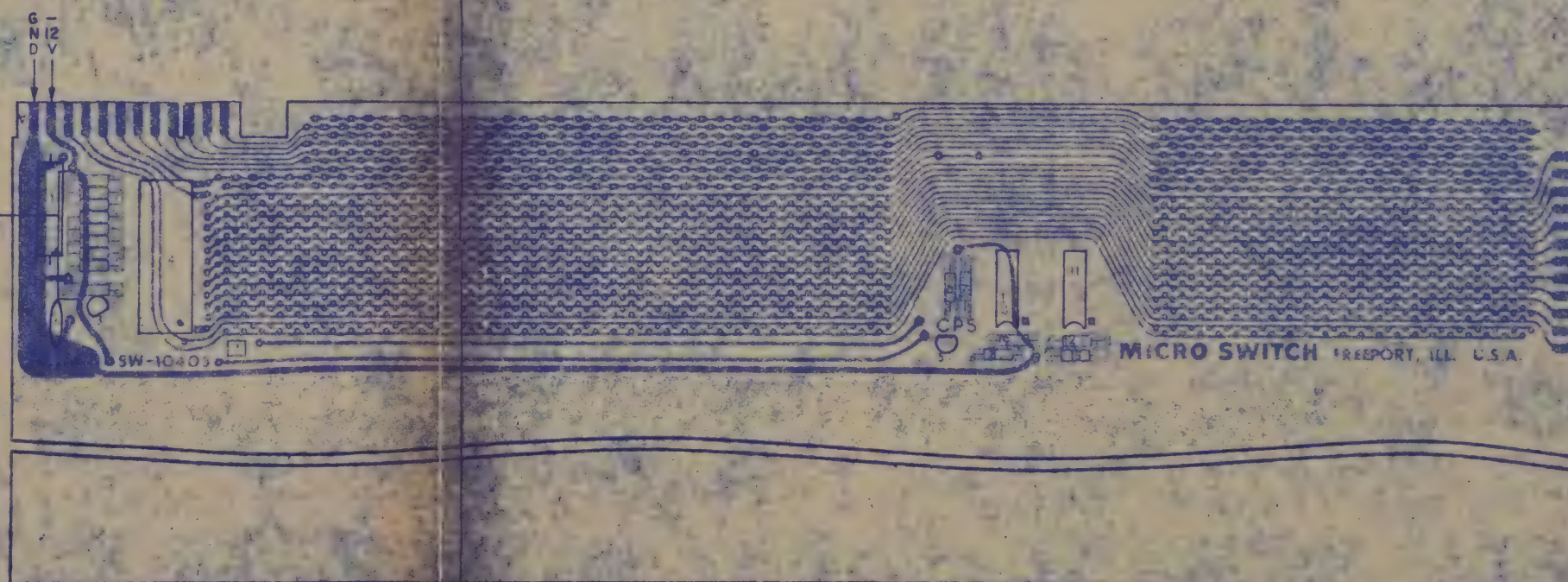
+5V
1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8
B B B B B B B B
P S
A T
R B
1



NOTES:

- "CPS" REFERS TO COMPONENT MOUNTING SIDE OF P.C. BOARD. "SDR" REFERS TO SOLDERED SIDE OF P.C. BOARD.
- ALL RESISTORS 1/4 W. CARBON 5% TOL. UNLESS OTHERWISE SPECIFIED.
- 1% RESISTORS ARE 1/8 W. METAL FILM TYPE.
- SUPPLY (+) 5.0 ± 0.25 VOLTS DC, MEASURED AT CONNECTOR TERMINALS.
- ALL CODE DESIGNATIONS SHOWN WITH LEAST SIGNIFICANT BIT TO RIGHT.
- ABBREVIATIONS: R = RESISTOR, C = CAPACITOR, IC = INTEGRATED CIRCUIT, B = BIT, Q = TRANSISTOR, D = DIODE, F = FUNCTION, STR = STROBE, GND = GROUND, EMD = ELECTRICAL MONITOR DETECTOR, PC = PRINTED CIRCUIT BOARD, J = JUMPER.
- ALL CAPACITORS IN MICROFARADS UNLESS OTHERWISE SPECIFIED.
- DO NOT MAKE CONNECTIONS TO UNIDENTIFIED TERMINATION PADS.
- NOTATION 220 REFERS TO LEAST SIGNIFICANT BIT OF A GROUP, 221 THE NEXT HIGHER, ETC.
- CIRCLED PADS DENOTE FEED-THROUGH TYPE ELECTRICAL CONNECTION.
- EQUIVALENT COMPONENTS MAY BE SUBSTITUTED.

96(9)



65W-10403

MICRO SWITCH FREEPORT, ILL. U.S.A.

BIT TRI MODE, ODD PART
MOV. ENCODED, POS. LOCAL
POS. STROBE, E KEY ROT.
ELECTRONIC SHIFT LOCK

MICRO SWITCH

FREEPORT, ILL. U.S.A.

A DIVISION OF HONEYWELL

JLS 5 OCT 70

QPM 6 OCT 70

BAF 6 OCT 70

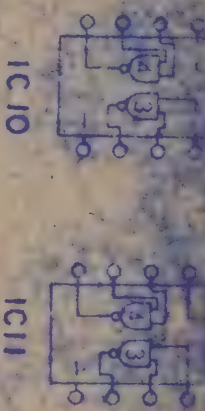
THIS DRAWING COVERS A MICRO SWITCH
BE PROPERTY OF MICRO SWITCH, A DIVISION OF
HONEYWELL. IT IS TO BE USED ONLY FOR THE
PURPOSES FOR WHICH IT WAS DESIGNED. IT IS
NOT TO BE REPRODUCED OR TRANSMITTED IN ANY
FORM OR BY ANY MEANS, ELECTRONIC OR MECHANICAL,
INCLUDING PHOTOCOPYING, RECORDING, OR BY ANY
INFORMATION STORAGE AND RETRIEVAL SYSTEM, WITHOUT
THE WRITTEN PERMISSION OF MICRO SWITCH.

GENERAL SALES

90-11329-37

X3

B	CORRECTED CONNECTOR	KECO
A	CORRECTED CONNECTOR	KECO
LL	CORRECTED CONNECTOR	KECO
PAGE	1	OF 1
DRAWING NUMBER	C	61SW12-1



MICRO SWITCH
FREEDRI, ILINOIS, USA
A DIVISION OF HONEYWELL

THIS DRAWING IS A PRELIMINARY DRAWING AND IS NOT TO BE USED FOR CONSTRUCTION OF A PHYSICAL DEVICE. IT IS THE RESPONSIBILITY OF THE USER TO OBTAIN THE FINAL DRAWING FROM THE MANUFACTURER.

DESIGN	JLS	5 OCT 70	RELEASABLE
ELECTRICAL	URM	6 OCT 70	GENERAL SALES
DATE	6 OCT 70	SP	90-11329-37

REVISION	1	DATE	6 OCT 70	BY	JLS	CHKD	URM
DRAWING NUMBER		C		61SW12-1		PAGE 1 OF 1	

COMMUNICATION MOS ENCODED KEYBOARD

product sheet 61SW12-1



features

USASCII CODE ASSIGNMENT WITH
FULL CHARACTER SET

SCULPTURED BUTTONS FOR
CONTOURED TYPING SURFACE

SOLID STATE KEYS

ELECTRONIC SHIFTLOCK WITH
LIGHTED KEY

HIGH RELIABILITY

CHARACTER ASSIGNMENT CON-
FORMS TO THE PROPOSED USA
STANDARD FOR ALPHANUMERIC
KEYBOARDS X4-A9/199C

"n" KEY ROLLOVER

MOS encoding, coupled to solid state keys, provides the most reliable and versatile keyboard available today. MOS has greatly increased the number of functions the keyboard can perform, while at the same time allowing significant cost reduction.

This keyboard has our new "n" key rollover feature. Data bits are set by a pulse from the down stroke of each key depressed and stored in the MOS memory. When a second key is operated, new data is set into the memory even though the first key may be still depressed. Thus there is no possibility of missing a character or of transposing characters as the result of the order of key release. With "n" key rollover any number of keys may be depressed and held depressed and the sequence of release doesn't affect the proper sequence of data entry. The pulsed output is part of the solid state chip within each key, rather than a pulse network of discrete components. This adds significantly to the reliability of the keyboard.

The keyboard is encoded with the seven bit USASCII code plus odd parity. There are three modes of oper-

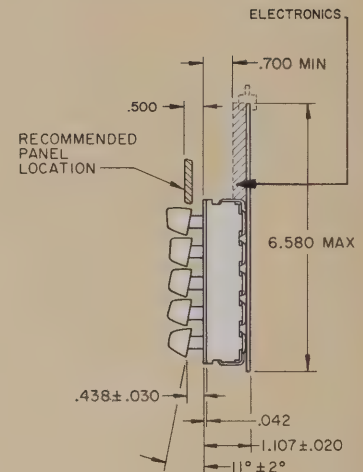
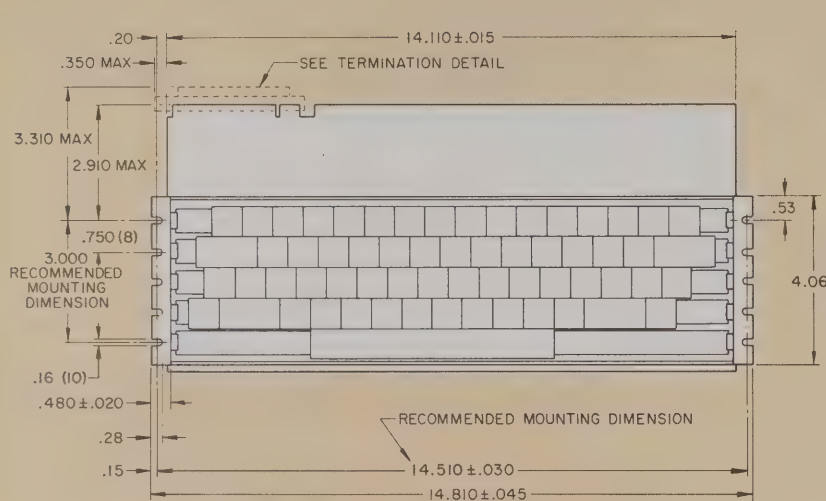
ation. Unshifted mode: lower case alpha and numbers. Shifted mode: upper case alpha and symbols (selected by the shift key). Control mode: control characters (selected by the CTRL key). Strobe and data bits are not generated for keys that do not have character assignments in the control mode. This feature serves as an error indication to the operator when an invalid key in the control mode is depressed.

A new electronic shift lock is incorporated into this keyboard. When the shift lock is depressed the keyboard is put into the shifted mode and it will remain in this mode until either of the shift keys is depressed. The shift lock is lighted to give the operator a visual indication that the keyboard is locked in the shifted mode.

Sculptured buttons provide a contoured typing surface. The top surface of each row of buttons is molded at a slightly different angle to form a dished effect similar to that found on some high quality typewriters. This feature adds to operator comfort as well as the appearance of the keyboard with your equipment.

MICRO SWITCH

specifications



ELECTRICAL DATA

Power Requirements	+5 volts DC ±5% 1.0 Ampere max -12 volts DC ±20% @ 5 milliamps max. Keyboard Ground @ 0 volts Note: Tolerances include ripple
Data Key Outputs (Positive logic)	Logic "0": +0.6 volts DC max. @ 1.6 milliamps (sinking) Logic "1": +2.55 volts DC min. @ 0.12 milliamps max. (sourcing) Timing: Data bits are held in memory until the next key depression.
Strobe Outputs	All keys in unoperated state: +0.6 volts DC max. @ 1.6 milliamps (sinking) Key Operated: +2.55 Volts DC min. @ 0.12 milliamps max (sourcing) pulsed output Pulse Duration: 10 micro seconds min. Timing: Data bits are true prior to strobe pulse.

TERMINATION

Card-edge output with gold-plated terminals accept standard connectors such as:

Cinch Jones #251-12-30-160 with between contact key. (Connector included with this listing.)

ELECTRONIC SHIFT LOCK

The shift lock key locks the keyboard into the shifted mode and a light on the key provides visual indication. By depressing either shift key, the keyboard is returned to the unshifted mode.

KEYROW OFFSET

3/8 - 3/16 - 3/8 inch

KEY SPACING

Keys spaced 3/4 inch center-to-center.

BUTTON ORIENTATION

Stepped with sculptured buttons.

WEIGHT

With Enclosure: 8.75 lbs. approx.

Without Enclosure: 2.5 lbs. approx.

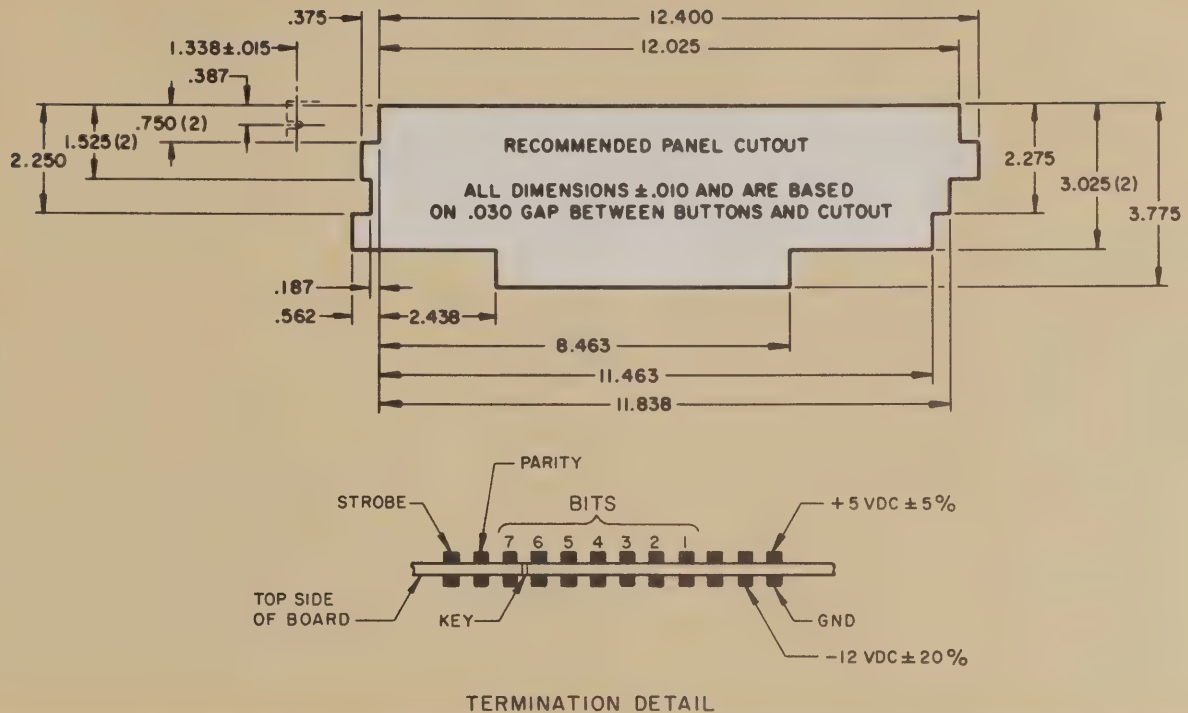
BUTTONS

MICRO SWITCH Sculptured button style (two shot molded)

Touch Typing Keys: Button shell off-white, legends dark gray.

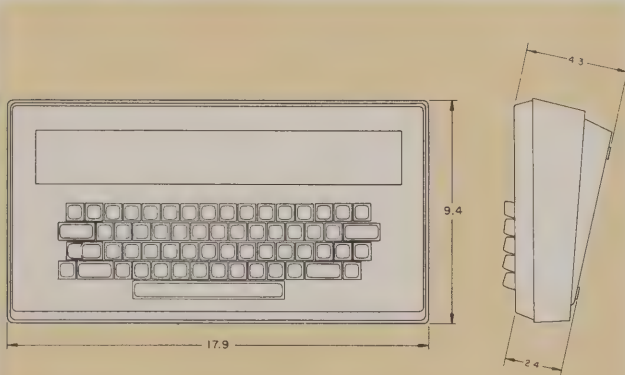
Keys 3, 17, 18, 22, 37, 56, 57, 62, 64, 76, 77: Button shell dark gray, legend white.

Key 43: Two-unit/two-level button, light indicator on lower level.



ENCLOSURE

The enclosure cover is dark gray high strength ABS and the base is light gray cast aluminum alloy.



OPTIONS

If the standard features of the 61SW12-1 do not meet your requirements, you may specify the following options:

Memory Control: The keyboard may be specified with a flip-flop enable input to the MOS encoder. This option allows system interaction with the one character memory.

System Control: Input lines can be provided to the keyboard shift circuitry to permit programming of your system to initiate shift. These lines can also be used for mode indication within your system.

Button colors: Any of 25 standard colors.

Legend Colors: Various legend colors (note: lighted shift lock key available only with black legends at this time.)

Without Electronic Shift Lock: Keyboard may be specified with the MICRO SWITCH standard alternate action shift lock rather than electronic shift lock.

Without Enclosure: The keyboard, under catalog listing 61SW12-2, may be purchased without enclosure or connector.

NOTE: If your requirements for codes and the number of keys do not meet those of the standard 61SW12-1 contact your nearest MICRO SWITCH Branch Office for information on possible modification.

ordering information

Contact your nearest MICRO SWITCH Branch Office and a Field Engineer will be glad to work with you in satisfying your keyboard requirements: proper selection, pricing, and delivery scheduling. These experienced keyboard experts will provide sound and practical answers to your needs.

CODE AND CHARACTER ASSIGNMENT

3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18
ESC	!	"	#	\$	%	&	'	(	)	*	+	=	~	FS	NUL
22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	32	33	34	35	36	37
TAB	DC1	ETB	ENQ	DC2	DC4	EM	NAK	SI	DLE	US	RETURN				
43	44	45	46	47	48	49	50	51	52	53	54	55	56	57	
SHIFT LOCK	SOH	DC3	EOT	ACK	BEL	VT	FF	+	*	;	:	[	LF	DEL	
62	63	64	65	66	67	68	69	70	71	72	73	74	75	76	77
CTRL	SHIFT	SUB	CAN	ETX	STX	SO	CR	<	>	?	/	SHIFT	CTRL		

USASCII ODD PARITY

KEY NO.	UNSHIFTED				SHIFTED				CONTROL			
	CHAR.	P	765	4321	CHAR.	P	765	4321	CHAR.	P	765	4321
3	ESC	1	001	1011	ESC	1	001	1011				
4	1	0	011	0001	!	1	010	0001				
5	2	0	011	0010	"	1	010	0010				
6	3	1	011	0011	#	0	010	0011				
7	4	0	011	0100	\$	1	010	0100				
8	5	1	011	0101	%	0	010	0101				
9	6	1	011	0110	&	0	010	0110				
10	7	0	011	0111	'	1	010	0111				
11	8	0	011	1000	(	1	010	1000				
12	9	1	011	1001	)	0	010	1001				
13	0	1	011	0000								
14	-	1	010	1101	=	0	011	1101				
15	^	0	101	1110	~	1	111	1110	RS	1	001	1110
16	\	1	101	1100	|	0	111	1100	FS	0	001	1100
17	BS	0	000	1000	BS	0	000	1000				
18	NUL	1	000	0000	NUL	1	000	0000				
22	HT	1	000	1001	HT	1	000	1001				
24	q	1	111	0001	Q	0	101	0001	DC1	1	001	0001
25	w	1	111	0111	W	0	101	0111	ETB	1	001	0111
26	e	1	110	0101	E	0	100	0101	ENQ	1	000	0101
27	r	1	111	0010	R	0	101	0010	DC2	1	001	0010
28	t	1	111	0100	T	0	101	0100	DC4	1	001	0100
29	y	0	111	1001	Y	1	101	1001	EM	0	001	1001
30	u	0	111	0101	U	1	101	0101	NAK	0	001	0101
31	l	1	110	1001	l	0	100	1001	HT	1	000	1001
32	o	1	110	1111	O	0	100	1111	SI	1	000	1111
33	p	0	111	0000	P	1	101	0000	DLE	0	001	0000
34	@	0	100	0000	^	1	110	0000	NUL	1	000	0000
35	_	0	101	1011	{	1	111	1011	ESC	1	001	1011
36	-	1	101	1111	~	1	101	1111	US	0	001	1111
37	CR	0	000	1101	CR	0	000	1101				
43	SHIFT LOCK - (Mode Selection Key)											
44	a	0	110	0001	A	1	100	0001	SOH	0	000	0001
45	s	0	111	0011	S	1	101	0011	DC3	0	001	0011
46	d	0	110	0100	D	1	100	0100	EOT	0	000	0100
47	f	1	110	0110	F	0	100	0110	ACK	1	000	0110
48	g	0	110	0111	G	1	100	0111	BEL	0	000	0111
49	h	0	110	1000	H	1	100	1000	BS	0	000	1000
50	j	1	110	1010	J	0	100	1010	LF	1	000	1010
51	k	0	110	1011	K	1	100	1011	VT	0	000	1011
52	i	1	110	1100	L	0	100	1100	FF	1	000	1100
53	:	0	011	1011	+	1	010	1011				
54	;	1	011	1010	*	0	010	1010				
55	[	0	101	1101	}	1	111	1101	GS	1	001	1101
56	LF	1	000	1010	LF	1	000	1010				
57	DEL	0	111	1111	DEL	0	111	1111				
62	CTRL (Mode Selection Key)											
64	SHIFT (Mode Selection Key)											
65	z	0	111	1010	Z	1	101	1010	SUB	0	001	1010
66	x	1	111	1000	X	0	101	1000	CAN	1	001	1000
67	c	1	110	0011	C	0	100	0011	ETX	1	000	0011
68	v	0	111	0110	V	1	101	0110	SYN	0	001	0110
69	b	0	110	0010	B	1	100	0010	STX	0	000	0010
70	n	0	110	1110	N	1	100	1110	SO	0	000	1110
71	m	0	110	1101	M	1	100	1101	CR	0	000	1101
72	,	0	010	1100	<	1	011	1100				
73	.	1	010	1110	>	0	011	1110				
74	/	0	010	1111	?	1	011	1111				
76	SHIFT (Mode Selection Key)											
77	CTRL (Mode Selection Key)											
81	SP	0	010	0000	SP	0	010	0000	SP	0	010	0000

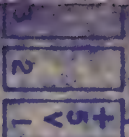
NOTE:

- Keys that do not have a code assigned in the control mode have no output when the CTRL is operated.
- If shift or shift lock keys and CTRL key are held depressed, the keyboard will be in mode 3.

MICRO SWITCH

FREEPORT, ILLINOIS 61032

A DIVISION OF HONEYWELL



A. DIVISION OF HONEYWELL

THIS DRAWING COVERS APPROPRIATE ITEM AND IS THE PROPERTY OF MICRO SWITCH, A DIVISION OF HONEYWELL. THIS DRAWING IS NOT TO BE COPIED, REPRODUCED, OR USED WITHOUT THE APPROVAL OF MICRO SWITCH.

REF ID: A62715
JUL 5 12 OCT 70
FBI - WASH DC

100

CR 31406170

ACUSTIC


GENERAL SALES

B/25 15 OCT 70

SP. 90-11329-37

100

DRAWING
NUMBER



61SW12-1



61SW12-1

COPIES OF THE

10

六五

A
CORRECTED COMPANY
LABELING DEPT

1-

0170

一	二	三	四	五	六	七	八	九	十	十一	十二	十三	十四	十五	十六	十七	十八	十九	二十	二十一	二十二	二十三	二十四	二十五	二十六	二十七	二十八	二十九	三十	三十一	三十二	三十三	三十四	三十五	三十六	三十七	三十八	三十九	四十	四十一	四十二	四十三	四十四	四十五	四十六	四十七	四十八	四十九	五十	五十一	五十二	五十三	五十四	五十五	五十六	五十七	五十八	五十九	六十	六十一	六十二	六十三	六十四	六十五	六十六	六十七	六十八	六十九	七十	七十一	七十二	七十三	七十四	七十五	七十六	七十七	七十八	七十九	八十	八十一	八十二	八十三	八十四	八十五	八十六	八十七	八十八	八十九	九十	九十一	九十二	九十三	九十四	九十五	九十六	九十七	九十八	九十九	一百
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	----

REVIS. ON

276

CODE AND CHARACTER ASSIGNMENT

3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18
ESC	!	2	#	4	5	6	7	8	9	0	=	RS	~	FS	NUL
22	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	32	33	34	35	36	37	
TAB	DC1	ETB	ENQ	DC2	DC4	EM	NAK	SI	DLE					RETURN	
43	44	45	46	47	48	49	50	51	52	53	54	55	56	57	
SHIFT LOCK	SOH	DC3	EOT	ACK	BEL		VT	FF	+	*	GS		LF	DEL	
62	64	65	66	67	68	69	70	71	72	73	74	75	76	77	
CTRL	SHIFT	SUB	CAN	ETX	STX	SO			<	>	?		SHIFT	CTRL	

BI

USASCII ODD PARITY

KEY NO.	CHAR.	UNSHIFTED			SHIFTED				CONTROL			
			P	765 4321	CHAR.	P	765 4321		P	765 4321		
3	ESC	1	001	1011	ESC	1	001	1011				
4	1	0	011	0001	!	1	010	0001				
5	2	0	011	0010	"	1	010	0010				
6	3	1	011	0011	#	0	010	0011				
7	4	0	011	0100	\$	1	010	0100				
8	5	1	011	0101	%	0	010	0101				
9	6	1	011	0110	&	0	010	0110				
10	7	0	011	0111	'	1	010	0111				
11	8	0	011	1000	(	1	010	1000				
12	9	1	011	1001	)	0	010	1001				
13	0	1	011	0000								
14	-	1	010	1101	=	0	011	1101				
15	^	0	101	1110	~	1	111	1110	RS	1	001	1110
16	\	1	101	1100	|	0	111	1100	FS	0	001	1100
17	BS	0	000	1000	BS	0	000	1000				
18	NUL	1	000	0000	NUL	1	000	0000				
22	HT	1	000	1001	HT	1	000	1001				
24	q	1	111	0001	Q	0	101	0001	DC1	1	001	0001
25	w	1	111	0111	W	0	101	0111	ETB	1	001	0111
26	e	1	110	0101	E	0	100	0101	ENQ	1	000	0101
27	r	1	111	0010	R	0	101	0010	DC2	1	001	0010
28	t	1	111	0100	T	0	101	0100	DC4	1	001	0100
29	y	0	111	1001	Y	1	101	1001	EM	0	001	1001
30	u	0	111	0101	U	1	101	0101	NAK	0	001	0101
31	l	1	110	1001	l	0	100	1001	HT	1	000	1001
32	o	1	110	1111	O	0	100	1111	SI	1	000	1111
33	p	0	111	0000	P	1	101	0000	DLE	0	001	0000
34	•	0	100	0000	\	1	110	0000	NUL	1	000	0000
35	_	0	101	1011	{	1	111	1011	ESC	1	001	1011
36	—	1	101	1111	—	1	101	1111	US	0	001	1111
37	CR	0	000	1101	CR	0	000	1101				
43	SHIFT LOCK — (Mode Selection Key)											
44	a	0	110	0001	A	1	100	0001	SOH	0	000	0001
45	s	0	111	0011	S	1	101	0011	DC3	0	001	0011
46	d	0	110	0100	D	1	100	0100	EOT	0	000	0100
47	f	1	110	0110	F	0	100	0110	ACK	1	000	0110
48	g	0	110	0111	G	1	100	0111	BEL	0	000	0111
49	h	0	110	1000	H	1	100	1000	BS	0	000	1000
50	j	1	110	1010	J	0	100	1010	LF	1	000	1010
51	k	0	110	1011	K	1	100	1011	VT	0	000	1011
52	l	1	110	1100	L	0	100	1100	FF	1	000	1100
53	;	0	011	1011	+	1	010	1011				
54	:	1	011	1010	*	0	010	1010				
55	]	0	101	1101	}	1	111	1101	GS	1	001	1101
56	LF	1	000	1010	LF	1	000	1010				
57	DEL	0	111	1111	DEL	0	111	1111				
62	CTRL (Mode Selection Key)											
64	SHIFT (Mode Selection Key)											
65	z	0	111	1010	Z	1	101	1010	SUB	0	001	1010
66	x	1	111	1000	X	0	101	1000	CAN	1	001	1000
67	c	1	110	0011	C	0	100	0011	ETX	1	000	0011
68	v	0	111	0110	V	1	101	0110	SYN	0	001	0110
69	b	0	110	0010	B	1	100	0010	STX	0	000	0010
70	n	0	110	1110	N	1	100	1110	SO	0	000	1110
71	m	0	110	1101	M	1	100	1101	CR	0	000	1101
72	,	0	010	1100	<	1	011	1100				
73	.	1	010	1110	>	0	011	1110				
74	/	0	010	1111	?	1	011	1111				
76	SHIFT (Mode Selection Key)											
77	CTRL (Mode Selection Key)											
81	SP	0	010	0000	SP	0	010	0000	\$P	0	010	0000

NOTE:

- Keys that do not have a code assigned in the control mode have no output when the CTRL is operated.
- If shift or shift lock keys and CTRL key are held depressed, the keyboard will be in mode 3.

MICRO SWITCH

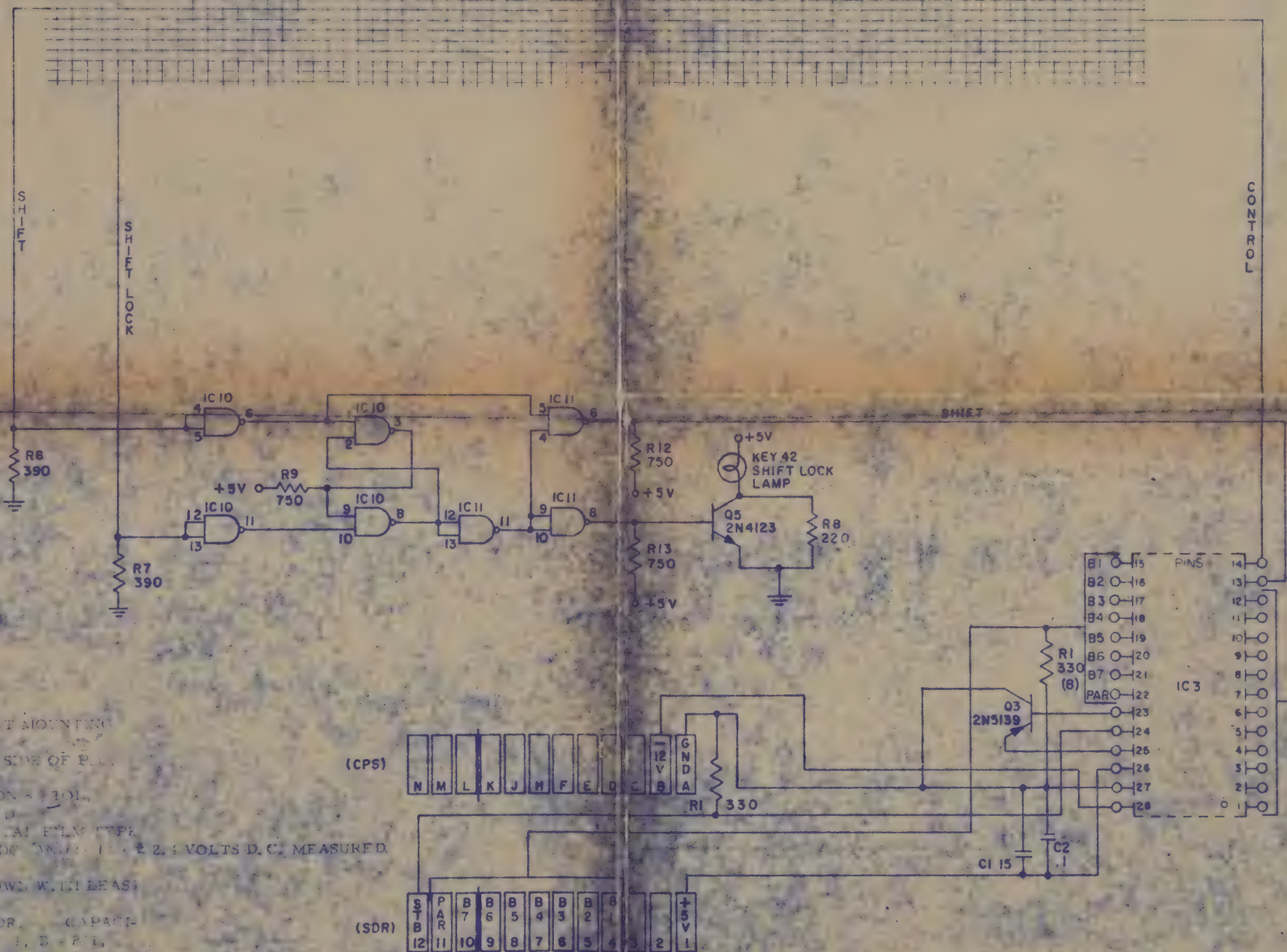
FREEPORT, ILLINOIS 61032

A DIVISION OF HONEYWELL

TYP PULSE
(5 KEYS)

TYP PULSE
(5 KEYS)

ALL OTHERS (DEFAULT)
5.0 VDC NOM.



- NOTES
- UNLESS OTHERWISE SPECIFIED, ALL COMPONENTS ARE TO BE MOUNTED ON THE SOLDERED SIDE OF THE P.C. BOARD.
 - ALL RESISTORS ARE 1/4 W. CARBON FILM, UNLESS OTHERWISE SPECIFIED.
 - ALL CAPACITORS ARE 10% TOL. METAL FILM TYPE, UNLESS OTHERWISE SPECIFIED.
 - SUPPLY VOLTAGE IS 5.0 VOLTS D.C. AND 12.0 VOLTS D.C. MEASURED AT CONNECTOR TERMINALS.
 - ALL CODE DESIGNATIONS SHOWN WITH LEADS SIGNIFICANT REL TO PIN 1.
 - A BREVIAL: R = RESISTOR, C = CAPACITOR, IC = INTEGRATED CIRCUIT, D = DIODE, F = FUNCTION, S = STROBE, GND = GROUND, etc.

8 BIT TRI MODE, ODD PARITY
MOS. ENCODED, POS. LOGIC
POS. STROBE, N KEY ROLL
ELECTRONIC SHIFT LOCK

MICRO SWITCH

REPORT 10-10-70

DATE 10-10-70

REV. 1

THIS DRAWING COVERS A PROPOSED DESIGN AND IS THE PROPERTY OF MICRO SWITCH. IT IS NOT TO BE REPRODUCED OR TRANSMITTED IN ANY FORM OR BY ANY MEANS WITHOUT THE APPROVAL OF MICRO SWITCH.

DATE 10-10-70

DATE 10-10-70

REV. 1

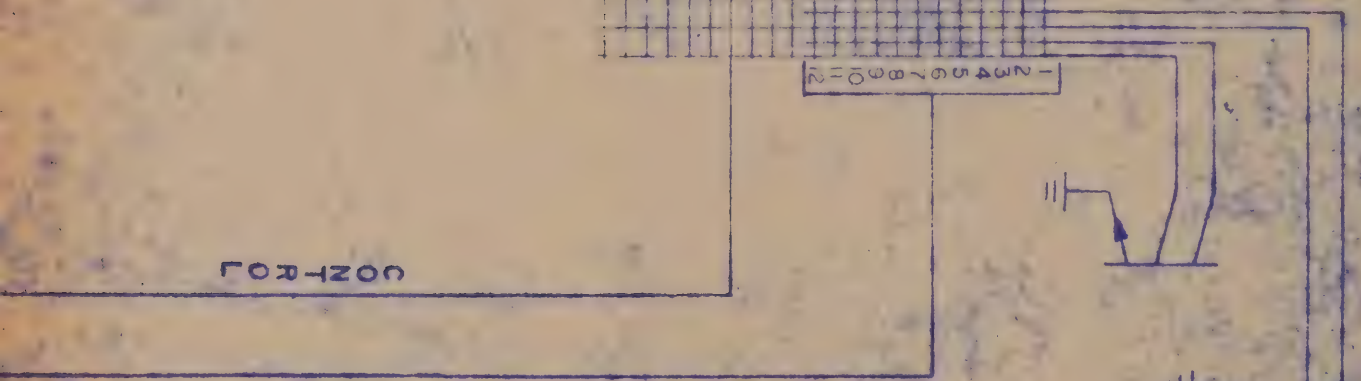
REV.	DATE	BY	CHKD.	APP'D.
1	10-10-70	W	W	W
2	10-10-70	W	W	W
3	10-10-70	W	W	W
4	10-10-70	W	W	W
5	10-10-70	W	W	W
6	10-10-70	W	W	W
7	10-10-70	W	W	W
8	10-10-70	W	W	W
9	10-10-70	W	W	W
10	10-10-70	W	W	W

PAGE 1 OF 1

DRAWING NUMBER W 61SW12-1

see page A23
CNT-200

Output of the D₁ is
for the D₂ and D₃
ALL SIGNALS ARE
5.0 VDC NOM



1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12

CONVERSION CHART

Decimal	Binary	Octal	Binary	Decimal	Binary	Octal	Binary
0	00000000 ✓	47	00100111 ✓	116	01001110 ✓	165	01110101 ✓
1	00000001 ✓	50	00101000 ✓	117	01001111 ✓	166	01110110 ✓
2	00000010 ✓	51	00101001 ✓	120	01010000 ✓	167	01110111 ✓
3	00000011 ✓	52	00101010 ✓	121	01010001 ✓	170	01111000 ✓
4	00000100 ✓	53	00101011 ✓	122	01010010 ✓	171	01111001 ✓
5	00000101 ✓	54	00101100 ✓	123	01010011 ✓	172	01111010 ✓
6	00000110 ✓	55	00101101 ✓	124	01010100 ✓	173	01111011 ✓
7	00000111 ✓	56	00101110 ✓	125	01010101 ✓	174	01111100 ✓
10	00001000 ✓	57	00101111 ✓	126	01010110 ✓	175	01111101 ✓
11	00001001 ✓	48 60	00110000 ✓	127	01010111 ✓	176	01111110 ✓
12	00001010 ✓	61	00110001 ✓	130	01011000 ✓	177	01111111 ✓
13	00001011 ✓	62	00110010 ✓	131	01011001 ✓	128 200	10000000 ✓
14	00001100 ✓	63	00110011 ✓	132	01011010 ✓	240	10100000 ✓
15	00001101 ✓	64	00110100 ✓	133	01011011 ✓	241	10100001 ✓
16	00001110 ✓	65	00110101 ✓	134	01011100 ✓	242	10100010 ✓
17	00001111 ✓	66	00110110 ✓	135	01011101 ✓	243	10100011 ✓
18 20	00010000 ✓	67	00110111 ✓	136	01011110 ✓	244	10100100 ✓
19	00010001 ✓	70	00111000 ✓	137	01011111 ✓	245	10100101 ✓
22	00010010 ✓	71	00111001 ✓	96 140	01100000 ✓	246	10100110 ✓
23	00010011 ✓	72	00111010 ✓	141	01100001 ✓	247	10100111 ✓
24	00010100 ✓	73	00111011 ✓	142	01100010 ✓	250	10101000 ✓
25	00010101 ✓	74	00111100 ✓	143	01100011 ✓	251	10101001 ✓
26	00010110 ✓	75	00111101 ✓	144	01100100 ✓	252	10101010 ✓
27	00010111 ✓	76	00111110 ✓	145	01100101 ✓	253	10101011 ✓
30	00011000 ✓	77	00111111 ✓	146	01100110 ✓	274	10111100 ✓
31	00011001 ✓	64 100	01000000 ✓	147	01100111 ✓	275	10111101 ✓
32	00011010 ✓	101	01000001 ✓	150	01101000 ✓	276	10111110 ✓
33	00011011 ✓	102	01000010 ✓	151	01101001 ✓	277	10111111 ✓
34	00011100 ✓	103	01000011 ✓	152	01101010 ✓	301	11000001 ✓
35	00011101 ✓	104	01000100 ✓	153	01101011 ✓	302	11000010 ✓
36	00011110 ✓	105	01000101 ✓	154	01101100 ✓	303	11000011 ✓
37	00011111 ✓	106	01000110 ✓	155	01101101 ✓	304	11000100 ✓
40	00100000 ✓	107	01000111 ✓	156	01101110 ✓	305	11000101 ✓
41	00100001 ✓	110	01001000 ✓	157	01101111 ✓	306	11000110 ✓
42	00100010 ✓	111	01001001 ✓	152 160	01110000 ✓	307	11000111 ✓
43	00100011 ✓	112	01001010 ✓	161	01110001 ✓	310	11001000 ✓
44	00100100 ✓	113	01001011 ✓	162	01110010 ✓	311	11001001 ✓
45	00100101 ✓	114	01001100 ✓	163	01110011 ✓	312	11001010 ✓
46	00100110 ✓	115	01001101 ✓	164	01110100 ✓	313	11001011 ✓

<u>Decimal</u>	<u>Binary</u>
314	11001100
315	11001101
316	11001110
317	11001111
320	11010000 ✓
321	11010001 ✓
322	11010010
323	11010011 ✓
324	11010100
325	11010101
326	11010110
327	11010111
330	11011000
331	11011001 ✓
332	11011010
373	11111011
374	11111100
375	11111101
376	11111110
377	11111111

				PROM Data Output			
	<u>Mnemonic</u>	<u>Encoder Input</u>	<u>Encoder Binary Output</u>	<u>No. Shift</u>	<u>Reg. Shift</u>	<u>Mem. Shift</u>	<u>Reg. & Mem. Shift</u>
				13-16	9-12	5-8	1-4
S0		1-2	65	061	041	241	
S1		1-3	66	062	042	242	
S2		1-4	67	063	043	243	
S3	4	0-3	77	064	044	244	
S4		2-4	78	065	045	245	
S5	6	3-4	88	066	046	246	
S6	7	3-5	89	067	047	247	
S7	8	4-5	98	070	050	250	
S8	9	4-6	99	071	051	251	
S10	0	4-6	107	080	060	260	
S11	-	5-7	108	055	075	275	
S12	^	5-7	115	136	176	176	
S13	\	6-8	116	134	174	174	
S14	2	1-5	68	121	121	321	
S15	W	1-6	69	127	127	327	
S16	1	2-6	79	105	105	305	
S17	R	2-6	80	122	122	322	
S18	F	5-6	90	124	124	324	
S19	7	2-7	91	131	131	331	
S20		4-7	100	125	125	325	
S21	I	4-8	101	111	111	311	
S22	Q	5-8	109	11	117	317	
S23	E	5-9	110	120	120	320	
S24	a	6-9	11	13	140	140	
S25		0-10	118	135	173	173	
S26	RETURN	6-11	119	015	015	015	
S27	A	1-7	70	101	101	301	
S28	5	1-8	71	127	123	323	
S29	D	1-7	81	104	104	304	
S30	F	2-8	82	105	106	306	
S31	G	3-8	92	107	107	307	
S32	H	1-9	93	110	110	310	
S33		4-9	102	112	112	312	
S34		5-10	103	113	113	313	
S35	L	5-10	111	114	114	314	
S36	;	6-11	111	075	053	253	
S37	:	6-12	120	040	052	252	
S38	]	7-13	121	135	175	175	

FROM C. J. O'Connell

Mode 2

PROM Index	Mnemonic	Encoder Input	Encoder Binary Output	PROM Octal Output			
				No Shift	Reg Shift	Sym Shift	Reg & Sym Shift
S75	RESET	5A-12	49	014	014	014	
S76	LINE SKIP	6A-12	56	145	145	145	
S77	BKSP	5A-13	50	010	010	010	
S78	SKIP	6A-13	57	146	146	146	
S79	SEND INDEX	1A-9	8	034	034	034	
S80	COPY	1A-8	7	150	150	150	
S81	(blank)	1A-10	9	033	033	033	
S82	NEW LINE	1A-11	10	000	000	000	
S83	SCRN A	1A-13	12	154	154	154	
S84	SCRN B	1A-12	11	160	160	160	
S85	REMOTE/SELECT A	2A-11	21	151	151	151	
	REMOTE/SELECT B	2A-10	20	152	152	152	
S86	REMOTE/ENABLE CCTV						
	REMOTE/ENABLE SCREEN						
S87	ATTEND	3A-7	27	155	155	155	
	UNATTEND	3A-9	29	161	161	161	
S50	REPEAT UP		2				163
	REPEAT DWN		0				156
S72	EDIT UP		1				102
	EDIT DWN		3				153

EXAMPLE:



253

Symbol

Character Code

10101011

Pin 1

Output at Connector A

Mnemonic

Register
Index

Register
Index

No
shift
-11

Reg
shift
10

Sym
shift
01

Reg
shift
00

1

100

00 ✓

~~001~~

~~001~~

~~001~~

~~001~~

2

101

01 ✓

~~001~~

~~001~~

~~001~~

~~001~~

3

110

10 ✓

~~001~~

~~001~~

~~001~~

~~001~~

4

111

11 ✓

~~001~~

~~001~~

~~001~~

~~001~~

5

200

00 ✓

~~001~~

~~001~~

~~001~~

~~001~~

6

201

01 ✓

~~001~~

~~001~~

~~001~~

~~001~~

7

210

10 ✓

~~001~~

~~001~~

~~001~~

~~001~~

8

211

11 ✓

~~001~~

~~001~~

~~001~~

~~001~~

9

300

00 ✓

~~001~~

~~001~~

~~001~~

~~001~~

10

301

01 ✓

~~001~~

~~001~~

~~001~~

~~001~~

11

310

10 ✓

~~001~~

~~001~~

~~001~~

~~001~~

12

311

11 ✓

~~001~~

~~001~~

~~001~~

~~001~~

13

400

00 ✓

~~001~~

~~001~~

~~001~~

~~001~~

14

401

01 ✓

~~001~~

~~001~~

~~001~~

~~001~~

15

410

10 ✓

~~001~~

~~001~~

~~001~~

~~001~~

16

411

11 ✓

~~001~~

~~001~~

~~001~~

~~001~~

17

500

00 ✓

~~001~~

~~001~~

~~001~~

~~001~~

18

501

01 ✓

~~001~~

~~001~~

~~001~~

~~001~~

19

510

10 ✓

~~001~~

~~001~~

~~001~~

~~001~~

20

511

11 ✓

~~001~~

~~001~~

~~001~~

~~001~~

21

600

00 ✓

~~001~~

~~001~~

~~001~~

~~001~~

22

601

01 ✓

~~001~~

~~001~~

~~001~~

~~001~~

23

610

10 ✓

~~001~~

~~001~~

~~001~~

~~001~~

24

611

11 ✓

~~001~~

~~001~~

~~001~~

~~001~~

25

700

00 ✓

~~001~~

~~001~~

~~001~~

~~001~~

26

701

01 ✓

~~001~~

~~001~~

~~001~~

~~001~~

27

710

10 ✓

~~001~~

~~001~~

~~001~~

~~001~~

28

711

11 ✓

~~001~~

~~001~~

~~001~~

~~001~~

29

800

00 ✓

~~001~~

~~001~~

~~001~~

~~001~~

30

801

01 ✓

~~001~~

~~001~~

~~001~~

~~001~~

31

810

10 ✓

~~001~~

~~001~~

~~001~~

~~001~~

32

811

11 ✓

~~001~~

~~001~~

~~001~~

~~001~~

33

900

00 ✓

~~001~~

~~001~~

~~001~~

~~001~~

34

901

01 ✓

~~001~~

~~001~~

~~001~~

~~001~~

35

910

10 ✓

~~001~~

~~001~~

~~001~~

~~001~~

36

911

11 ✓

~~001~~

~~001~~

~~001~~

~~001~~

37

A00

00 ✓

~~001~~

~~001~~

~~001~~

~~001~~

38

A01

01 ✓

~~001~~

~~001~~

~~001~~

~~001~~

39

A10

10 ✓

~~001~~

~~001~~

~~001~~

~~001~~

40

A11

11 ✓

~~001~~

~~001~~

~~001~~

~~001~~

41

B00

00 ✓

~~001~~

~~001~~

~~001~~

~~001~~

		Function Code (Group)					
	Element	Function Code	Function Code	Function Code	Function Code	Function Code	Function Code
130	1	1-01	71 ✓	1-01	100	100	100
140	2	1-10	71 ✓	1-10	100	100	100
150	3	2-01	81 ✓	1-01	100	100	100
160	4	2-10	81 ✓	1-01	100	100	100
170	5	2-11	81 ✓	1-02	100	100	100
180	6	2-12	81 ✓	1-03	100	100	100
190	7	2-13	106 ✓	1-04	100	100	100
200	8	2-14	105 ✓	1-05	100	100	100
210	9	2-15	113 ✓	1-06	100	100	100
220	10	2-16	114 ✓	1-07	100	100	100
230	SPACE BAR	2-17	105 ✓	1-08	100	100	100

		Function Code (Group)					
	Element	Function Code	Function Code	Function Code	Function Code	Function Code	Function Code
240	REPEAT UP	2-18	106 ✓	1-09	100	100	100
250	REPEAT DWN	2-19	106 ✓	1-10	100	100	100
260	21	2-20	106 ✓	1-11	100	100	100
270	22	2-21	106 ✓	1-12	100	100	100
280	23	2-22	106 ✓	1-13	100	100	100
290	24	2-23	106 ✓	1-14	100	100	100
300	25	2-24	106 ✓	1-15	100	100	100
310	26	2-25	106 ✓	1-16	100	100	100
320	27	2-26	106 ✓	1-17	100	100	100
330	28	2-27	106 ✓	1-18	100	100	100
340	29	2-28	106 ✓	1-19	100	100	100
350	30	2-29	106 ✓	1-20	100	100	100
360	31	2-30	106 ✓	1-21	100	100	100
370	32	2-31	106 ✓	1-22	100	100	100
380	33	2-32	106 ✓	1-23	100	100	100
390	34	2-33	106 ✓	1-24	100	100	100
400	35	2-34	106 ✓	1-25	100	100	100
410	36	2-35	106 ✓	1-26	100	100	100
420	37	2-36	106 ✓	1-27	100	100	100
430	38	2-37	106 ✓	1-28	100	100	100
440	39	2-38	106 ✓	1-29	100	100	100
450	40	2-39	106 ✓	1-30	100	100	100
460	41	2-40	106 ✓	1-31	100	100	100
470	42	2-41	106 ✓	1-32	100	100	100
480	43	2-42	106 ✓	1-33	100	100	100
490	44	2-43	106 ✓	1-34	100	100	100
500	45	2-44	106 ✓	1-35	100	100	100
510	46	2-45	106 ✓	1-36	100	100	100
520	47	2-46	106 ✓	1-37	100	100	100
530	48	2-47	106 ✓	1-38	100	100	100
540	49	2-48	106 ✓	1-39	100	100	100
550	50	2-49	106 ✓	1-40	100	100	100
560	51	2-50	106 ✓	1-41	100	100	100
570	52	2-51	106 ✓	1-42	100	100	100
580	53	2-52	106 ✓	1-43	100	100	100
590	54	2-53	106 ✓	1-44	100	100	100
600	55	2-54	106 ✓	1-45	100	100	100
610	56	2-55	106 ✓	1-46	100	100	100
620	57	2-56	106 ✓	1-47	100	100	100
630	58	2-57	106 ✓	1-48	100	100	100
640	59	2-58	106 ✓	1-49	100	100	100
650	60	2-59	106 ✓	1-50	100	100	100
660	61	2-60	106 ✓	1-51	100	100	100
670	62	2-61	106 ✓	1-52	100	100	100
680	63	2-62	106 ✓	1-53	100	100	100
690	64	2-63	106 ✓	1-54	100	100	100
700	65	2-64	106 ✓	1-55	100	100	100
710	66	2-65	106 ✓	1-56	100	100	100
720	67	2-66	106 ✓	1-57	100	100	100
730	68	2-67	106 ✓	1-58	100	100	100
740	69	2-68	106 ✓	1-59	100	100	100
750	70	2-69	106 ✓	1-60	100	100	100
760	71	2-70	106 ✓	1-61	100	100	100
770	72	2-71	106 ✓	1-62	100	100	100
780	73	2-72	106 ✓	1-63	100	100	100
790	74	2-73	106 ✓	1-64	100	100	100
800	75	2-74	106 ✓	1-65	100	100	100
810	76	2-75	106 ✓	1-66	100	100	100
820	77	2-76	106 ✓	1-67	100	100	100
830	78	2-77	106 ✓	1-68	100	100	100
840	79	2-78	106 ✓	1-69	100	100	100
850	80	2-79	106 ✓	1-70	100	100	100
860	81	2-80	106 ✓	1-71	100	100	100
870	82	2-81	106 ✓	1-72	100	100	100
880	83	2-82	106 ✓	1-73	100	100	100
890	84	2-83	106 ✓	1-74	100	100	100
900	85	2-84	106 ✓	1-75	100	100	100
910	86	2-85	106 ✓	1-76	100	100	100
920	87	2-86	106 ✓	1-77	100	100	100
930	88	2-87	106 ✓	1-78	100	100	100
940	89	2-88	106 ✓	1-79	100	100	100
950	90	2-89	106 ✓	1-80	100	100	100
960	91	2-90	106 ✓	1-81	100	100	100
970	92	2-91	106 ✓	1-82	100	100	100
980	93	2-92	106 ✓	1-83	100	100	100
990	94	2-93	106 ✓	1-84	100	100	100

		REMOTE CONTROL SIGNALS					
	Function	Encoder Input	Connector Binary Output	No. Bits	Binary	Hex	Hex
01	RESET	10-12	30 ✓	— 014	014	014	014
02	LINE SKIP	10-12	30 ✓	— 145	145	145	145
03	RECALL	10-11	30 ✓	— 010	010	010	010
04	STOP	10-12	30 ✓	— 138	140	140	140
05	SEND INDEX	10-10	30 ✓	— 034	034	034	034
06	STOP	10-10	30 ✓	— 150	150	150	150
07	PAUSE	10-10	30 ✓	— 000	000	000	000
08	NEW LINE	10-11	10 ✓	— 000	000	000	000
09	SCRN A	10-10	12 ✓	— 104	104	104	104
10	SCRN B	10-12	11 ✓	— 100	100	100	100
11	REMOTE/SELECT A	20-11	01 ✓	— 131	131	131	131
12	REMOTE/SELECT B	20-12	20 ✓	— 152	152	152	152
13	REMOTE/ENABLE CCTV						
14	REMOTE/ENABLE SCREEN						
15	ATTEND	10-7	20 ✓	— 105	105	105	105
16	UNATTEND	10-9	20 ✓	— 101	101	101	101

EXAMPLE:



253

Symbol

Character Code

10101011

Pin 1

Output at Connector A

Line	Key	Encoder Input	Encoder Binary Output	PCROM Clear Output				Reg & Sym
				No Shift	Reg Shift	Line Shift		
40	X	1-0	77	132	132	133	133	300
41	X	1-12	72	130	130	135	130	300
42	C	2-0	83	103	103	203	203	301
43	V	2-10	84	126	126	326	326	302
44	B	3-10	94	102	102	202	202	302
45	N	4-13	107	116	116	316	316	303
46	M	4-11	106	115	115	315	315	303
47	,	4-12	105	054	074	274	274	304
48	.	5-12	117	056	076	276	276	305
49	/	5-13	114	057	077	277	277	305
50	SPACE BAR	2-11	95	040	040	040	040	306

Table 2

50	REPEAT UP	6A-3	21	132	133	133	133	
	REPEAT DWN	6A-4	35	156	156	156	156	
51	F1	2A-5	15	022	022	022	022	
52	F2	2A-6	16	023	023	023	023	
53	F3	2A-7	17	024	024	024	024	
54	F4	2A-8	18	025	025	025	025	
55	F5	3A-10	30	026	026	026	026	
56	F6	3A-8	29	027	027	027	027	
57	F7	4A-10	33	030	030	030	030	
58	F8	3A-12	32	031	031	031	031	
59	F9	4A-7	26	032	032	032	032	
60	F0	4A-8	37	031	031	031	031	
61	Special 1	2A-9	19	154	154	154	154	
62	Special 2	3A-12	32	155	155	155	155	
63	Special 3	3A-11	31	156	156	156	156	
64	Special 4	4A-9	38	157	157	157	157	
65	SEND	4A-11	40	035	035	035	035	
66	CLR	5A-8	45	145	145	145	145	
67	CLR ALL	6A-8	50	145	145	145	145	
68	LINE CLR	5A-9	46	141	141	141	141	
69	DEL	6A-9	52	177	177	177	177	
70	LINE DWN	5A-10	47	012	012	012	012	
71	LINE UP	6A-10	54	015	015	015	015	
72	EDIT UP	5A-4	44	152	152	152	152	
73	EDIT DWN	5A-5	55	153	153	153	153	
74	TAB	5A-11	48	011	011	011	011	
75	TAB SET	6A-11	55	036	036	036	036	

Set, Data	Mnemonic	Encoder Input	Encoder Binary Output	FROM Data Output			
				No. Shift	Reg. Shift	Sym. Shift	Reg. & Sym. Shift
573	RESET	5A-12	49	014	014	014	014
576	LINE SKIP	6A-12	50	145	145	145	145
577	BLSP	5A-13	50	010	010	010	010
578	SKIP	6A-13	57	146	146	146	146
579	SEND INDEX	1A-9	8	034	034	034	034
580	COPY	1A-8	7	150	150	150	150
581	(Blank)	1A-10	9	033	033	033	033
582	NEW LINE	1A-11	10	000	000	000	000
583	SCRN A	1A-13	12	154	154	154	154
584	SCRN B	1A-12	11	150	150	150	150
585	REMOTE/SELECT A	2A-11	21	151	151	151	151
	REMOTE/SELECT B	2A-10	20	152	152	152	152
586	REMOTE/ENABLE CCTV REMOTE/ENABLE SCREEN						
587	ATTEND	3A-7	27	155	155	155	155
	UNATTEND	3A-9	29	151	151	151	151

EXAMPLE:



253

Symbol

Character Code

10101011
Pin 1

Output at Connector A

CONVERSION CHART

Octal	Binary	Octal	Binary	Octal	Binary	Octal	Binary
0	00000000 1	47	00100111	116	01001110	165	01110101
1	00000001 2	50	00101000	117	01001111	166	01110110
2	00000010 3	51	00101001	120	01010000	167	01110111
3	00000011 4	52	00101010	121	01010001	170	01111000
4	00000100 5	53	00101011	122	01010010	171	01111001
5	00000101 6	54	00101100	123	01010011	172	01111010
6	00000110 7	55	00101101	124	01010100	173	01111011
7	00000111 8	56	00101110	125	01010101	174	01111100
10	00001000 9	57	00101111	126	01010110	175	01111101
11	00001001 10	60	00110000	127	01010111	176	01111110
12	00001010 11	61	00110001	130	01011000	177	01111111
13	00001011 12	62	00110010	131	01011001	200	10000000
14	00001100 13	63	00110011	132	01011010	240	10100000
15	00001101 14	64	00110100	133	01011011	241	10100001
16	00001110 15	65	00110101	134	01011100	242	10100010
17	00001111 16	66	00110110	135	01011101	243	10100011
20	00010000	67	00110111	136	01011110	244	10100100
21	00010001	70	00111000	137	01011111	245	10100101
22	00010010	71	00111001	140	01100000	246	10100110
23	00010011	72	00111010	141	01100001	247	10100111
24	00010100	73	00111011	142	01100010	250	10101000
25	00010101	74	00111100	143	01100011	251	10101001
26	00010110	75	00111101	144	01100100	252	10101010
27	00010111	76	00111110	145	01100101	253	10101011
30	00011000	77	00111111	146	01100110	274	10111100
31	00011001	100	01000000	147	01100111	275	10111101
32	00011010	101	01000001	150	01101000	276	10111110
33	00011011	102	01000010	151	01101001	277	10111111
34	00011100	103	01000011	152	01101010	301	11000001
35	00011101	104	01000100	153	01101011	302	11000010
36	00011110	105	01000101	154	01101100	303	11000011
37	00011111	106	01000110	155	01101101	304	11000100
40	00100000	107	01000111	156	01101110	305	11000101
41	00100001	110	01001000	157	01101111	306	11000110
42	00100010	111	01001001	160	01110000	307	11000111
43	00100011	112	01001010	161	01110001	310	11001000
44	00100100	113	01001011	162	01110010	311	11001001
45	00100101	114	01001100	163	01110011	312	11001010
46	00100110	115	01001101	164	01110100	313	11001011

<u>Decimal</u>	<u>Binary</u>
314	11001100
315	11001101
316	11001110
317	11001111
320	11010000
321	11010001
322	11010010
323	11010011
324	11010100
325	11010101
326	11010110
327	11010111
330	11011000
331	11011001
332	11011010
373	11111011
374	11111100
375	11111101
376	11111110
377	11111111

CONVERSION CHART

Octal	Binary	Octal	Binary	Octal	Binary	Octal	Binary
0	00000000	47	00100111	116	01001110	165	01110101
1	00000001	50	00101000	117	01001111	166	01110110
2	00000010	51	00101001	120	01010000	167	01110111
3	00000011	52	00101010	121	01010001	170	01111000
4	00000100	53	00101011	122	01010010	171	01111001
5	00000101	54	00101100	123	01010011	172	01111010
6	00000110	55	00101101	124	01010100	173	01111011
7	00000111	56	00101110	125	01010101	174	01111100
10	00001000	57	00101111	126	01010110	175	01111101
11	00001001	60	00110000	127	01010111	176	01111110
12	00001010	61	00110001	130	01011000	177	01111111
13	00001011	62	00110010	131	01011001	200	10000000
14	00001100	63	00110011	132	01011010	240	10100000
15	00001101	64	00110100	133	01011011	241	10100001
16	00001110	65	00110101	134	01011100	242	10100010
17	00001111	66	00110110	135	01011101	243	10100011
20	00010000	67	00110111	136	01011110	244	10100100
21	00010001	70	00111000	137	01011111	245	10100101
22	00010010	71	00111001	140	01100000	246	10100110
23	00010011	72	00111010	141	01100001	247	10100111
24	00010100	73	00111011	142	01100010	250	10101000
25	00010101	74	00111100	143	01100011	251	10101001
26	00010110	75	00111101	144	01100100	252	10101010
27	00010111	76	00111110	145	01100101	253	10101011
30	00011000	77	00111111	146	01100110	274	10111100
31	00011001	100	01000000	147	01100111	275	10111101
32	00011010	101	01000001	150	01101000	276	10111110
33	00011011	102	01000010	151	01101001	277	10111111
34	00011100	103	01000011	152	01101010	301	11000001
35	00011101	104	01000100	153	01101011	302	11000010
36	00011110	105	01000101	154	01101100	303	11000011
37	00011111	106	01000110	155	01101101	304	11000100
40	00100000	107	01000111	156	01101110	305	11000101
41	00100001	110	01001000	157	01101111	306	11000110
42	00100010	111	01001001	160	01110000	307	11000111
43	00100011	112	01001010	161	01110001	310	11001000
44	00100100	113	01001011	162	01110010	311	11001001
45	00100101	114	01001100	163	01110011	312	11001010
46	00100110	115	01001101	164	01110100	313	11001011

<u>Octal</u>	<u>Binary</u>
314	11001100
315	11001101
316	11001110
317	11001111
320	11010000
321	11010001
322	11010010
323	11010010
324	11010100
325	11010101
326	11010110
327	11010111
330	11011000
331	11011001
332	11011010
373	11111011
374	11111100
375	11111101
376	11111110
377	11111111

